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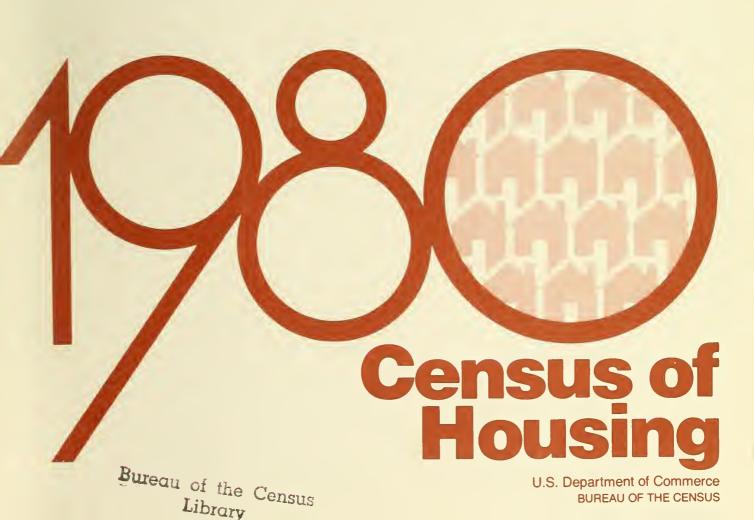
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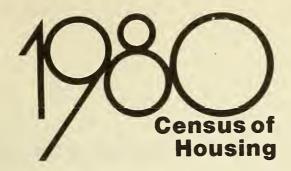
## Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

**NEWARK, OHIO** 

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA







**VOLUME 2** 

#### Data Index

# Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

## NEWARK, OHIO

HC80-2-262

Issued November 1983



U.S. Department of Commerce

Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary Robert G. Dederick, Under Secretary for Economic Affairs

**BUREAU OF THE CENSUS** 

C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

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BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

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#### **GENERAL**

This report is part of the *Metropolitan Housing Characteristics* series and presents cross-tabulations of sample data on housing and household characteristics from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between the 1980 data and the 1970 data. Further information on comparability appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

The Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series consists of a United States

Summary report and individual reports for each of the 50 States, Puerto Rico, and each of the standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The abbreviated identification for this report is HC80-2 (i.e., Housing Census, 1980, Volume 2) followed by a number representing the State or SMSA.

In the SMSA reports, data are published for the following levels of geography: the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 or more population. In the State reports, data are shown for the State, that part of the State inside SMSA's, and inside central cities. In the United States Summary report, data are published for the United States total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities, and for the four census regions, the region total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities.

#### CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, one or more maps, and a series of detailed tables. The detailed tables are organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area (State, SMSA, central city, etc.) covered in the report. As shown in the "Index of Tables" on page IX, the set of tables for each geographic area is identified with a unique letter (A, B, C, etc.) prefix in the table number. In the SMSA reports, the SMSA is presented first, followed by the sets of tables for the central cities and places, all in alphabetical order.

For each particular area, the 68 tables consist of: 13 tables for the area in its entirety, 44 tables for occupied housing units classified by the racial group of the householder, and 11 tables for occupied housing units with householders of Spanish origin. More specifically, tables

1 to 13 are for the entire State, SMSA, central city, or place; tables 14 to 24 are for housing units with a White householder; tables 25 to 35 are for units with a Black householder; tables 36 to 46 are for units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder; tables 47 to 57 are for units with an Asian or Pacific Islander householder; and tables 58 to 68 are for units with a Spanish origin householder.

The race and Spanish origin tables are presented for SMSA's and places only when certain population-size criteria are met. Tables 25 to 35 (Black); 36 to 46 (American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut); and 47 to 57 (Asian and Pacific Islander) are presented only when the particular area's population contains 10,000 or more persons of the given racial group or when the persons in the given racial groups constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area. If any of these 3 sets of tables qualify to appear for an area, tables 14 to 24 (White) are also presented. The Spanish origin tables (58 to 68) are shown if there are 10,000 or more Spanish origin persons in the particular area or if such persons constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area.

Appearing last in the report are the appendixes. Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., standard metropolitan statistical area, census designated place). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C briefly explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and on editing procedures. Appendix E contains facsimiles of the 1980 census questionnaire pages and respondent instructions. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

## DERIVED FIGURES (Means, Medians, and Percents)

This report presents means, medians, and percents, as well as certain rates and ratios. The median—a type of average—is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases are below the median and one-half of the cases are above the median. Percents and other derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but are indicated as zero (i.e., "—").

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth; for age, to the nearest year; for persons, to the nearest hundredth; for value, to the nearest hundred dollars; and for income, selected monthly owner costs, contract and gross rent, to the nearest dollar. In computing medians for rooms and persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. In computing median rent, units reported as "no cash rent" are excluded. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in this report. For example, median age is based on a distribution of five year intervals from 15 to 85 years. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-ended distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an openended distribution, the initial value of the terminal category is given followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "\$150,000 or more," it is shown as "\$150,000+."

## SYMPOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "-" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

## SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Census Bureau takes precautions that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below, may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of sample data are as follows: esti-

mates of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed; other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 30 or more persons in the geographic area; estimates of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when there are 10 or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least 10 occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least 10 and the number of renters is also at least 10. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for complete count (100-percent) data are 15 or more persons and 5 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of examination. This requires that the 30 person or 10 housing unit criterion stated above be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction. For example, housing unit data shown by tenure may require complementary suppression when the number of owner-occupied or renter-occupied housing units is less than 10.



# Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

## **NEWARK, OHIO**

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA HC80-2-262

#### Contents

Arrangement of Tables	Index of Tables—shows the pages on which the tables
This report presents a set of tables for the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 inhabitants or more.  The report is organized to provide a set of 68 tables for	for each geographic area appear and the pages on which data for the various race/Spanish origin house-holders appear
each geographic area. There are 11 tables showing data for all households in the area, 2 tables showing data for vacant units, 11 tables for householders of each of four separate	List of Tables—shows the table numbers and titles for each of the 68 tables
race groups, and 11 tables for householders of Spanish origin. The race/Spanish origin tables are, however, shown only when certain population criteria are met. See page VII of the Introduction for further information. To assist the reader in using this report, the listings are presented as	Table Finding Guide—shows the tables in which the various subject cross-classifications presented in the report appear
follows:	Map—Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Counties, and Selected Places

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		Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages	Pages
SMSA total Newark	A B	1 to 12 13 to 24	-	_	_		Ξ

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(Tables 14 to 24 for the White population are shown if any of the other three racial groups in the area qualify; tables 25 to 35 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Black population; tables 36 to 46 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut population; tables 47 to 57 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Asian and Pacific Islander population; and tables 58 to 68 are shown if an area has 10,000 or more or 10 percent Spanish origin population)

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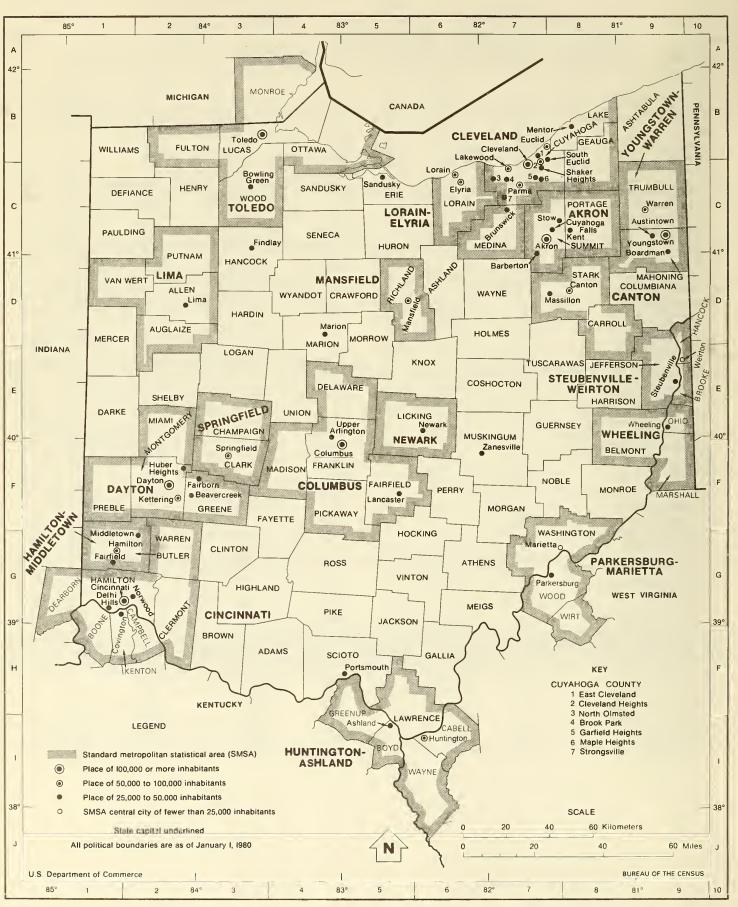
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## Table Finding Guide — Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

				,		
Subject	Value	Gross rent	Income and poverty status in 1979 of owner-occupied housing units	Income and poverty status in 1979 of renter-occupied housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for mortgaged housing units	Selected monthly owner costs for not mortgaged housing units
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ 1		3	4	_ 5	6
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	1 - 1 1	2 - 2 2	- - - 3	_ _ _ 4	5 5 - 5	6 6 - 6
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	- 1 -	2 2 2	_ _ _	_ _ _	_ 5 _	- 6 -
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	1	2	3	4	_	
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS  Heating equipment  Air conditioning.  Vehicles available  House heating fuel  Water heating fuel.	1 1 - -	2 2 - -	3 3 3 3	4 4 4 4	5 5 - 5 -	6 6 - 6
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS  Value		_ _ _	_ _ _ 3		5 -	. 6
Selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income Contract rent	- - -	- - -	- - - -	_ 4 4 _	5 - - -	6
Gross rent as percentage of household income	- 1	2	_	4	- -	-
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder	1 1 1	2 - 2	3 - -	4	5 - -	6
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gr						
White	14 25	15 26	16 27	17 28	18 29	19 30
Aleut	36 47 58	37 48 59	38 49 60	39 50 61	40 51 62	41 52 63

Subject	Year structure built	Units in structure	Size of household (persons)	Household composition by age of householder	Age and sex of householder in one-person households	Duration of vacancy	Price asked and rent asked
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ 7	8 8	_	=	=	_	=
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	7 7 - 7	8 - 8 8	9 - - 9	10 - -	- - - -	12 - 12 12	- - 13 -
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS  Units in structure	7 - -	_ _ _	9 - -	- - -	11 _ _	12 12 -	13 13 —
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS  Heating equipment	7 7 - 7	8 8 8 8	- - - - -	- - - - -	- - - -	12 - - -	- - - -
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value	_	-	9 –	-	-	12	-
monthly owner costs	- - - -	- - -	9 - 9	_ _ _	11 11 — 11	-	- - -
Rent asked	_ _	-	9	10	11	12	_
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder Income Income below poverty level	7 7 7	- 8 8 8	- 9 9		- 11 11	- - -	- - - -
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro							
WhiteBlack	20 31	21 32 43	22 33 44	23 34	24 35 46	<u>-</u>	_
Asian and Pacific Islander	42 53 64	54 65	55 66	45 56 67	57 68	_ _ _	_ _ _

## Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, Counties, and Selected Places

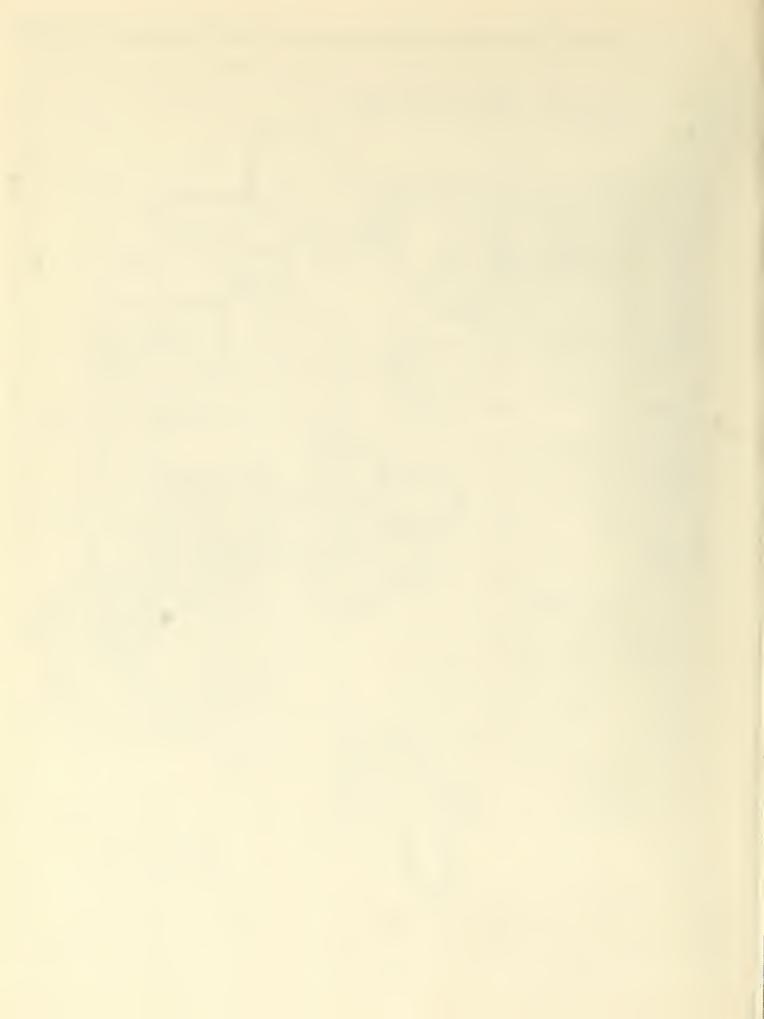


#### CORRECTION NOTE

Any corrections to the 1980 census counts of the total population and total housing units made after this report was printed are available by writing to Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, washington, D.C. 20233.

#### NOTE TO USERS:

The "Not computed" line for Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Household Income in 1979 for not mortgaged units includes households with zero or negative income and households reporting no housing costs; that is, not mortgaged units with no utility, fuel, tax, or insurance payments required. Households with no Selected Monthly Owner Costs are normally excluded from the "Not computed" category.



## Table A-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

	[Doto ore estimot	tes bosed on	o somple, see	Introduction	. For meonin	g of symbols,	, see Introduc	ction. For def	initions of ter	ms, see opper	dixes A ond 8		
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Meon (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	24 657	518	2 118	3 558	4 797	4 390	3 324	3 991	1 204	632	125	43 000	46 700
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Married-couple families  15 to 24 yeors  25 to 34 yeors  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 yeors  65 yeors and over  Male householder, no wife present  15 to 24 yeors  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 64 years  55 years and over  Female householder, no husband present  15 to 24 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 65 years and over  Median age	19 234 552 4 474 4 725 7 259 2 224 1 680 118 342 277 476 3 743 32 219 423 1 149 1 920 47.5	231 8 11 39 110 63 114 100 5 11 49 39 39 173 - 6 76 6 91	1 152 39 270 174 406 263 221 20 29 7 7 20 145 745 12 35 36 165 165 497 59,3	2 510 148 538 382 975 467 283 10 91 40 577 <b>765</b> 10 60 40 201 454 <b>53.9</b>	3 570 133 944 630 1 309 554 376 61 57 123 85 58 51 6 59 103 287 396	3 543 87 855 905 1 330 366 280 18 555 49 90 68 567 — 21 114 155 277 46.0	2 833 80 666 793 1 070 224 204 4 48 49 78 255 287 - 26 57 119 85	3 591 40 918 1 139 1 296 1 198 149 9 34 46 36 36 37 27 27 27 27 25 1 4 4 45 1 16 82 42.8	1 108 6 6 6 215 371 458 58 32 - 6 6 7 7 19 - 64 - 10 13 21 20 44.3	577 11 51 234 257 24 21 - 13 6 - 2 34 - 4 9 5 16 44.6	119 -6 58 48 7 - - - - - - - - - - - - -	46 100 45 500 45 500 52 800 46 400 35 100 36 300 39 100 24 700 42 400 33 800 42 400 32 200 42 400 42 400 42 400 42 400 43 800 42 400 42 400 43 800 40 400 40 400 400	49 800 39 600 48 200 56 900 38 900 37 700 32 900 41 200 45 500 40 000 29 500 28 400 37 800 44 300 37 800 44 300 31 500
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	2 403 6 838 4 589 5 953 4 874	14 73 59 138 234	136 342 315 442 883	234 820 623 778 1 103	456 1 197 741 1 249 1 154	407 1 155 914 1 205 709	396 1 029 653 864 382	494 1 527 828 846 296	156 401 284 276 87	76 272 148 112 24	34 22 24 43 2	49 000 48 500 46 100 42 800 31 700	53 500 51 600 49 600 46 100 34 400
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	247 1 748 6 103 7 245 4 724 4 590 6.1	34 157 160 94 52 21 4.9	82 361 719 536 347 73 5.4	44 489 1 127 1 149 522 227 5.6	41 460 1 786 1 502 682 326 5.6	34 141 1 248 1 668 816 483 6.0	8 568 1 138 866 664 6.4	2 51 392 1 001 1 061 1 484 7.0	- 5 65 135 252 747 7.9	2 2 38 21 124 445 8.4	- 2 - 1 2 120 8.5+	21 600 26 700 35 600 42 200 49 200 66 000	25 900 28 300 37 000 42 800 50 100 70 400
BEDROOMS None	26 449 5 052 14 503 4 021 606	2 72 252 154 34 4	7 159 819 957 168 8	7 61 1 349 1 824 289 28	87 1 386 2 851 437 36	10 49 622 3 150 484 75	- 5 316 2 388 565 50	14 225 2 476 1 173 103	- 34 476 572 122	- 2 47 193 264 126	- 2 34 35 54	28 900 19 700 30 700 44 600 60 500 79 800	30 000 24 600 32 700 46 500 61 700 87 300
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	2 991 2 787 5 506 4 067 1 879 7 427	17 23 64 69 345	19 39 126 269 260 1 405	40 103 368 641 426 1 980	178 295 1 065 1 093 498 1 668	336 445 1 322 940 319 1 028	646 538 1 089 519 130 402	1 144 892 1 035 403 128 389	348 317 286 92 40 121	253 117 156 33 8 65	27 24 36 13 1 24	63 700 59 100 48 800 39 700 33 500 29 900	68 400 61 600 52 300 42 100 35 700 33 600
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499. \$12,500 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$19,999. \$20,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 to \$34,999. \$35,000 to \$34,999. \$35,000 to \$49,999. \$50,000 or more	1 790 2 783 1 424 1 600 3 580 4 306 5 822 2 546 806 \$21 341 \$22 571	186 149 46 29 46 32 30 - \$7 199 \$9 516	501 453 214 165 325 267 147 43 3 \$11 227 \$12 895	385 676 313 389 651 476 489 140 39 \$15 119 \$16 661	374 663 275 450 870 971 262 40 \$18 521 \$19 012	167 374 294 261 726 971 1 185 355 355 57 \$21 811 \$22 031	32 271 152 119 402 666 1 182 451 49 \$25 141 \$25 427	110 138 89 137 364 795 1 307 815 236 \$27 483 \$29 206	16 27 19 44 107 163 379 320 129 \$30 844 \$32 759	19 30 22 6 50 48 130 140 187 \$36 124 \$43 311	- 2 - 17 18 2 20 66 \$52 375 \$73 555	25 300 31 700 34 900 34 100 38 500 44 700 50 700 60 500 78 300	29 100 34 200 37 100 37 600 42 000 47 400 52 400 62 700 90 300
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With o mortgage Less than 15 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 10 to 14 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 percent or more Not computed Median	16 220 5 528 3 780 2 628 1 516 901 1 788 78 7 4 240 1 640 852 565 312 304 468 56 10—	167 56 12 28 8 8 5 36 22 20.8 351 102 52 64 25 36 16 45 11	848 353 165 98 83 39 100 17,0 1270 411 266 158 132 71 110 109 9	1 852 688 424 278 138 125 172 7 17.8 1 706 751 407 214 134 69 69 99 99 86 6	3 039 1 155 7008 466 206 124 374 6 17.6 879 341 200 93 62 62 89 91 11	3 021 1 021 763 483 252 180 322 1 369 789 271 120 62 28 8 19 65 55	2 420 766 570 449 227 186 217 5 18.9 904 605 1311 63 41 17 25 20 2	3 213 993 777 540 413 151 320 199 18.9 778 5527 101 122 599 19 4 50	1 031 326 224 166 117 70 122 6 19.2 173 92 54 16 11 10 - 10 -	532 1566 124 109 23 21 95 4 19.4 100 64 17 3 8 6 6 2 -	97 14 13 11 29 - 30 - 26.8 28 20 - 2 - 4 - 10 -	47 300 44 900 47 600 49 000 51 900 48 900 46 600 33 400 39 700 32 500 29 400 29 500 29 400 25 500 28 600 26 700	51 100 48 500 51 500 52 500 55 600 50 500 41 500 41 500 42 600 36 300 31 600 28 000 28 000 32 200 32 200 32 500
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	24 488 298 169 6 24 651 22 557 11 801 6 799 1 270 5.2	445 14 73 4 518 248 83 25 137 26.4	2 068 67 50 - 2 118 1 683 559 58 308 14.5	3 530 82 28 - 3 554 3 247 1 250 315 282 7.9	4 788 51 9 - 4 795 4 477 1 990 735 225 4.7	4 387 50 3 - 4 390 4 167 2 103 1 035 148 3.4	3 324 11  3 324 3 085 1 845 1 244 41 1.2	3 989 21 2 2 3 991 3 754 2 543 2 097 104 2.6	1 204 2 - 1 204 1 164 850 757 16 1.3	628 -4  632 607 472 428 9	125 - - 125 125 106 105 - -	43 160 27 700 15 600 10000— 43 000 43 800 49 600 59 900 26 100	46 900 30 600 18 500 30 800 46 700 47 800 53 800 63 900 30 700

#### Table A-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato ore estimates based on a sample, see Intraduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Intraduction. Far definitions af terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Dato ore estima	tes based on a	sample, see In	itraductian. Fo	r meaning of s	symbols, see Ir	ntraductian. Fo	ar definitians a	f terms, see ap	opendixes A and	d B)	
The SMSA	Tatol	Less than \$100	\$100 ta \$149	\$150 ta \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 ta \$299	\$300 ta \$349	\$350 ta \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or mare	Na cash rent	Median (dallars)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	9 928	637	1 114	2 313	2 555	1 399	692	352	296	41	529	212
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-cauplo familios	4 193	32	303	786	1 126	777	438	235	215	21	260	237
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	985 1 485	7 16	92 59 31	283 247	315 382	144 356	58 220	47 87	19 65	5	15 50	218 252
35 to 44 years	586 781	- - 9	73	51 144	147 163	118 143	55 92 13	42 37	89 32	11 11	51 86	271 241
65 years and over Male householder, na wife present 15 ta 24 years	356 2 116 621	116	48 <b>318</b> 88	61 <b>622</b> 199	119 <b>566</b> 180	16 <b>220</b> 70	108	22 49 24	10 <b>30</b> 9	14	58 <b>73</b> 3	211 197 206
25 ta 34 years 35 ta 44 years	544 310	14 12	59 32 73	141 125	189 98	64 29	46 37	6 5	3	12	19 9	212 190
45 to 64 years65 years and aver	400 241	45 45	73 66	107 50	62	57	25 _	14	18	-	13 29	177
Femalo householder, na husband present 15 ta 24 years	<b>3 619</b> 703	<b>489</b> 64	<b>493</b> 63	<b>905</b> 245	<b>863</b> 210	<b>402</b> 76	146 21	<b>68</b> 11	51 -	6 -	1 <b>96</b> 13	1 <b>92</b> 196
25 to 34 years	773 426	62 12	52 32	186 77	304 108	88 117	50 39	8 18	8 17	6	9 6	217 238
45 ta 64 years65 years and aver	735 982 <b>34.3</b>	106 245 <b>63.6</b>	129 217 <b>50.4</b>	175 222 <b>31.1</b>	159 82 <b>29.9</b>	69 52 <b>32.7</b>	18 18 <b>31.2</b>	31 <b>34.1</b>	20 6 <b>37.7</b>	29.2	59 109 <b>56.4</b>	182 145
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	34.3	63.6		31.1	27.7	32.7	31.2		37.7	27,2	30.4	
1979 to March 1980	4 780 3 364	128 350	399 347	1 086 830	1 378 877	779 452	406 236	287 60	213 67	29 12	75 133	225 205
1970 ta 1974	860 644	98 38	155 129	229 166	133 153	105 29	24 26	5	16	-	100 98	178 170
1959 or earlier	280	23	84	2	14	34	-	-	_	-	123	127
l room2 rooms	177 512	67 50	33 110	61 143	7 157	_ 17	_	_ 25	_	-	9 10	107 191
3 rooms4 raoms	2 090 2 985	291 125	322 417	794 714	517 910	97 517	18 156 235	13 44	9 16	- - 2	29 86	174 211
5 raams6 raoms	2 130 1 154	64 36	111 94 27	386 140	620 247	388 221	235 144 139	108 92	57 81	11	159 88	233 254
7 or more rooms Medion	880 4.2	3.2	3.7	75 3.7	97 4.2	159 4.7	5.2	70 5.4	133 6.3	28 7.6	148 5.3	301
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 Alt income levels in 1979	9 928	637	1 114	2 313	2 555	1 399	692	250	204	41	500	212
Camplete plumbing far exclusive use	9 690 5 865	581 467	1 051 789	2 264 1 455	2 524 1 470	1 394 677	692 330	352 352 163	<b>296</b> 288 126	41 41 25	<b>529</b> 503 363	212 213 201
0.51 ta 1.00 1.01 ta 1.50	3 553 217	114	254 8	737	962 77	675 39	343 11	176	139	16	137	230 234
1.51 ar mare Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	55 238	 56	63	20 49	15 31	3 5	8 -	_	9	_	_ 26	221 126
0.50 ar less 0.51 ta 1.00	101 129	13 43	19 38	30 19	11 20	3 2	_	-	8 -	_	17	173 107
1.01 to 1.50	8 -	-	6 -	_	_	Ξ	_	_	-	_	2	115
Incame in 1979 below poverty level Camplete plumbing for exclusive use	2 144 2 029	388 358	<b>329</b> 283	<b>446</b> 432	<b>457</b> 442	<b>202</b> 202	121 121	<b>39</b> 39	<b>37</b> 37	<b>5</b> 5	<b>120</b> 110	182 185
1.01 or more persans per raam Lacking camplete plumbing far exclusive use 1.01 ar mare persans per raam	94 115	30	46	17 14	27 15	22	7	8 -	9	-	10	249 119 115
BEDROOMS		-	١	-	-	_	_	_	_	_		113
Nane	210 3 100	67 380	55 562	72 1 117	7 781	130	22	38	- 8		9 62	110 177
3	4 132 2 078	140 44	366 119	813 272	1 355 354	769 422	312 322	129 147	72 164	18	176 216	226 270
5 ar mare	345 63	2 4	12	34 5	32 26	72 6	26 10	33 5	46 6	22 1	66	293 222
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached ar attached	3 500	83	315	592	822	562	326	185	184	41	390	234
2 3 and 4	1 404 2 087	31 88	226 214	442 653	365 584	173 320	87 100	18 72	37 24	-	25 32	199 207
5 ta 9 10 ta 49 50 ar mare	1 188 1 033	124 144 157	240 55 31	653 267 222	246 341	116 167	92 54	72 39 25	46 5	_	18 20	195 211 102
Mabile home ar trailer, etc.	317 399	10	33	66 71	48 149	2 59	2 31	2	=	-	44	216
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	1 393	183	132	166	354	188	124	132 36	82	9	23	228
1960 to 1969	1 423 1 827	159 73 38	68 96	275 325	517 595	206 383	79 179	34	29 52	5 7	49 83	215 235
1950 to 1959 1940 ta 1949 1939 ar earlier	981 1 081 3 223	36 36 148	76 146 596	284 345 918	234 232 623	178 151 293	60 78 172	30 22 98	16 24 93	- - 20	65 47 262	210 197 188
STORIES IN STRUCTURE												
1 to 3	9 719 209	490 147	1 077 37	2 313	2 537 18	1 392 7	692 -	352	296 -	41	529 -	213 78 74
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	176	147	29	-	-	-		-	40	_	-	74
INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent	1 919	161	292	522	530	271	73	32	38	_		198
20 to 24 percent	1 703 1 419	111 132	185 125	381 350	509 344	259 265	147 85	69 43	42 73	2	•••	216 214
25 to 29 percent	991 662 1 059	59 57 77	119 53 142	202 138 232	293   175 262	183 94 126	71 94 97	41 39 60	19 10 41	4 2 22	•••	222 225 213
50 percent ar more Nat_computed	1 554 1 554 621	34	186 12	461 27	416 26	193	118 7	62	73	11	529	213 213 201
Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	23.6	21.6	23.0	23.4	23.3	23.1	27.6	28.5	24.7	39.5		
Heating equipmentCentral heating system	9 924 8 770	<b>637</b>	1 114 824	2 313	2 555 2 352	1 398 1 323	<b>692</b> 643	352 346	<b>296</b> 291	41 33	<b>526</b> 441	212 217
Air conditioning Central system	4 543 2 033	557 341 197	337 56	1 960 <b>918</b> 178	2 352 1 373 596	693 441	337 201	346 1 <b>78</b> 138	143 105	17 17	206 104	220 245
		.,,,			3,0	771	201	100	103		107	

## Table A=3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Doto ore estimot	es oosed on	o somple, see	introduction.		usehold incom		ion. For den	minons or rea	ms, see oppen	ilaes a oliu o	']	
The SMSA				\$10,000	\$12,500	\$15,000	\$20,000	\$25,000	\$35,000				Income in 1979 below
THE SMISA	Totol	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	to \$12,499	to \$14,999	to \$19,999	to \$24,999	to \$34,999	to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Mean (dollors)	poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	31 371	2 458	3 670	2 023	2 133	4 575	5 313	7 045	3 091	1 063	20 770	22 443	1 858
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	0.0	2 400	0 0.0	1 010	2 .05						20 // 0	22 ****	. 550
Married-couple families	<b>24 021</b> 759	<b>557</b> 28	1 882 32	1 289 95	<b>1 534</b> 119	3 670 212	<b>4 767</b> 154	<b>6 466</b> 96	2 881	975 4	<b>23 273</b> 17 254	25 381 18 228	<b>658</b> 35
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	5 195 5 823	60 65	189 158	189 110	350 20 <b>8</b>	1 016 754	1 433 1 331	1 487 2 084	388 864	83 249	22 700 26 155	23 504 27 714	117 119
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	9 333 2 911	190 214	528 975	420 475	490 367	1 330 358	1 659 190	2 578 221	1 569 41	569 70	25 145 11 403	28 819 14 905	232 155
Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	2 353 182	<b>328</b> 30	<b>425</b> 67	<b>208</b> 13	1 <b>95</b> 26	<b>378</b> 28	274	<b>380</b> 12	118	47	15 280 9 741	17 463 12 121	231 34
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	495 353	22	16 37	76 17	60 19	120 58	98 49	60 132	33 22	10 17	18 212 24 542	20 353 25 422	22 13
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	689 634	55 219	84 221	47 55	41 49	111 61	112 15	168	51 6	20	20 183 6 591	20 897 8 578	38 124
Female householder, no husband present	4 997 53	1 <b>573</b>	1 <b>363</b> 8 79	<b>526</b> 18 74	404 4 53	<b>527</b> 3 44	272 - 18	199 - 22	92 2 22	41	8 026 10 069	10 663	969 21
25 to 34 years	376 540 1 577	64 51 391	143 372	89 178	51 173	88 214	50 134	45 69	23 30	- - 16	11 520 12 135 10 358	13 285   14 681 12 055	80 54 362
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Median age	2 451 48.1	1 049 <b>68.6</b>	761 <b>66.2</b>	167 <b>57,6</b>	123 <b>51.7</b>	178 <b>44.6</b>	70 <b>40.5</b>	63 <b>43.2</b>	15 <b>46.6</b>	25 48.8	5 867	8 493	452 <b>60.9</b>
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	40/1	00,0	00.1	37,0	31/	44.0	40.5	40.2	40.0	40.0	•••	• , ,	00.9
1979 to March 1980	3 225	145	249	206	267	572	592	806	292	96	21 549	22 968	189
1975 to 1978	8 5 <b>8</b> 1 5 945 7 <b>1</b> 59	354 374	571 517 788	520 349 414	584 337 40 <b>8</b>	1 390 799 962	1 736 1 210 1 177	2 194 1 469 1 692	935 683	297 207	22 454 22 363 21 620	23 941 24 695 23 587	365 288 390
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	6 461	616 969	1 545	534	537	852	598	884	828 353	274 189	21 620 13 350	16 851	626
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS						4							,
1.01 or more persons per room	31 059 440	2 333 24	3 598 23	1 998 25	2 113 23	<b>4 539</b> 69	<b>5 303</b> 73	7 <b>026</b> 110	3 086 72	1 <b>063</b> 21	20 886 23 712	<b>22 571</b> 24 930	1 761
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	312 12	125	72 2	25	20	36 4	10	19	2 001	-	6 802 11 250	9 657 10 011	97
Heating equipment Central heating system	31 364 28 328 14 195	2 458 2 006 690	3 670 3 174	2 023 1 822 762	2 129 1 867	4 575 4 052 1 902	5 311 4 865 2 515	7 <b>044</b> 6 528	3 091 2 975	1 063 1 039	20 771 21 267	22 444 23 046	1 858 1 470
Air conditioning  Central system  Vehicles available	7 858 30 173	233 1 769	1 261 528 3 359	314 1 <b>942</b>	965 448 2 087	911 <b>4 543</b>	1 302 5 297	3 547 2 190 7 022	1 841 1 340 3 091	712 592 1 063	23 074 25 757 21 297	25 837 29 943 23 090	478 166 1 467
2 or more	8 051 22 122	1 258	2 226 1 133	935 1 007	844 1 243	1 339 3 204	768 4 529	496 6 526	140 2 951	45 1 018	11 448 24 379	13 122 26 718	826 641
House heating fuel	31 364 19 990	2 458 1 707	3 670 2 566	2 023 1 303	2 129 1 482	4 575 2 936	<b>5 311</b> 3 219	7 <b>044</b> 4 258	3 091 1 842	1 063 677	20 771 20 002	<b>22 444</b> 22 151	1 858 1 198
Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity	1 267 4 177	137 164	145 258	130 211	109	242 507	182 837	231	49 645	42 183	17 268 24 891	19 109	108
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	4 484 1 446	331 119	539 162	282 97	310 98	588 302	791 282	999 314	500 55	144	21 069 19 182	22 341 19 355	289 134
Median rooms	6.0	5.2	5.4	5.6	5.4	5.9	6.1	6.4	6.9	7.8	•••		5.4
Specified owner-occupied housing units	24 657	1 790	2 783	1 424	1 600	3 580	4 306	5 822	2 546	806	21 341	22 571	1 270
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS													
With a mortgage	16 220 1 732	<b>487</b> 172	<b>902</b> 287	<b>739</b> 117	8 <b>99</b> 181	2 463 260	3 436 265	4 662 311	2 046 134	<b>586</b> 5	23 826 17 064	<b>25 131</b> 18 270	<b>529</b> 172
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	2 269 2 470	73 51	167 124	163 142	169 180	435 493	537 577	582 582	135 276	8 45	21 045 22 263	21 154 23 367	87 47
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	2 295 2 003	49 41	118 61	139 70	85 100	423 254	556 457	625 670	256 245	44 105	23 027 24 985	23 866 26 686	74 41
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	2 723 1 474	57 27	91 36	66 29	118 43	338 146	575 293	1 019 492	346 310	113 98	25 646 26 907	27 008 30 660	70 23
\$600 to \$749 \$750 or more	813 441	13	12	7	7 16	85 29	131 45	272 109	190 154	96 72	29 503 33 239	33 118 37 154	5 10
Not mortgaged	\$336 8 <b>437</b>	\$249 1 <b>303</b>	\$249 1 881	\$282 <b>685</b>	\$278 <b>701</b>	\$305 1 117	\$330 <b>870</b>	\$367 1 160	\$395 <b>500</b>	\$464 <b>220</b>	13 746	17 649	\$256 <b>741</b>
Less thon \$50 \$50 to \$74	117 870	56 289	40 288	20 44	67	1 67	61	34	20	=	5 250 6 941	5 696 9 941	39 179
\$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124	2 350 2 382	452 282	698 496	248 224	216 227	362 326	201 247	123 421	50 142	17	10 252 14 581	12 235 16 975	197 132
\$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	1 369 1 022	118 68	207 113	67 70	124 59	244 102	208 145	222 278	130 103	49 84	18 112 23 708	20 833 26 768	107 49
\$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	242 85	21 17	37	12	8	11	7	75 7	36 19	35 35	28 750 41 376	34 148 73 63 <b>8</b>	19
Median  MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	\$109	\$92	\$97	\$103	\$107	\$110	\$118	\$125	\$132	\$176	• • •	•••	\$94
CWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD													
INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage	16 220	487	902	739	899	2 463	3 436	4 662	2 046	586	23 826	25 131	529
Less than 15 percent	5 528 3 780		14 42	33 27	88 179	345 663	1 079 1 022	2 094 1 411	1 368 391	507 43	30 415 24 793	33 455 25 732	3
20 to 24 percent	2 628 1 516	24	72 116	142 143	191 133	658 307	639 416	721 290	187 73	18 14	21 896 20 405	22 676 20 493	9 25 30
30 to 34 percent	901 1 788	11 3 <u>71</u>	124 534	161 233	121 187	238 252	134 146	103 43	9 1 <b>8</b>	_ 4	15 603 9 895	16 461 11 214	383
Not computed Medion	79 18.4	79 50+	38.6	30.8	24.8	21.7	18.1	15.8	12.6	10—	2500—	-1 548	79 50+
Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent	<b>8 437</b> 4 240	1 303	1 <b>8</b> 8 <b>1</b> 117	<b>685</b> 212	<b>701</b> 375	1 117 866	<b>870</b> 817	1 160 1 142	<b>500</b> 491	<b>220</b> 220	13 746 23 352	17 649 27 267	<b>741</b> 7
10 to 14 percent	1 640 852	23 117	638 625	367 69	298 28	237 10	50 3	18	9	Ξ	11 083 7 C88	11 774 7 482	14 19
20 to 24 percent	565 312	212 211	325 88	28 9	-	_ 4	-	_	_	-	5 756 4 348	5 903 4 996	75 100
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	304 468	264 420	40 48	Ξ.	_	_	_	_	_	Ξ	3 911 3 327	4 025 3 193	149 321
Not computed	56 10—	56 31.1	16.5	11.8	10—	10—	10-	10-	10-	10—	2500—	-82 ···	56 34.3

#### Table A-4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

					Ho	usehold incor	ne in 1979						
The SMSA	Totol	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Meon (dollors)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	10 847	2 372	2 524	1 339	1 095	1 577	1 008	652	215	65	10 985	12 701	2 277
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER													
Married-couple families 15 to 24 yeors	<b>4 783</b> 1 061	341 71	<b>919</b> 257	663 205	<b>531</b> 148	<b>985</b> 228	<b>715</b> 90	<b>456</b> 60	140	33	14 706 12 470	<b>16 257</b> 13 309	569 114
25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors	1 689 727	81 73	232 108	264 68	183 78	394 150	343 114	162 81	29 45	1 10	15 891 16 285	16 429 18 872	150
45 to 64 yeors	908 398	67 49	141	92 34	93 29	181 32	128 40	136 17	64	6 16	16 837 9 255	17 977 14 689	159 107 39
Male householder, no wife present	2 288 661	<b>459</b> 129	<b>594</b> 195	271 112	<b>214</b> 70	336 112	180 13	149 21	<b>63</b> 7	<b>22</b> 2	10 839 10 145	12 900 10 861	342 127
25 to 34 yeors 35 to 44 yeors 45 to 64 yeors	603 327 425	37 35 110	138 34 133	93 53 5	96 9 25	87 76 53	85 42 40	44 64 20	23 10 23	- 4 16	13 372 17 909 8 411	14 821 18 105 13 924	342 127 39 18 80 78
65 yeors and over	272 3 776	148 1 572	94 1 <b>011</b>	8 405	14 <b>350</b>	8 256	113	47	12	10	4 717 6 444	5 736 <b>8 075</b>	78 1 366
15 to 24 years	722 815	245 279	210 223	91 141	77 91	57 46	19 31	12 4	6	5	7 673 8 140	9 166 8 458	243 328
35 to 44 years	444 784	98 348	133 228	41 54	75 70	56 54	26 25	15 5	<del>-</del>	- - 5	9 683 5 873	10 451 7 455	137 291
65 years and over	1 011 <b>34.5</b>	602 <b>53.8</b>	217 <b>35.2</b>	78 <b>28.5</b>	37 <b>29.8</b>	43 <b>31.6</b>	12 <b>33.1</b>	11 <b>36.2</b>	<b>42.8</b>	47.4	4 479	6 424	367 <b>38.3</b>
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	5 059	923	1 279	757	543	740	433	2/0	00	05	11 000	10.570	1.017
1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	3 632 1 017	833 284	708 270	423 60	408 78	537 131	385 98	269 268 55	80 61 34	35 9 7	11 082 11 625 9 104	12 573 12 778 12 150	1 017 757 230
1960 to 1969	767 372	159 173	203 64	59 40	47 19	135	78 14	44 16	37 3	5 9	10 911 6 354	14 961 10 517	161 112
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	5,2					•			ŭ				
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	10 559 6 401	<b>2 243</b> 1 656	<b>2 433</b> 1 526	1 313 769	1 069 601	1 <b>570</b> 799	1 006 534	645 372	<b>215</b> 118	<b>65</b> 26	11 149 10 060	12 862 11 760	2 141 1 270
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	3 867 229	544 43	840 51	507 34	425 29	729 32	436 17	258 15	89	39	12 750 11 507	14 647 12 806	765 91
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	62 <b>288</b>	129	16 91	3 <b>26</b>	14 <b>26</b>	10 <b>7</b>	19 <b>2</b>	7	_	_	14 643 <b>5 781</b>	15 483 <b>6 789</b>	15 <b>136</b>
0.50 or less	129 150	60 63	50 40	9 17	3 23	5 2	_	2 5	_	Ξ	5 625 6 000	6 100 7 369	51 78
1.01 to 1.50	9	6 -	-	=	_	-	2 -	-	Ξ	=	2500 <i>—</i> –	6 995 -	-
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	10.042	2 240	0 504	1 220	1 005	1 677	1 007	450	915	4.5	10.007	10 702	2 274
Heating equipment  Central heating system  Air conditioning	10 843 9 394 4 708	2 369 1 925 887	2 524 2 221 994	1 339 1 134 564	1 <b>095</b> 969 <b>510</b>	1 577 1 395 765	1 <b>007</b> 907 <b>484</b>	<b>652</b> 595 <b>338</b>	215 191 120	65 57 46	10 987 11 215 12 097	12 703 12 980 14 032	2 274 1 835 769
Central system	2 083 9 259	343 1 <b>299</b>	409 2 169	219 1 263	254 1 <b>071</b>	338 1 <b>545</b>	253 998	164 <b>642</b>	71 211	32 61	13 194 12 299	15 147 13 972	321 1 452
1 2 or more	5 274 3 985	1 063 236	1 599 570	752 511	648 423	677 868	315 683	183 459	18 193	19 42	9 919 16 275	10 979 17 933	1 051 401
Utility gos	10 843 6 979	2 369 1 531	2 <b>524</b> 1 560	1 <b>339</b> 926	1 <b>095</b> 713	1 <b>577</b> 1 058	1 <b>007</b> 631	<b>652</b> 389	<b>215</b> 142	<b>65</b> 29	10 987 11 076	12 703 12 568	2 274 1 524
Bottled, tank, or LP gos Electricity	319 2 664	55 615	71 694	28 274	48 251 57	48 358	37 247	24 157	2 49	6 19	12 786 10 210	14 029 12 164 16 152	47 516 117
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other Median rooms	675 206 <b>4.3</b>	114 54 <b>3.8</b>	142 57 <b>4.1</b>	87 24 <b>4.3</b>	26 <b>4.4</b>	103 10 <b>4.7</b>	73 19 <b>5.0</b>	66 16 <b>5.2</b>	22 - 5.6	11 _ 5.1	12 342 9 200	10 898	70 4.1
Specified renter-occupied housing units	9 928	2 258	2 316	1 227	1 026	1 446	884	553	168	50	10 795	12 279	2 144
CONTRACT RENT	, ,20		2 010	1 227	1 020	. ***	004	550		30	10 772		
Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$149	1 667 2 481	738 633	535 680	99 354	65 222	117 349	85 125	22 101	6 17	_	5 804 9 406	7 737 10 433	641 583
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	3 391	614 78	762 150	495 154	453 153	525 257	313 188	169 67	45 53	15	11 614 15 300	12 609 16 266	604 139
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 _	373 218	26 11	18 23 33	43 21	47 21	103 27	61 24	61 82	- 9	14	16 774 21 500 21 641	19 709 20 168	32 14 8
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	147 22	6	33 8	10 -	14	10	32	23 4	22	7 -	21 641 16 500	21 500 15 685	8 3
\$500 or more No cosh rent Medion	529 \$156	152 \$123	107 \$142	51 \$164	51 \$168	58 \$170	56 \$185	24 \$190	16 \$207	14 \$277	10 270	13 641	120 \$129
GROSS RENT	\$130	<b>Ģ123</b>	φ14Z	φ104	\$100	\$170	\$103	φ170	φ20 <i>1</i>	φ2//	•••	•••	Ψ127
Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$149	637 1 114	440 386	153 424	12 101	20 49	12 120	_ 13	_ 21	-	_	3 998 6 883	4 595 8 024	388 329
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	2 313 2 555	583 424	690 548	308 389	233 309	255 474	167 255	49 116	28 35	_ _ 5	9 209 11 963	10 398 12 831	446
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	1 399 692	154 82	194 70	173 137	225 78	296 121	166 123	154 56	27 25	10	14 483 14 327	15 502 15 649	457 202 121 39
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	352 296	21 16	67 52	33 23	38 15	62 32	55 49	62 65	37	14 7	15 924 21 087	18 950 20 767	37
\$500 or more No cosh rent Median	41 529	152	11	51	51 51	16 58	56	6 24 6270	16	14	15 750 10 270	15 919 13 641	120 \$182
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	\$212	\$167	\$190	\$220	\$229	\$233	\$246	\$270	\$270	\$361	•••	•••	φ10Z
Less thon 15 percent	1 919	13	119	86	128	475 575	510	411	141	36	21 174 15 378	22 643 15 440	48 99
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	1 703 1 419 991	76 118 76	207 338 402	189 335 302	329 296 137	575 221 65	233 80 5	83 31 4	11	=	15 378 11 892 10 145	15 440 12 143 9 980	122 51
30 to 34 percent	662 1 059	86 322	355 562	136 123	55 30	30 22	-	-	_	=	8 575 6 268	B 596 6 711	87 274
50 percent or more Not computed	1 554 621	1 323 244	226 107	5 51	51	_ 58	_ 	24	16	14	3 143 8 489	3 234 11 614	1 251 212
Medion	23.6	50+	30.5	24.7	20.5	16.9	13.8	12.3	10-	10—			50+

Table A-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Ooto ore estimate	otes based on o	somple, see Intr	oduction. For m	eaning of symbo	ls, see Introducti	on. For definition	ons of terms, se	e oppendixes A	ond 8]	
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Medion (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	16 220	1 732	2 269	2 470	2 295	2 003	2 723	1 474	813	441	336
PERSONS IN UNIT											
1 person	958	287	163 671	141	122	122	.74	30	.11	8	260
2 persons 3 persons	3 999 3 467	553 396	467	593 607	511 495	413 430	664 579	379 259	135 156	80 78	318 327
4 persons 5 persons 5	4 609 2 164	312 102	582 259	735 273	718 317	587 322	777 426	459 225	298 133	141	327 347 370
6 persons	732 219	74	94 26	76	89 35	102	157	77	42	21	366
7 persons 8 or more persons	72	3 5	7	35 10	8	20	44	30 15	21 17	i	376 393
Medion	3.41	2.57	3.14	3.33	3.53	3.56	3.56	3.65	3.85	3.89	•••
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER											
Married-couple families	14 035 523	1 263 30	1 <b>886</b> 65	2 <b>096</b> 86	2 006 93	1 749	2 <b>495</b> 149	1 372 18	<b>751</b>	417	344 343
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	4 304 4 274	187 294	480 440	666 564	625 576	574 627	874 798	530 453	260 311	108 211	343 367 371 307 238 315
35 to 44 years	4 588	643	816	744	666	470	645	340	168	96	307
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	346 <b>956</b>	109 126	85 <b>160</b>	36 145	46 155	134	29 129	31 <b>61</b>	30	16	315
15 to 24 years	99 297	10 32	21 43	8 39	69	20 26	25 49	3 26	6 2	11	361 325
35 to 44 years	232 263	6	33	36	40	40	41	26 25 7	6	5	351
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	65	58 20	46 17	52 10	32 8	38 10	14	_	16	_	276 237
15 to 24 years	1 <b>229</b> 15	343 8	223 3	229 2	134	120	99	41	32 2	8	261 196
25 to 34 years	196 360	47 37	24 66	48 77	29 66	18 30	18 47	2 20	6 15	4 2	278 300
45 to 64 years	476	136	112	89	35	60	29	12	1	2	246
65 years and over	182 <b>40.1</b>	115 <b>50.3</b>	18 <b>44.3</b>	13 41.1	39.3	12 38.5	37.4	37.6	8 37.9	39.8	179
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT											
1979 to Morch 1980	2 272	81	102	142	272	278	555	334	331	177	446
1975 to 1978	6 091 3 552	300 314	497 562	795 778	902 580	955 466	1 343 476	814 206	304 108	181	379 311
1960 to 1969	3 461	721	927	619	463	235	314	115	48	62	257 229
1959 or earlier	844	316	181	136	78	69	35	3	22	2	229
ROOMS	115	40	40				,,,				017
1 to 3 rooms	115 661	43 173	43 136	117	4 78	9 78	14 68	2 9	_	_ 2	217 259
5 rooms6 rooms	3 453 4 643	641 524	746 725	645 858	501 776	310 536	380 787	171 276	48 132	11 29	259 276 314
7 rooms	3 456	249	390 229	504	454 482	490	624 850	382	132 251 382	29 112	363 427
8 or more rooms	3 892 6.3	102 5.5	5.8	346 6.1	6.2	580 6.6	6.7	634 7.2	7.4	287 8.0	427
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT											
1975 to Morch 1980	2 812	45	47	113	239	350	785	612 307	385 199	236 101	476
1970 to 1974	2 449 4 007	62 355	84 712	335 748	454 602	411 508	496 626	307 285	113	101	385 316
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949	2 194 984	386 146	437 176	392 183	325 185	229 111	626 272	95 27	113 39 3	58 19	476 385 316 285 296
1939 or earlier	3 774	738	813	699	490	394	151 393	148	74	2 25	274
VALUE											
Less than \$10,000	167	88	27	32	5		15	-	-	-	192
Less thon \$10,000	848 1 852	322 398	319 449	112 450	64 256	13 156 323	18 107	29	7	-	216 259 285 326
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	3 039 3 021	494 263	569 426	659 541	575 531	323 465	339 572	64 186	13 37	3	285 326
\$50,000 to \$59,999	2 420	101	273	311	377	437	468	290	119	44	367
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	3 213 1 031	45	189	47	380 91	406 158	233	194	356 166	122	485
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	532 97	16	2 -	8 -	16	44	97 12	133	101 14	115	562 750+
Medion	\$47 300	\$31 100	\$36 200	\$39 700	\$44 800	\$50 900	\$55 900	\$65 100	\$72 500	\$91 800	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979											
Less thon 15 percent	5 528	1 076	1 381	1 173	706	557	400	146	73	16	263
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent	3 780	198	393 177	609	760 373	660	727	316 317	97	20 80	263   345   394
25 to 29 percent	2 628 1 516	129 111	107	299 137	123	380   102	380	310	184 142	104	452
30 to 34 percent	901 1 788	61 139	58 144	91 [ 154 ]	113	117 182	177 330	128 257	104 212	52 165	452 406 418
Not computed	79 18.4	18 12.6	13.6	15.5	15 17.9	5 18.3	20 21.6	24.3	1 26.8	4 29,9	318
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	10.4	12.0	13.0	13.3	17.7	10.5	21.0	24.5	20.0	27,7	
Heating equipment	16 216	1 732	2 267	2 468	2 295	2 003	2 723	1 474	813	441	336
Steam or hot water system Centrol worm-air fumoce or electric heat pump	424	28	58	71	61	45	76	48	15	22	345
Other built-in electric units	13 134 1 008	1 332 41	1 811 80	2 019 1 144	1 839 184	1 640   127	2 209 224	1 216 104	701 71	367 33	338 372
Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means	413 1 237	143 188	79 239	68 166	50 161	32 159	32 182	9 97	- 26	- 19	240 308
Air conditioningCentrol system	8 245 5 042	<b>765</b> 241	994 420	1 139	1 <b>057</b> 562	977 688	1 467 1 052	953 744	<b>564</b> 521	329 312	<b>359</b> 409
or more individual room units	3 203	524	574	637	495	289	415	209	43	17	290
House heating fuel	16 216 10 439	1 <b>732</b> 1 465	2 267 1 852	2 468 1 849	2 295 1 470	2 003 1 241	2 723 1 454	1 <b>474</b> 670	<b>813</b> 275	441 163	336 302
Bottled, tonk, ar LP gos Electricity	338 2 852	12 82	29 120	52 193	72 362	47 370	68 654	20 502	21 375	17 194	354 446
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. O+her	1 871 716	94 79	159 107	268	289	235	411	234 48	128 14	53	377 332
V-1101	/10	/4	107	106	102	110	136	48	14	14	332

#### Table A - 6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimotes bosed on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Doto ore estimote:	s bosed on o somp	ile, see infroduction	on. For meoning	or symbols, see i	inroduction. For	perinifions of term	s, see oppendixes	A ond bj	
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (dollors)
IIIE SNISA			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	***	,	***************************************	V.000.11 V.07	720011 7211	7-00 07 111010	
Specified owner-occupied housing units	8 437	117	870	2 350	2 382	1 369	1 022	242	85	109
PERSONS IN UNIT										
	2 394	92	421	936	549	236	134	24	2	02
1 person	3 944	25	352	1 101	1 253	635	408	124	46	110
3 persons	1 110	-	62	177	330	278	248	12	3	124
4 persons	557 284	-	9 20	86 22	172 53	99 69	129 83	54 16	8 21	128
5 persons6 persons	110	=	6	23	22	30	18	10	21	142 128
7 persons	30	-		-	-	22	2	2	4	142
8 or more persons	1.96	1.14	1.54	5 1.72	2.01	2.21	2.42	2.28	2.38	95
Medion	1.70	1.14	1.54	1.72	2.01	2.21	2.42	2.20	2.30	•••
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families	5 199	16	346	1 226	1 604	928	812	198	69	116
15 to 24 years	29 170	-	_ 29	13	14	2 10	- 20	7	-	103 101
35 to 44 years	451	<u> </u>	19	54 37	46 101	109	20 157	4 24	4	141
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	2 671	4	82	496	905	542	471	126	45	121
65 years ond over Male householder, no wife present	1 878 <b>724</b>	12 <b>30</b>	216 <b>156</b>	626 212	538 160	265 <b>87</b>	164 <b>70</b>	44 9	13	104
15 to 24 years	19	2	136	- 12	7	8		7	_	96 127
25 to 34 years	45	=	-	20	4	4	2 17	-	-	116
35 to 44 yeors	40 209	7	10 38	9 52	14 66	2	2	3	-	102
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	411	21	108	131	69	22 51	24 25	6	_	90
Female householder, no husband present	2 514	71	368	912	618	354	140	35	16	97
15 to 24 years	17 23		- 6	8	7	2	9 5	_	_	102 103 90 <b>97</b> 153 109
35 to 44 years	63	-	4	21	12	18	5	_	3	114
35 to 44 yeors	673		97	192	160	158	35	27	4	107
65 yeors ond over	1 738 <b>64.2</b>	71 <b>76.9</b>	261 <b>70.0</b>	688 <b>68.8</b>	439 <b>62.9</b>	176 <b>61.3</b>	86 <b>57.2</b>	57.4	55.3	95
		70.7	70.0	00.0	02.7	01.0	37.2	37.4	33.3	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to Morch 1980	131		34	33	21 175	21	16	2	4	99
1975 to 1978	747 1 037	6 20	88 66	169 282	228	151 189	132 208	25 24	20	116 117
1960 to 1969	2 492	19	207	582	828	396	344	72	44	113
1959 or eorlier	4 030	72	475	1 284	1 130	612	322	119	16	104
ROOMS										
1 to 3 rooms	132	18	40	48	_	6	20	_	_	79
4 rooms	1 087	61	313 288	381	201	79	42	10	_	86
5 rooms	2 650	15 20		381 977	831	267	224	10 32	16	86 101
6 rooms	2 602 1 268	20	146 68	631 212	833 362	598 309	314 254	60 44	19	115 124
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	698	3	15	101	155	110	168	96	50	142
Medion	5.6	4.2	4.8	5.3	5.7	6.1	6.2	6.9	7.8	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to Morch 1980	179	_	12	20	40	41	50	12	4	136
1970 to 1974	338	9	5	25	54	121	100	9	15	141
1960 to 1969	1 499	.7	5 57	324	523	269	250	52 73	17	117
1950 to 1959	1 873 895	12 21	207 131	463 330	546 220	344 83	214 69	/3   41	14	112 97
1939 or eorlier	3 653	68	458	1 188	999	511	339	55	35	103
VALUE										
VALUE										
Less thon \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	351 1 270	43 41	103 321	95 508	32 238	53 89	19 69	6	Ξ	83 88 97
\$20,000 to \$29,999	1 706	24	282	616	486	172	109	15	2	97
\$30,000 to \$39,999	1 758	5	108	642	574	259	159	9	2	105
\$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999	1 369 904	2	39 14	325 111	502 342	311 211	145 ! 169 !	37 51	8	116 124
\$60,000 to \$79,999	778	_	17	53	178	245	224	54	23	141
\$80,000 to \$99,999	173	-	2		18	24	92	30	.7	173
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	100 28	2	_ [		11	5	34	30	18 19	197 250+
Medion	\$34 400	\$15 400	\$20 400	\$29 100	\$36 600	\$43 100	\$50 500	\$59 800	\$82 100	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS										
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less thon 10 percent	4 240	52	363	1 116	1 238	722	569	135	45	112
10 to 14 percent	1 640	26	196	456	448	299	180	19	16	108
15 to 19 percent	852	26 13 17	120	279	247	107	67	18	1	101
25 to 29 percent	565 312	17	61 57	193   102	149 70	74 37	68 33	3 9	4	102 99
30 to 34 percent	304	-	38	112	107	19	12	14	2	100
35 percent or more Not computed	468	- 9	28	92	109	97	82 11	44	16	126 121
Medion	56 10—	10.4	11.7	10.6	14 10—	14 10	10—	10	10	121
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Heating equipmentSteom or hot woter system	8 435 386	117 13	868 16	2 350	2 382 84	1 369	1 <b>022</b> 108	242 27	8 <b>5</b> 10	109 135
Centrol worm-air furnoce or electric heat pump	6 592	13	542	1 955	1 957	1 080	809	171	59	110
Other built-in electric units	285	- 1	15	31	115	78	24	22	-	121
Floor, woll, or pipeless furnoce Other means	315 857	24 61	80 215	95	85 141	18 111	4 77	2 20	7 9	89 92
Air conditioning	3 556	31	173	223 928	1 082	626	561	97	58	115
Central system	1 757	7	40	359	521	341	394	57	38	123
l or more individual room units	1 799 8 435	24 117	133 8 <b>68</b>	569 2 350	561 2 382	285 1 <b>369</b>	167 1 022	40 <b>242</b>	20 <b>85</b>	108 109
Utility gos	6 808	94	779	2 148	1 954	950	680	147	56	105
Bottled, tonk, or LP gos	143	12	_ 1	11	51	24	36	14	7	135
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	495 776	4	20 36 33	54 99	138 189	13B 211	112 169	28 51	5 17	131 132
Other	213	19	33	38	50	46	25	2	.,	108

Table A -7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Oata are estimates based an a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	(out the comm		vner-occupied h			7		Rer	nter-occupied h		·1	
The SMSA	Total	1975 ta March 1980	1970 ta 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Tatal	1975 ta March 1980	1970 ta 1974	1960 ta 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	31 371	4 000	4 027	6 639	6 791	9 914	10 847	1 420	1 453	1 885	2 202	3 887
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years and over  Male householder, no wrife present  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  Female householder, no husband present  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  35 to 44 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  65 years and over  45 to 64 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  65 years and over  Median age	24 021 759 5 195 5 823 9 333 2 911 2 353 182 495 353 689 634 4 997 53 376 540 1 577 2 451 48.1	3 583 206 1 356 1 144 812 655 201 26 105 39 23 8 8 216 6 52 52 56 86 86 16 36.7	3 386 91 942 1 116 1 078 159 310 22 82 68 99 39 331 18 53 82 115 63 40.4	5 251 143 868 1 376 2 411 453 400 29 51 79 159 82 988 6 72 148 386 376 48.1	5 049 162 816 760 2 381 930 539 65 136 44 156 138 1 203 12 66 92 420 613 54.1	6 752 157 1 213 1 427 2 651 1 304 903 40 121 123 252 367 2 259 11 133 162 570 1 383	4 783 1 061 1 689 727 908 398 2 288 661 603 327 425 272 3 776 722 815 444 784 1 011	491 113 189 62 71 56 366 366 130 123 30 44 39 563 105 112 38 102 206 32.8	553 173 205 49 85 41 301 107 85 61 43 5 5 599 195 185 33 123 28.9	805 210 307 103 141 44 343 3115 98 68 38 24 737 121 143 122 177 174 33.8	1 082 243 400 160 174 105 518 115 139 99 112 53 602 138 80 151 110 33.9	1 852 322 588 353 437 152 760 194 158 69 188 151 1 275 163 252 171 291 398 38.8
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	3 225 8 581 5 945 7 159 6 461	1 195 2 805 - - -	424 1 239 2 364 - -	463 1 485 1 145 3 546	494 1 288 954 1 449 2 606	649 1 764 1 482 2 164 3 855	5 059 3 632 1 017 767 372	932 488 - - -	781 555 117 -	799 758 203 125	965 772 187 198 80	1 582 1 059 510 444 292
ROOMS  1 room	25 53 414 2 943 7 796 8 575 11 565 6.0	5 4 42 252 773 875 2 049 6.6	2 14 26 466 834 921 1 764 6.2	108 572 1 936 1 889 2 134 5.9	7 19 126 1 080 2 249 1 909 1 401 5.5	11 16 112 573 2 004 2 981 4 217 6.3	191 527 2 122 3 064 2 344 1 377 1 222 4.3	16 165 478 398 196 96 71 3.6	16 149 339 579 221 88 61 3.9	44 9 322 774 513 138 85 4.2	43 61 366 592 632 349 159 4.6	72 143 617 721 782 706 846 5.0
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or mare Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or mare	31 059 20 332 10 287 405 35 312 211 89 8	3 996 2 277 1 640 69 10 4 4	4 019 2 302 1 666 51 - 8 - 8	6 618 4 314 2 218 81 5 21 14 7 -	6 710 4 649 1 951 97 13 81 55 20 6	9 716 6 790 2 812 107 7 198 138 54 2	10 559 6 401 3 867 229 62 288 129 150 9	1 405 954 434 17 - 15 9 6	1 446 925 492 23 6 7 - 7	1 855 1 058 775 13 9 30 10 20	2 135 1 186 845 76 28 67 18 47 2	3 718 2 278 1 321 100 19 169 92 70 7
PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person	4 611 10 201 5 822 6 237 2 994 1 506 2.65	175 995 892 1 206 499 233 3.43	340 1 016 845 1 071 553 202 3.28	876 2 230 1 245 1 432 614 242 2.67	1 144 2 734 1 222 1 023 427 241 2.32	2 076 3 226 1 618 1 505 901 588 2.39 27 362	3 937 2 847 1 801 1 187 627 448 2.02	724 317 193 139 25 22 1.48 2 818	550 499 210 130 60 4 1.85	629 536 415 158 125 22 2.08 4 217	678 594 414 277 97 142 2.21 5 521	1 356 901 569 483 320 258 2.15
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched ar attached 2 3 and 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 ar mare Mabile hame ar trailer, etc.	28 849 391 164 50 49 4 1 864	3 445 22 25 - 13 4	3 213 40 21 14 - - 739	6 077 26 40 4 15 -	6 594 50 18 13 2 -	9 520 253 60 19 19 - 43	4 419 1 404 2 087 1 188 1 033 317 399	203 97 370 308 253 147 42	140 103 315 302 316 126 151	558 144 459 255 306 44 119	1 190 335 395 102 122 - 58	2 328 725 548 221 36 -
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Hadring equipment Steam or hat water system Central warm-oir furnace ar electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units House hearing fuel Utility gas Bottled, tank, ar LP gas Electricity Fuel ail, kerasene, etc. Other Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	31 364 1 120 24 647 1 667 894 3 036 14 195 7 858 6 337 31 364 1 197 4 177 4 484 1 446 1 858 5 9	4 000 61 3 028 478 31 402 2 324 2 043 281 4 000 939 235 1 978 550 298 87 2.2	4 026 33 3 079 503 56 355 2 103 1 456 647 4 026 1 719 408 1 190 463 246 4.1	6 639 283 5 362 420 124 450 3 556 2 222 1 334 6 639 4 489 272 575 1 065 238 294 4.4	6 789 210 5 478 194 338 569 3 160 1 489 1 671 6 789 5 235 133 261 199 399 5.9	9 910 9 910 73 345 1 260 3 052 648 2 404 9 910 7 608 219 173 1 445 465 912 9.2	10 843 420 6 713 1 807 454 1 449 4 708 2 083 2 625 10 843 6 979 319 2 654 675 206 2 277 21.0	1 420 7 623 746 6 38 1 185 541 644 1 420 330 40 1 018 19 13 302 21.3	1 453 894 486 38 35 1 188 435 1 453 435 577 46 782 48 	1 884 125 1 201 400 80 78 1 049 522 527 1 884 1 122 56 607 91 8 336	2 202 83 1 440 115 190 374 662 167 495 2 202 1 834 22 169 124 53 367 16.7	3 884 205 2 555 60 140 924 624 100 524 3 884 3 316 155 88 393 132 957 24.6
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$40,999	2 458 3 677 2 023 2 133 4 575 5 313 7 045 3 091 1 063 \$20 770 \$22 443	45 237 166 207 608 808 1 163 552 214 \$24 589 \$27 034	205 242 253 252 504 777 1 062 571 161 \$23 632 \$25 094	435 565 318 360 895 1 255 1 793 792 226 \$22 881 \$24 463	538 956 543 614 1 023 986 1 351 588 192 \$18 624 \$21 590	1 235 1 670 743 700 1 545 1 487 1 676 588 270 \$16 861 \$18 745	2 372 2 524 1 339 1 095 1 577 1 008 652 215 65 \$10 985 \$12 701	312 316 154 171 184 109 120 35 19 \$11 331 \$13 288	327 346 169 119 197 150 116 25 4 \$10 791 \$12 670	373 397 229 188 334 205 100 49 10 \$11 883 \$13 257	377 452 318 332 331 208 127 48 9 \$12 138 \$13 333	983 1 013 469 285 531 336 189 58 23 \$9 706 \$11 869

#### Table A — 8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimotes bosed on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	(Doto ore estimate	Owner-occupied h							housing units	-		
The SMSA	Totol	1 unit, detoched or ottoched	2 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.	Total	1 unit, detoched or ottoched	2 units	3 ond 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.
Occupied housing units Condominium housing units	<b>31 371</b> 67	28 849 23	<b>658</b> 44	1 864	<b>10 847</b> 126	4 419 31	1 404	<b>2 087</b> 60	1 188	1 033 26	317	399
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	24 021	22 475	406	1 140	4 783	2 560	647	677	358	297	32	212
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	759 5 195 5 823	585 4 812 5 547	23 84 66	151 299 210	1 061 1 689 727	387 839 534	151 258 77	252 283 46	96 108 33	93 125 11	11	71 64 26
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	9 333 2 911	8 812 2 719	151 82	370 110	908 398	596 204	112 49	62 34	33 70 51	23 45	9	64 26 45 6
Male householder, no wife present  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years	2 353 182 495	1 997 125 389	78 - 30	<b>278</b> 57 76	2 288 661 603	756 166 195	<b>292</b> 122 98	<b>565</b> 175 178	<b>249</b> 70 42	258 74 69	70 13 5	98 41 16
35 to 44 years	353 689	327 574	2 25	24 90	327 425	100 157	29 34 9	95 82	14 76	46 54 15	12 19	16 31 3 7
65 years and over	634 4 997 53	582 <b>4 377</b> 32	21 174	31 446 21	272 3 776 722	138 1 103 175	<b>465</b> 66	35 <b>845</b> 175	47 <b>581</b> 145	478 117	21 215 30	89 14
25 to 34 years	376 540	270 484	10 9	96 47	815 444	261 164	93 101	244 86	92 32	109 32	2 10	89 14 14 19 33
45 to 64 years 65 years ond over Median age	1 577 2 451 <b>48.1</b>	1 329 2 262 48.3	72 83 <b>54.1</b>	176 106 <b>42.2</b>	784 1 011 <b>34.5</b>	235 268 <b>36.9</b>	86 119 <b>32.4</b>	165 175 <b>29.9</b>	190 122 <b>40.6</b>	55 165 <b>30.2</b>	20 153 <b>67.2</b>	33 9 <b>31.9</b>
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	3 225	2 666	65	494	5 059	1 816	714	1 095	576	544	101	213
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	8 581 5 945 7 159	7 767 5 345 6 824	166 118 129	648 482 206	3 632 1 017 767	1 294 544 481	469 134 65	702 150 110	487 48 49	381 53 55	183 33	116 55 7
1959 or earlierROOMS	6 461	6 247	180	34	372	284	22	30	28	-	-	8
1 room	25 53 414	19 18 273	13 29	2 22 112	191 527 2 122	20 62 261	2 63 304	38 223 6 <b>2</b> 5	56 95 352	44 49 321	28 25 195	3 10 64
4 rooms5 rooms	2 943 7 796	1 956 6 914	156 192	831 690	3 064 2 344	723 1 249	590 280	686 364	422 147	413 166	64	166 138
6 rooms 7 or more rooms Median	8 575 11 565 6.0	8 354 11 315 6.1	72 192 5.2	149 58 4.5	1 377 1 222 4.3	996 1 108 5.4	131 34 4.1	109 42 3.7	92 24 3.7	33 7 3.7	3.0	11 7 4.2
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	31 059	28 593	621	1 845	10 559	4 316	1 349	2 045	1 151	1 001	305	392
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	20 332 10 287 405	18 843 9 401 317	435 157 29	1 054 729 59	6 401 3 867 229	2 479 1 684 131	808 479 46	1 255 753 24	746 389 8	666 320 15	253 52	194 190
1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	35 <b>312</b>	32 <b>256</b>	37	3 19	62 <b>288</b>	22 103	16 <b>55</b>	13 <b>42</b>	8 37	32	12	3 7
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	211 89 8	184 66 6	21 12 ~	6 11 2	129 150 9	63 37 3	37 18	8 34 -	13 18 6	32	6	5
1.51 or moreBEDROOMS	4	-	4	-	_	_	-	-	_	-	-	-
None	39 750 7 234	26 560 5 799	11 66 297	2 124 1 138	228 3 189 4 339	28 482 1 527	8 528 657	46 1 006 858	71 477 483	44 417 484	28 23 1 53	3 48 277
3	17 470 4 977 901	16 752 4 846	151 98	567 33	2 420 548 123	1 738 526	197 9 5	175 2	153 4	81 7	5 -	71
5 or more	2 458	866 2 185	35 25	248	2 372	118 778	267	419	319	245	207	137
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	3 670 2 023	3 280 1 710	114 74	276 239	2 524 1 339	958 537	395 193	483 307	320 122	250 103	65 2 17	53 75
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	2 133 4 575 5 313	1 845 4 107 4 978	79 104 98	209 364 237	1 095 1 577 1 008	410 741 499	151 180 116	224 330 144	139 132 95	109 140 128	18 2	137 53 75 45 36 24
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	7 045 3 091 1 063	6 735 2 984 1 025	100 44 20	210 63	652 215	344 125	77 23	125 39	35 19	36 9 13	6	29
Medion	\$20 770 \$22 443	\$21 301 \$22 907	\$16 623 \$20 993	\$14 522 \$15 765	\$10 985 \$12 701	\$12 204 \$14 145	\$10 518 \$11 947	\$11 152 \$12 751	\$9 334 \$10 928	\$10 522 \$12 423	\$4 208 \$5 995	\$10 317 \$10 420
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot woter system	<b>31 364</b> 1 120	<b>28 842</b> 1 088	<b>658</b> 30	1 864	10 843 420	<b>4 419</b> 103	1 404 35	<b>2 087</b> 79	1 188 96	1 033 102	317	395
Centrol worm-oir fumoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	24 647 1 667	22 673 1 574	493 22	1 481 71	6 713 1 807	2 966 197	1 016 112	1 107 635	697 287	543 363	109 206	275
Floor, woll, or pipeless fumoce Other means Air conditioning	894 3 036 <b>14 195</b>	775 2 732 13 110	21 92 <b>271</b>	98 212 <b>814</b>	454 1 449 <b>4 708</b>	228 925 1 <b>067</b>	56 185 <b>445</b>	70 196 <b>1 070</b>	52 56 <b>793</b>	19 <b>873</b>	2 - 313	40 68 147
Centrol system Vehicles available	7 858 <b>30 173</b>	7 472 <b>27 763</b>	104 <b>609</b>	282 1 <b>801</b>	2 083 <b>9 259</b>	346 <b>3 985</b>	136 1 157	418 1 801	494 <b>961</b>	496 <b>841</b>	149 <b>168</b>	44 346
2 or more	8 051 22 122 31 364	7 049 20 714 <b>28 842</b>	256 353 <b>658</b>	746 1 055 <b>1 864</b>	5 274 3 985 <b>10 843</b>	1 739 2 246 <b>4 419</b>	720 437 <b>1 404</b>	1 219 582 <b>2 087</b>	695 266 1 188	577 264 1 033	141 27 <b>317</b>	183 163 <b>395</b>
Utility gos 8ottled, tonk, or LP gos	19 990 1 267	18 735 771	515 22	740 474	6 979 319	3 249 168	1 127 55	1 284 6	690 17	388	49 -	192 69
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	4 177 4 484 1 446	3 887 4 091 1 358	36 65 20	254 328 68	2 664 675 206	305 523 174	194 17 11	777 14 6	471 8 2	628 6 7	266 2 -	23 105 6
Water heating fuel	31 236 17 609 738	28 730 16 936 603	<b>650</b> 456	1 <b>856</b> 217 128	10 758 6 139 168	4 365 2 852 69	1 404 1 012 49	2 087 1 216	1 168 593 20	1 <b>027</b> 368 4	<b>311</b> 45	396 53 23
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	12 569 270	10 884 262	180 4	1 505 4	4 430 4	1 423 4	343	868	555	655	266	320 -
Other Family householder With own children under 18 years	50 <b>26 382</b> 13 772	45 <b>24 560</b> 12 849	3 463 205	2 1 <b>359</b> 718	17 <b>6 413</b> 4 008	17 <b>3 210</b> 2 123	820 486	1 041 614	5 <b>62</b> 296	454 275	<b>48</b> 31	278 183
With own children under 6 years Female householder, no husband present	4 871 1 <b>702</b>	4 498 1 472	56 <b>56</b>	317 <b>174</b>	2 325 1 385	1 130 <b>554</b>	282 1 <b>39</b>	399 <b>311</b>	188 <b>189</b>	180 <b>146</b>	19 <b>10</b>	127 <b>36</b>
With own children under 18 years With own children under 6 years Nonfamily householder	820 119 <b>4 989</b>	692 98 <b>4 289</b>	11 _ 195	117 21 <b>505</b>	1 107 547 <b>4 434</b>	434 226 1 <b>209</b>	123 52 <b>584</b>	243 124 <b>1 046</b>	149 70 <b>626</b>	115 55 <b>579</b>	10 4 <b>269</b>	33 16 121
Percent below poverty level	1 858 5.9	1 609 5.6	25 3.8	<b>224</b> 12.0	2 277 21.0	830 18.8	289 20.6	<b>343</b> 16.4	<b>303</b> 25.5	<b>236</b> 22.8	138 43.5	138 34.6

## Table A=9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Doto ore estimate	tes based on o	somple, see Intro	oduction. For me	aning of symbals,	see Introduction	n. For definition	is of terms, see	appendixes A	ond 8]	
The SMSA	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persans	4 persons	5 persans	6 persans	7 persans	8 ar more persans	Median	Total persans
Owner-occupied housing units	31 3 <b>71</b> 748	4 611	10 201 296	5 <b>822</b> 175	<b>6 237</b> 116	<b>2 994</b> 100	1 <b>075</b> 24	<b>316</b> 16	115 21	2.65 2.95	92 414 2 457
1 to 3 rooms	492 2 943 7 796 8 575 5 790 5 775 6.0	267 1 044 1 414 1 042 508 336 5.2	160 1 188 2 979 2 890 1 635 1 349 5.8	20 424 1 527 1 828 1 140 883 6.0	37 199 1 189 1 676 1 507 1 629 6.5	7 67 499 817 603 1 001 6.7	1 19 149 236 294 376 7.0	2 26 68 83 137 7.2	- 13 18 20 64 7.8	1.42 1.86 2.33 2.6 <b>9</b> 3.16 3.70	822 6 101 20 657 24 903 18 592 21 339
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	31 059 30 619 405 35 312 300 8 4	4 479 4 479 - 132 132	10 130 10 121 - 9 71 71 -	5 784 5 780 4 - 38 34 - 4	6 200 6 163 34 3 37 37 -	2 972 2 904 61 7 22 16 6	1 066 899 166 1 9	316 220 94 2 - -	112 53 46 13 3 3	2.66 2.62 6.12 5.29 1.84 1.75 5.17 3.00	91 657 89 062 2 444 151 757 696 46 15
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or attached  2 or more  Mobile home or trailer, etc.	28 84 <b>9</b> 658 1 864	3 967 186 458	9 431 207 563	5 343 93 386	5 884 61 2 <b>9</b> 2	2 804 65 125	1 030 13 32	280 28 8	110 5 -	2.69 2.19 2.34	85 385 1 <b>95</b> 4 5 0 <b>7</b> 5
VALUE  Specified owner-occupied housing units  Less than \$10,000	24 657 518 2 118 3 558 4 797 4 390 3 324 3 991 1 204 632 125 \$43 000	3 352 237 651 681 773 480 214 231 54 31	7 943 131 682 1 213 1 688 1 443 1 113 1 109 364 164 164 36 \$41 700	4 577 73 271 673 873 904 710 746 193 128 6 \$44 000	5 166 42 263 575 890 872 760 1 206 318 188 188 52 \$49 400	2 448 25 147 249 403 464 383 480 193 79 25 \$48 400	842 5 76 112 145 158 109 134 66 31 6	249 - 18 45 23 47 30 63 14 9 - \$47 500	80 5 10 2 22 22 5 22 2 2 2 2 3	2.73 1.67 2.10 2.41 2.46 2.80 2.97 3.38 3.45 3.45 3.45	73 062 1 050 5 049 9 509 13 452 12 994 10 426 13 178 4 077 2 749 578
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979  Medion income  Medion selected monthly owner costs as percentage of	31 371 \$20 770	<b>4 611</b> \$7 115	10 <b>201</b> \$19 025	<b>5 822</b> \$23 316	<b>6 237</b> \$24 238	2 994 \$25 623	1 <b>075</b> \$26 514	316 \$26 750	115 \$28 036	2.65 · · ·	92 414
household income	15.9 18.4 10— 1 <b>858</b> \$3 234	20.9 27.0 18.5 <b>877</b> \$2 781	13.6 18.5 10— 438 \$2 974	15.0 17.5 10— <b>154</b> \$3 <b>9</b> 58	17.1 18.0 10— <b>209</b> \$4 627	17.2 18.3 10— 119 \$6 463	16.3 17.6 10— 55 \$4 514	16.6 18.6 10— <b>6</b> \$8 750	13.9 15.6 10—	1.62	
With a mortgagedNot mortgaged	45.5 50+ 34.3	39.8 50+ 36.1	50+ 50+ 31.5	50.0 50+ 40.8	50+ 50+ 46.0	34.2 50+ 23.2	50 + 50 + 17.5	30.0 27.5 32.5	Ξ		:::
Renter-eccupied housing units Nonrelatives present ROOMS	10 <b>847</b> 665	3 937	2 847 407	1 <b>801</b> 139	1 <b>187</b> 55	<b>627</b> 41	<b>262</b> 16	113 7	73	2.02 2.32	<b>25 657</b> 1 734
1 room	191 527 2 122 3 064 2 344 1 377 1 222 4.3	184 416 1 369 1 077 561 199 131 3.5	7 86 591 1 001 559 349 254 4.2	16 126 625 552 269 213 4.7	- 9 26 284 379 251 238 5.2	- 1 29 224 182 191 5.8	- - 24 56 67 115 6.3	- 9 24 7 36 37 6.0	- - 6 24 43 6.8	1.02 1.13 1.28 1.95 2.59 3.02 3.55	198 658 3 084 6 255 6 348 4 544 4 570
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less	10 559 10 268 229 62 288 279	3 770 3 770 - - 167 167	2 806 2 799 - 7 41 41 -	1 759 1 749 10 - 42 36 6	1 176 1 141 26 9 11	618 588 29 1 9	246 169 77 - 16 13 3	111 35 43 33 2 2 2	73 17 44 12 - -	2.04 1.99 6.14 6.92 1.36 1.34 3.25	25 051 23 291 1 449 311 606 567 39
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detached or attached 2	4 419 1 404 2 087 1 188 1 033 317 399	1 045 521 905 583 505 269 109	1 072 370 656 322 283 25 119	805 227 346 166 147 16 94	718 169 92 84 66 7 51	440 58 60 18 32 -	186 43 26 - - - 7	89 16 - 8 - -	64 - 2 7 - -	2.61 1.99 1.71 1.53 1.54 1.09 2.26	13 193 3 182 3 886 2 145 1 938 431 882
Specified renter-occupied housing units	9 928 637 1 114 2 313 2 555 1 399 692 352 296 41 529 \$212	3 731 475 664 1 134 817 225 116 67 26 8 199 \$179	2 634 82 234 660 804 415 131 79 70 8 151 \$216	1 657 54 113 278 485 366 179 60 55 - 67 \$236	1 032 10 77 123 283 226 141 52 46 14 60 \$249	488 16 5 59 73 105 82 58 37 3 50 \$282	222 - 19 46 50 24 21 23 29 8 2 \$242	101 - 13 19 13 20 13 23 - - \$314	63 - 2 - 24 25 2 - 10 - - \$261	1.97 1.17 1.34 1.53 2.07 2.66 3.05 3.00 3.45 3.82 1.93	22 603 894 1 851 4 336 5 598 3 876 2 105 1 184 1 111 164 1 484
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income Median gross rent as percentage af household income Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income Median gross rent as percentage af household income Median gross rent as percentage af household income	10 847 \$10 985 23.6 2 277 \$3 149 50+	3 937 \$7 178 28.0 1 027 \$2500— 50+	2 847 \$12 663 20.4 400 \$3 243 50+	1 801 \$12 775 22.1 319 \$3 400 50+	1 187 \$13 125 23.2 283 \$4 544 50+	\$15 603 22.7 108 \$6 667 46.3	\$13 800 21.3 75 \$5 846 50 +	\$15 586 27.9 35 \$6 250 50+	73 \$19 107 16.3 30 \$11 250 32.2	2.02  1.78 	25 657  

Table A - 10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

		Median	48.1	66.9 888.0 838.5 839.5 1.3	47.9 64.5 66.5 46.3		24.04 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	34.5	46.8 30.7 30.2 31.6 35.0 37.1	34.3 35.7 45.4 23.8	33.4 30.3 30.3 30.0 30.0 38.7 38.7 56.2
		65 years and over	2 451	2 007 389 40 12 12 1 1 13 3 060	2 370 2 2 81		1 920 182 3 5 10 1 738 3 135 1 1 738 2 20 1 1 27 1 28 1 28 1 28 1 28 1 28 1 28 1 28 1 28	1 011	874 89 30 5 113 11.08	979	982 32 68 134 102 102 103 115 33.9
	id present	45 to 64 years	1 577	950 350 163 76 25 133 2 585	1 551 9 26 4 4		47.6 47.6 47.6 48.6 48.6 48.6 49.6 49.6 49.6 49.6 49.6 49.6 49.6 49	784	547 129 69 23 8 8 8 1.22 1 124	17.2	735 89 61 61 103 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 11
	der, no husband present	35 to 44 years	240	80 121 191 193 22 22 28 1 573	040 20 1		888 888 889 800 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	444	131 92 116 60 60 27 2.49 1 128	434 10 10	426 100 100 100 14 18 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
	emale hausehalder,	25 to 34 years	376	121 129 30 30 7 2.42 967	376 2 -		25.7 23.7 25.7 25.7 23.7 23.7 23.7 23.7 23.7 23.7 23.7 23	815	320 167 191 100 29 8 2.02 1 676	9861	773 577 119 119 82 82 82 82 82 12 12 30.2
	æ	15 to 24 years	23	21 25 7 7 1.72	53		32 81 147 177 171 171 171 171	722	308 315 66 31 2 2 1.67	691 - 31 6	73 127 127 127 127 128 133 142 153 153 153 153 153 153 153 153 153 153
8]		65 years and over	634	523 75 17 11 11 1.11	592 42 -		6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	272	242 222 8 8 - - 1.06 327	258	241 242 243 313 396 397 397 397 397
endixes A and	present	45 to 64 years	689	402 140 70 70 27 1.36 1 232	662 2 27 27		263 264 272 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 37 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36 36	425	349 38 36 2 2 2 1.11 503	372	400 139 139 18 18 18 18.6 18.6
rerms, see app	older, no wife	35 to 44 years	353	145 97 97 97 1.82 1.82	353		232 232 232 244 18 18 18 18 10 10	327	251 68 5 5 1.15 386	321	333 348 348 349 349 349 349 349 349
definitions of	Male hauseholder,	25 to 34 years	495	287 97 97 8 35 1,36 875	492		247 797 787 788 788 522 525 524 74 74 74 71 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	603	470 77 37 17 1.14 791	595 - 8	<b>54</b> 1051 1051 1051 1051 1051 1051 1051 105
roduction. For		15 to 24 years	182	119 45 12 126 126	180		37.0 22 22 37.0 19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0 19	199	445 162 35 35 19 1.24 934	639 22 -	621 911 115 115 222 222 227 75 75
/mbois, see int		65 years and over	2 911	2 514 299 58 40 2.08 6 447	2 881 7 30 -		2 224 346 346 48 33 37 37 37 38 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58 58	398	339 53 6 6 6 7.09	388	38 27 27 27 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28
meaning of sy	S	45 to 64 years	9 333	4 365 2 320 1 499 724 425 2 63 2 980	9 273 148 60 4		7 259 4 588 2 406 2 406 1 013 226 175 331 2 671 2 073 355 120 120 120 130 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 120 12	806	335 219 219 122 83 3.04 3 097	883 41 25	781 264 105 105 92 85 85 87 19.0
roduction. For	d-couple familie	35 to 44 years	5 823	497 980 2 200 1 397 749 4 15 24 482	5 804 166 19 2		4 725 1 528 1 568 1 158 1 111 1 111 1 7 7 1 7 7 7 7	727	79 126 193 179 3 344	716 94 11 3	586 60 182 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89
sample, see In	Married-c	25 to 34 years	5 195	1 009 1 248 1 983 703 252 3.67 19 048	5 177 94 18 2		4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	1 689	466 439 423 239 122 3.36 5 916	1 675 94 14	1 485 1 485 340 222 132 75 165 68 57
es pased on o		15 to 24 years	759	356 280 280 131 131 2 0 4 2 0 4 2 0 4 3 0 4 3 0 4 3 0 4 3 0 4 3 0 4 3 0 4 4 0 4 3 0 4 4 0 4 3 0 4 4 0 4 5 0 4 6 0 4 7 0 6 7 0 6 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0	85 8 4 1		252 253 253 27 130 177 21 8 21 8 21 2 3 21 3 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1 061	3 0.33	1 223	28.6 27.6 27.3 27.3 11.9 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0 11.0
Uata are estimates based on o sample, see Intr		Total	31 371	4 611 10 201 5 822 6 237 6 237 1 506 1 506 92 414	31 059 440 312 12		24 652 5 528 5 528 5 528 5 528 2 668 1 516 1 901 1 901 1 4 240 1 640 8 55 8 55 8 55 8 55 8 55 8 55 8 55 8 5	10 847	3 937 2 847 1 801 1 187 627 25 657	10 559 291 288 9	9 928 1 703 1 419 991 662 1 554 621 23.6
2 [		The SMSA	Owner-occupied housing units	PERSONS IN JUNT    person	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Camplete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or mage persons per foron Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or mare persons per room MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	With a marriage Less than 15 percent Less than 16 percent Less than 10 p	Renter-occupied housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT    person 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 5 persons 6 on more persons Medion Total persons	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified ranter-occupied housing units Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 to 49 percent 35 to 49 percent Not computed Not computed

Table A — 11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimotes bosed on o somple, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

	Control of Commit	Mole householder								Femole hou			
The SMSA			15 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 64	65 years		15 to 24	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 64	65 yeors
	Total	Total	yeors	years	yeors	yeors	ond over	Total	yeors	yeors	yeors	yeors	ond over
Owner-occupied housing units	4 611	1 476	119	287	145	402	523	3 135	21	77	80	950	2 007
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use	4 479	1 414	117	284	145	375	493	3 065	21	77	80	942	1 945
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use UNITS IN STRUCTURE	132	62	2	3	-	27	30	70	-	-	-	8	62
1, detoched or ottoched 2 or more	3 967 186	1 193 70	80	198 30	144	292 25	479 15	2 774 116	12	47 8	67 5	792 47	1 856 56
Mobile home or troiler, etc HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	458	213	39	59	1	85	29	245	9	22	8	111	95
Less thon \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999	1 682 1 230	289 338	23 53	14 15	20	46 74	206 176	1 393 892	3 2	13	18 15	353 227	1 006 644
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	418 355 492	136 153 260	9 17 17	43 50 86	3 8 25	38 40 85	43 38 47	282 202 232	12 2	27 18	9 5 14	120 88 119	114 89 92
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	210 177	143 134	-	54 21	17 64	68 46	4 3	67 43	_	8	15	22 13	22 26
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	16 31	14 9	-	4	3 5	5 -	6	2 22	2	- 		- 8	14
Medion	\$7 115 \$9 700	\$12 040 \$13 445	\$9 063 \$9 429	\$16 680 \$17 442	\$24 750 \$24 372	\$15 170 \$15 037	\$6 128 \$7 911	\$5 795 \$7 937	\$11 146 \$13 411	\$11 991 \$11 642	\$11 944 \$13 061	\$7 831 \$9 108	\$4 993 \$6 979
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS													!
Specified owner-occupied housing units With a mortgage Less than \$200	3 352 958 287	984 460 80	74 65 3	173 150 19	116 85	218 109	403 51 20	2 368 498 207	12 2 2	35 32 18	59 43	<b>680</b> <b>294</b> 104	1 582 127 83
\$200 to \$249	163 141	96 70	21 8	22 31	15 16	38 30 10	8 5	67 71	-	10	6	57 46	4
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	122 122	87 61	6 20	38 2	21 20	14	8 10	35 61	Ξ	4 -	3 11	24 38	4 j 12 j
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749	74 30 11	43 13	3	23 10	8 - 2	- -	-	31 17 9	=	-	8 11	18 6	5
\$750 or #/27 \$750 or more	8 \$260	8 \$289	\$304	5 \$304	3 \$327	\$227	\$234	\$231	\$125	- \$194	\$389	\$238	\$177
Not mortgaged Less than \$50	2 394 92	<b>524</b> 30	9 2	23	31	109 7	<b>352</b> 21	1 8 <b>70</b> 62	10	3	16	386	1 455
\$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99	421 936 549	132 162	- - 7	15 4	3 9	23 26 38	106 112	289 774	8	3	10	52 154 75	233 599
\$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	236 134	121 31 39	- -	4	14 - 2	3 12	58 24 25	428 205 95	- - 2	=	2 - -	75 75 21	351 5 130 72 8
\$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	24 2	9	_	-	3	_	6	15 2	Ξ	-	_	9	6
MedionSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$93	\$90	\$109	\$94	\$106	\$99	\$86	\$94	\$91	\$88	\$85	\$98	\$93
Median selected monthly awner costs as percentage of household income in 1979	20.9	18.6	40.0	23.6	15.4	12.1	18.9	21.8	12.5	24.6	30.6	21.9	21.7
With a mortgage	27.0 18.5 8 <b>77</b>	24.1 13.1 1 <b>73</b>	39.0 45.0 <b>23</b>	24.9 10— <b>14</b>	17.6 10—	18,4 10— <b>29</b>	39.3 17.0 <b>107</b>	31.6 20.1 <b>704</b>	17.5 11.9	23.3 32.5 13	33.1 22.0 <b>2</b>	27.3 15.5 <b>282</b>	46.8 20.9 <b>407</b>
Percent below poverty level	19.0	11.7	19.3	4.9	=	7.2	20.5	22.5	-	16.9	2.5	29.7	20.3
Renter-occupied housing units PLUMBING FACILITIES	3 937	1 757	445	470	251	349	242	2 180	308	320	131	547	874
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	3 770 167	1 665 92	427 18	462 8	245 6	298 51	233	2 105 75	29.0 18	311 9	123 8	535 12	846
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or ottoched	1 045	560	116	130	70	126	118	485	71	53	20	141	200
2 3 ond 4	521 905	221 436	93 116	69 162	18 71	32 57	9 30	300 469	19 76	53 119	46 25	71 108	111;
5 to 9	583 505	217 201	59 44	26 64	14 41	76 37	42 15	366 304	57 54	40 55	14 9	142 35	113 <sup>2</sup> 151 <sup>5</sup>
50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc	269 109	64 58	13 4	5 14	31	19 2	21 7	205 51	28 3	-	11	18 32	153
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999	1 498 1 058	389	103	25	15	106	140	1 109	109	57 65	44	310 157	589
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	466 352	476 226 192	138 96 55	130 69 93	25 53 6	106 5 24	77 3 14	582 240 160	128 53 13	65 98 75	52 - 13	30 36	180 55 23 23
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	291 161	227 136	53	60 65	70 42	36 29	8 -	64 25	5	15 10	7 15	14	23
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	77 23	77 23	=	28 -	36	13 23	-	Ξ	_	_	-	-	
\$50,000 or more Medion Mean	\$7 178 \$8 639	\$10 149 \$11 591	\$9 339 \$8 993	\$12 796 \$13 398	\$17 734 \$17 652	7 \$7 446 \$12 364	\$4 515 \$5 455	\$4 932 \$6 260	\$6 563 \$6 303	\$10 969 \$10 053	\$7 443 \$8 245	\$4 501 \$5 560	\$4 1657 \$4 994
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	3 731	1 630	424	416	243	331	216	2 101	295	308	131	515	852
Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$149	475 664	116 281	83	14 47	12 32	45 60	45 59	359 383	18 29	20 23	23	76 106	242
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	1 13 <i>4</i> 817	523 401	158 116	125 127	103 74	97 55	40 29	611 416	143 68	105 126	41 53	137 104	202 184
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	225 116 67	132 60 38	25 25 13	60 23 6	13	34 12	- - 14	93 56 29	24 3 5	8 23 -	5	25 13	30 13 2/3
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more	26 8	20 8	4	- 8	- -	16	-	6 -	Ξ	=	Ξ	-	9
No cash rent Medion	199 \$179	51 \$187	\$193	\$206	\$185	12 \$173	29 \$126	148 \$174	5 \$192	3 \$202	\$200	54 \$170	\$13
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in													j
Income in 1979 below poverty level	28.0 1 027	21.7 263	26.3 82	19.2 25	13.9	18.6 69	41.4 78	31.8 764	32.7 85	23.9 51	35.7 41	33.5 239	34.
Percent below poverty level	26.1	15.0	18.4	5.3	3.6	19.8	32.2	35.0	27.6	15.9	31.3	43.7	39.,

#### Table A-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

								- ,	
The SMSA	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	The SMSA	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	516	108	143	265	Vacant for rent housing units	801	285	294	222
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	43	14	2	27	1 room	40	13	27	_
4 rooms5 rooms	88 118	28	18 37	42 77	2 rooms	20 182	8 72	9 78	3 32
6 rooms7 rooms	152 44	42	50 8	60 29	4 rooms	300	125 18	98	32 77 59 29
8 or more rooms	71	13	28 5.8	30	5 rooms6 rooms	93 102	41	16 32	29
Medion	5.6	5.7	5.8	5.3	7 or more rooms	64 4.0	8 3.9	34 3.8	22 4.5
PLUMBING FACILITIES					PLUMBING FACILITIES				
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	510	103	143	264		750	000		100
	Ů	١		· ·	Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	752 49	282 3	281 13	189 33
BEDROOMS					BEDROOMS				
None	29	_	2	27	None	40	13	27	
2	209 188	63 31	43 66	103 91	1	247	87	111	49
45 or more	66 24	9	25	32 12	2	358 120	151 26	96 42	111 52
			,	12	45 or more	24 12	- 8	18	6
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT						""	ŭ		7
1975 to Morch 1980	141 45	41 14	32 13	18	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT				
1960 to 1969	50 75	13 14	29 22	8 39	1975 to Morch 1980	114 81	37 37	65 31	12
1940 to 1949	65 140	13	17 30	35 97	1960 to 1969	168 47	89 12	50 24	13 29
1939 or earlier	140	"	30	"	1940 to 1949	70	17	25	28
UNITS IN STRUCTURE					1939 or eorlier	321	93	99	129
1, detoched or ottoched 2 or more	442 53	88 16	127 14	227 23	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
Mobile home or troiler	21	4	2	15	1, detoched or ottoched	287	77	107	103
HEATING EQUIPMENT					2 3 ond 4	119 106	43 61	26 30	50 15
Centrol heating system	466 50	106	129	231 34	5 to 9	115 105	56 25	54 54	5 26
Other meansNone	- 50		14	34	50 or more	13 56	_ 23	13 10	23
PRICE ASKED						•	20		-"
Specified vacant for sale only housing units	410	82	113	215	RENT ASKED				
Less thon \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999	44 37	- 5	5	39 28	Specified vacant for rent housing units Less thon \$100	772 65	<b>282</b> 21	285 25	205 19
\$20,000 to \$29,999	69	26	13	30 10	\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	195 291	62 115	63 87	70 89
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	36 47	2 3	24 11	33	\$200 to \$249	117	49	49	19
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	73 35	18 4	18 10	37 21	\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	74 11	21 6	47 5	-
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 or more	61 8	21	23	17	\$400 or more	19 \$166	8 \$180	9 \$173	\$154
Medion		\$55 000	\$49 600	\$40 200					

#### Table A = 13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction, For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

L	OOIO die esilli	ules boseu (	on o somple,	see innout	iction, For i	neoning or sy	IIIDOIS, SEE II	allifoduction. For definitions of ferms, see oppendixes A ond by								
		Price osked	- Specified	vocont for s	ole only hou	sing units			Rent oske	d — Specified	d vocont for	rent housing	units			
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Medion (dollors)		
Total	410	44	106	83	169	8	45 300	772	65	486	191	11	19	166		
PLUMBING FACILITIES																
Complete plumbing for exclusive useocking complete plumbing for exclusive use	405 5	44 -	101 5	83	169	8 -	45 800 21 300	730 42	54 11	459 27	187 4	11	19 -	169 106		
BEDROOMS																
Vone	13 148 180 51	9 35 - -	4 57 40 5	- 26 40 9 8	30 95 34 10	- - 5 3	- 10000— 24 600 51 800 67 700 50 600	40 247 355 107 13	10 29 21 5 -	30 157 221 74 2 2	- 61 104 19 7	- 3 6 2	- 6 3 2 8	110 168 162 173 241 438		
7EAR STRUCTURE BUILT  975 to March 1980	104 36 41 69 63 97	- - - 15 29	2 9 2 14 37 42	16 7 12 28 -	78 20 27 27 11 6	8 - - - - -	78 300 55 400 53 600 47 300 20 500 18 900	114 81 168 47 70 292	5 6 14 - 3 37	38 52 109 27 49 211	51 15 45 20 18 42	11 - - - -	9 8 - - - 2	256 173 181 173 145 152		
INITS IN STRUCTURE																
, detoched or ottoched or more Nobile home or troiler	410 	44	106 	83	169	 	45 300 	258 458 56	12 48 5	153 289 44	78 106 7	2 9 -	13 6 -	168 169 144		

Table B-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato ore estimates based on a somple, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Dato ore estima	tes based on	o somple, se	e Introduction	. For meanin	g of symbols	, see Introduc	ction. For def	initions of ter	ms, see oppen	dixes A ond B]		
Newark city	Total	Less thon \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Mean (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	9 022	170	1 202	1 985	2 109	1 459	725	949	263	123	37	35 000	39 700
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years ond over Male householder, no wife present  15 to 24 years  25 to 34 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 64 years  45 to 64 years  55 years ond over Female householder, no husband present  15 to 24 years  35 to 44 years  45 to 64 years	6 370 205 1 444 1 082 2 509 1 130 80 163 107 186 207 1 909 21 123 171 529 1 065 52.6	977 - 99 117 399 322 8 - 111 - 133 411 - 20 58.8	622 18 166 75 218 145 145 128 6 6 24 7 7 8 8 83 3 452 7 7 18 27 6 4 3 3 6 6 24 4 3 4 5 2 1 8 8 8 3 4 5 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	1 356 80 318 192 504 262 160 8 49 27 29 9 8 8 48 19 122 272 272	1 375 32 335 207 279 219 46 44 34 62 33 515 6 9 54 185 231	1 103 43 237 205 439 179 131 8 313 17 42 31 225 11 46 36 132 49.7	570 32 129 125 15 15 15 210 84 37 4 5 - 28 8 - 118 - 7 19 57 35 49,1	833 - 207 158 370 98 34 - 8 11 17 - 80 - 6 5 35 39 49.3	263 25 85 120 33 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	118 18 23 64 13 	33 -5 23 -5 	37 900 36 500 42 300 37 500 38 700 39 700 39 100 21 000 29 800 26 100 27 800 27 800 28 800 37 300 37 300 37 300 37 300 38 800 39 100 20	42 900 40 700 46 800 45 200 38 600 32 400 30 700 40 700 24 600 31 600 23 500 31 600 23 500 31 600 23 500 31 600 23 500 31 600 23 500 32 800 36 800 38 800 38 800 38 800 38 800 39 800 30 800 30 800 30 800 31 800 32 800 33 800 34 800 35 800 36 800 37 800 38 800 39 800 30 800
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980 1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	803 2 110 1 487 2 088 2 534	14 32 18 34 72	67 187 192 209 547	118 501 334 375 657	191 467 259 503 689	159 335 250 372 343	86 180 161 202 96	118 290 193 241 107	40 79 54 72 18	10 39 21 48 5	- - 5 32 -	40 600 36 800 37 200 38 500 29 800	44 000; 41 700; 41 500; 44 300; 31 700;
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	115 743 2 218 2 789 1 755 1 402 6.0	7 30 53 56 19 5	51 137 375 345 262 32 5.6	19 288 579 659 305 135 5.7	24 239 667 652 357 170 5.7	14 27 379 539 316 184 6.1	7 99 259 198 162 6.5	15 61 273 224 376 7.1	- 5 6 42 210 8.0	- - - 32 91 8.5+		17 500 26 700 31 600 34 300 38 000 60 600	24 800 27 100 32 100 36 700 41 000 63 700
BEDROOMS None	14 200 2 242 5 206 1 205 155	- 18 72 69 11	- 88 388 632 94 -	7 25 833 953 156 11	53 643 1 210 203	7 16 199 1 086 129 22	- 44 545 125 11	- 58 610 252 29	- - - 66 176 21	- 5 25 53 40	- - 10 6 21	37 500 19 400 27 600 37 800 50 500 83 000	38 100 <sup>1</sup> 23 500 <sup>1</sup> 29 200 <sup>1</sup> 39 800 <sup>1</sup> 54 100 <sup>2</sup> 94 400 <sup>1</sup>
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to Morch 1980	401 411 1 397 1 630 1 067 4 116	- 4 16 5	7 19 120 95 961	7 81 310 278 1 309	10 39 245 518 314 983	34 49 332 373 217 454	80 81 252 171 56 85	194 149 287 101 75 143	53 66 89 12 27 16	30 13 55 9 - 16	33 - - 4	66 500 62 000 50 700 37 400 34 300 27 200	68 700 63 000 56 900 39 000 37 300 29 500
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$12,499. \$12,500 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$19,999. \$25,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 to \$34,999. \$35,000 to \$49,999. \$50,000 or more	845 1 319 583 704 1 458 1 399 1 713 713 713 288 \$18 545 \$20 785	37 62 11 12 14 20 14 - - \$8 833 \$11 664	299 232 116 84 200 171 72 28 - \$11 509 \$12 969	213 419 183 229 347 255 249 66 24 \$14 438 \$16 102	177 347 98 230 405 320 409 103 20 \$17 377 \$18 352	74 116 90 98 303 315 349 107 7 \$20 772 \$20 901	11 89 50 27 63 141 236 100 8 \$24 537 \$24 402	29 54 26 18 84 136 269 216 117 \$28 996 \$32 708	- - 9 6 33 31 95 69 20 \$31 516 \$31 718	5 - - 5 4 20 18 71 \$54 674 \$61 444		23 100 28 700 28 600 31 000 33 800 37 900 43 000 54 400 74 500	26 900 30 600 32 900 32 400 36 100 40 000 46 400 56 000 85 800
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgoge Less thon 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 percent or more Not computed Median Not computed Less thon 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 10 to 14 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Not mortgogel Less thon 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 10 to 14 percent 13 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median	5 195 2 007 1 146 777 510 253 490 12 17.6 3 827 1 867 738 449 278 109 157 198	67 30 30 16 5 5 6 15.5 103 33 131 6 5 5 15.5 15.5	485 226 9 97 61 51 7 43 	1 050 410 230 145 75 77 113 395 395 236 134 73 28 21 42 21 42 6 6 11.5	1 209 434 297 218 1000 25 135 - 17.9 900 479 167 52 24 30 41 - 10—	918 299 238 129 95 559 98 18.4 541 342 85 40 17 13 32 7	442 173 92 72 46 27 32 -17.6 283 169 422 33 9 5 18 7 7 -	710 311 1134 70 41 49 6 16.5 239 160 30 7 7 26 - - - 11 15	202 68 39 49 34 12 	90 46 14 17 4 - 9 14.7 33 33 - - - - - 10—	22 10 - - 6 - 25.8 15 11 - - 4 - - 10	38 200 37 900 37 800 37 500 43 900 42 200 36 600 37 500 31 500 35 000 28 400 27 100 22 100 27 000 27 000 26 000	42 90. 42 90. 42 90. 42 90. 43 80. 44 80. 43 80. 40 40. 33 30. 35 30. 40 02. 32 20. 32 30. 33 1 20. 35 80. 25 80. 31 20. 33 30.
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Ladding complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Hearing equipment Centrol hearing system Air conditioning Centrol system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	8 992 112 30 9 022 8 626 4 848 2 484 575 6.4	161 12 9 - 170 112 34 18 29	1 196 34 6 - 1 202 1 073 370 30 149 12.4	1 970 44 15 - 1 985 1 898 828 213 187 9.4	2 109 6  2 109 2 059 1 121 430 117 5.5	1 459 10  1 459 1 443 820 437 65 4.5	725 	949 6  949 923 738 620 23 2.4	263 - - 263 254 234 210 -	123 	37 - - - 37 37 33 33 - -	35 100 22 800 17 500 35 000 35 600 40 800 52 900 25 300	39 70 23 40 16 70 39 70 40 20 46 10 56 86 28 10

## Table B −2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto ore estimates based on a somple, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

	[Ooto ore estimot	tes bosed on o	somple, see Ir	troduction. Fo	or meoning of	symbols, see li	ntroduction. F	or definitions o	f terms, see of	ppendixes A on	d 8]	
Newark city	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cosh rent	Medion (dollors)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	6 039	497	742	1 587	1 545	707	371	218	154	-	218	203
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	2 315	26	171	521	662	349	216	146	117	_	107	231
15 to 24 yeors	597 764	5 12	71 34	198 151	199 173	45 173	33 100	43 47	53	-	3 21	208 250
35 to 44 years	317 395	-	7 46	39 77	99 95	55 60	32 51	22 12	47 17	_	16 37	263 234
65 years ond over	242 1 284	9 <b>73</b>	13 218	56 <b>446</b>	96 317	16 109	74	22 30	- 6	_	30 11	212 184
15 to 24 years	369 354	- 6	51 47	140 113	96 136	43 19	30 27	5 6	4	Ξ.	-	197 203
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	187 219	6 33	25 50	82 74	43	18 29	17	5	2	= =	8	180
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	155	28	45	37	28	249	_	14	-	-	3	163 153
15 to 24 years	2 440 470	398 61	<b>353</b>	620 151	566 126	68	81 14	42 11	31		100	186 196
25 to 34 years	480 270	48 12	24 29	130 56	191 70	51 71	28 17	_	12	-	3	209 220
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	496 724	86 191	99 162	125 158	116 63	25 34	11	31	5 6	_	29 68	168 144
/EAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	34.9	63.2	53.7	31.6	29.9	32.6	31.1	34.4	36.3	-	62.8	•••
979 to Morch 1980	2 895 2 042	87 275	281 224	759 583	805 551	399 206	227 123	195	121	-	21 24	218
975 to 1978	509 388	87	108	133 112	66 109	66 13	21	23	33	_	49	192 166
960 to 1969 959 or earlier	205	25 23	67 62	-	14	23	-	_	-	_	41 83	176 128
looms	135	59	24	50						_		103
rooms	406 1 461	45 217	26 95 235	50 113 605	114 289	14 70	15	25 13	- 9	-	- 8	188 170
rooms	1 657 1 225	94 48	247 73	435 240	519 408	241 189	65 101	31 58	4 24	- :	21 84	204 226
rooms	741 414	34	60	96 48	165 50	125	92 98	64 27	51 66	_	54 51	247 305
or more rooms	4.1	3.2	3.6	3.6	4.2	4.7	5.5	5.2	6.3	Ξ	5.5	
LUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979												
Ali income levels in 1979 omplete plumbing for exclusive use	6 039 5 889	<b>497</b> 448	<b>742</b> 696	1 587 1 562	1 <b>545</b> 1 519	<b>707</b> 707	<b>371</b> 371	<b>218</b> 218	154 154	-	218 214	<b>203</b> 204
0.50 or less	3 707 2 012	362 86	536 156	1 005	906 571	336 347	200 164	128 82	77	-	157 57	194
1.01 to 1.50	141	-	4	42	42	24	7	8	14	-	-	233 186
1.51 or more tcking complete plumbing for exclusive use	29 150	49	46	20 25	26	_	_	_	9 -		4	108
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	47 97	6 43	14 26	15 10	8 18	_	_	_	Ξ	_	4	172 102
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	6 -		6 -	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	115
Income in 1979 below poverty level	1 <b>458</b> 1 371	318 288	<b>235</b> 204	<b>330</b> 319	<b>294</b> 279	1 <b>33</b> 133	<b>60</b> 60	24 24	16 16	_	<b>48</b> 48	170 175
1.01 or more persons per room cking complete plumbing for exclusive use	67 87	30	31	12 11	16 15	15	7	8	9	_	-	284 108
1.01 or more persons per room	6	_	6	<u>'-</u>		-	-	-	-	-	-	115
ine	164	59	48	57	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	107
T	2 200 2 385	298 106	392 220	841 496	509 801	79 416	19 167	38 80	8 24	_	16 75	174 223
	1 133 124	34	82	170 18	204 14	180 28	168 10	79 21	111 11	_	105 22	259 290
or more	33	-	-	5	17	4	7	-	-	-	-	217
NITS IN STRUCTURE detoched or ottoched	1 779	39	124	343	443	296	188	76	78	-	192	233
and 4	1 022 1 343	28 78 78	166 186	345 507	291 355	99 93	52 42 60	64	18 14	-	12	195 185
to 9	774 i 763	113	213 18	154 155	123 265	93 73 146	60 29	31 25	39 5	_	3 7	176 215
or more	298 60	153 8	29 6	57 26	48 20	_	_	11	_	Ξ.	_	94 184
AR STRUCTURE BUILT	010	100	100	100	010	07	00	,,,,	F./		4	207
75 to Morch 1980 70 to 1974	913 776	138 133	100 53	103 122	213 288	97 100	83 31	119 31	56 10	_	4 8	227 210
60 to 1969	888 545	66 20	52 43	237 183	314 128	133 102	40 23	5	22 9	_	24 - 32	221 203
40 to 1949	788 2 129	30 110	96 398	281 661	1 54 448	105 170	72 122	7 56	19 38	-	24 126	189 185
ORIES IN STRUCTURE	5 830	350	705	1 587	1 527	700	371	218	154	_	218	205
r moreWith elevotor	209 176	147 147	37 29		18	7	-			_		78 74
OSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	,,,	14,	2,									, ,
s thon 15 percent	1 096	113	170	322	296	113	34	27	21	-		188
to 24 percent	1 103 888	107 121	117 85	284 255	332 187	129 131	64 54	47 16	23 39	-		206 196
to 29 percentto 34 percent	605 419	38 39	86 35	115 99	175 108	103 48	40 70	29 12	19 8	-		220 216
to 49 percent	605 1 043	39 34	114 123	150 339	143 289	51 132	39 70	45 36	24 20	_		200 204
computed	280 23.8	21.1	12 24.6	23 23.5	15 23.7	24.3	29.2	6 27.8	24.2	_	218	178
ECTED CHARACTERISTICS	6 039											
rting equipment	5 495 2 924	497 451 <b>307</b>	742 607	1 587 1 394	1 545 1 447	707 694	371 350	218 218 150	154 154 90	-	218 180 89	203 207 214
entrol system	1 342	195	<b>240</b> 53	<b>634</b> 110	<b>857</b> 388	<b>382</b> 251	1 <b>75</b> 113	125	76	-	31	238

## Table B-3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Loro are estimates based on a sample, see introduction. For meaning of symbols, see introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B J  Household income in 1979												
November sites		<u> </u>		\$10,000	\$12,500	\$15,000	\$20,000	\$25,000	\$35,000				Income in 1979 below
Newark city	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	to \$14,999	to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$23,000 to \$34,999	\$33,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Meon (dollors)	poverty
Owner-occupied housing units	9 952	963	1 463	697	762	1 623	1 527	1 829	769	319	18 238	21 252	648
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER  Married-couple families	6 937	166	662	403	519	1 256	1 343	1 609	691	288	21 880	25 192	174
15 to 24 years	226 1 549	17 22	5 41	23 65	14 150	69 361	57 429	31 373	10 76	32	17 917 21 644	1B 591 22 553	22
35 to 44 years	1 147 2 779	11 43 73	51 159	17 131	31 163	178 475	311 463	352 740	139 441	57 164	24 535 24 623	26 7B2 30 275	31 5B
65 years and over	1 236 <b>844</b> 91	128	406 <b>137</b> 37	167 <b>7</b> 1	161 <b>66</b> 9	173 <b>123</b> 12	83 110	113 <b>144</b> 12	25 <b>53</b>	35 <b>12</b>	12 081 15 667	16 800 17 612	41 67
15 to 24 years	190 111	21 10	6	41	27 13	2B 19	49 23	23 44	6	- 12	9 155 15 982 25 052	11 657 17 B06 30 OB7	21 10
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over	214 23B	5 92	14 80	11 19	10 7	37 27	31 7	65	41	-	24 167 6 500	23 3B7 B 723	36
Female householder, no husband present	2 171 21	669	664	223 B	177	244	74	76	25	19	7 691 B 95B	10 078 7 212	407
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	145 194	19 2B	42 34	36 51	30 10	1B 37	15	12	7	Ξ	10 799 11 716	10 343 13 B9B	26 27
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	616 1 195	145 470	1B6 396	53 75	79 5B	80 109	12 47	40 24	13 5	8 11	9 3BB 6 290	11 66B B 656	143 204
Median age	53.1	70.1	68.1	57.4	56.4	49.3	39.9	46.7	50.9	49.4	•••	•••	63.3
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	892	3B	70	57	9B	171	155	205	77	21	20 429	21 991	41
1975 to 1978	2 320 1 633	133 106	163 162	176 142	22B 89	414 211	530 276	412 411	171 195	93 41	20 447 21 987	22 149 26 944	120
1960 to 1969	2 275 2 B32	255 431	284 784	126 196	10B 239	416 411	317 249	459 342	200 126	110 54	19 4B9 12 552	23 295 15 360	152 264
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS													
Complete plumbing for exclusive use  1.01 or more persons per room	<b>9 908</b> 129	<b>947</b>	1 463 15	<b>689</b> 11	<b>762</b> 13	1 609 10	1 <b>521</b> 12	1 8 <b>29</b> 23	<b>769</b> 31	319 7	18 268 23 542	21 293 25 121	641
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	44	16	=	8	-	14	6	=	=		11 8 <b>75</b> 16 250	11 944 16 515	7
Heating equipment Central heating system	9 952 9 489	<b>963</b> 852	1 463 1 34B	<b>697</b> 646	<b>762</b> 716	1 623 1 566	1 <b>527</b> 1 492	1 829 1 794	<b>769</b> 756	<b>319</b> 319	18 23B 18 711	21 252 21 695	648 ( 573
Air conditioning Central system	<b>5 320</b> 2 660	<b>306</b> 110	656 285	<b>343</b> 127	420 177	771 284	<b>900</b> 419	1 <b>102</b> 639	<b>571</b> 413	251 206	20 993 24 297	25 056 30 B17	188
Vehicles available	<b>9 351</b> 3 40B	<b>626</b> 499	1 304 1 011	<b>680</b> 359	<b>727</b> 401	1 <b>599</b> 631	1 511 266	1 816 195	<b>769</b> 43	319 3	19 137 11 351	<b>22 197</b> 12 505	442 j 293 j
2 or more	5 943 <b>9 952</b>	127 <b>963</b>	293 1 <b>463</b>	321 697	326 <b>762</b>	96B 1 623	1 245 1 <b>527</b>	1 621 1 829	726 <b>769</b>	316 <b>319</b>	23 B56 18 238	27 754 21 252	149 648
Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gos	9 346 1B	906 10	1 3B6	657	75B	1 506	1 416	1 697 B	720	300	1B 060 4 375	21 242 14 224	610
Electricity	3B7 120	34 13	25 43 9	17	4	53 34	76 24	110	49	19	24 176 15 400	25 07B 14 045	21 1 11 4
Other	81 6.0	5.4	5.4	23 <b>5.7</b>	5.3	30 <b>6.0</b>	11 <b>6.1</b>	6.4	6.7	7.9	16 32B	16 375	5.6
Specified owner-occupied housing units	9 022	845	1 319	583	704	1 458	1 399	1 713	713	288	18 545	20 785	575
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS													1
With a mortgage	5 195	217	327	304	380	912	1 082	1 270	526	177	22 187	<b>23 584</b> 17 634	239
Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	853 1 006 896	81 54 15	151 74 39	60 B3 65	110 96 86	123 232 205	124 220 214	14B 223 171	56 24 82	19	15 756 19 196 20 825	17 634 19 069 22 481	90 5B 20
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	76B 523	24 20	3B 14	61	22 20	16B 65	172 109	179 179	95 82	9	22 336 26 599	23 445 27 191	33 \
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	63B 332	1B 5	5	17 12	31 15	71 34	157 62	205 97	B0 69	28 54 32	24 662 27 2B3	29 525 30 375	13
\$600 to \$749 \$750 or more	125 54				=	7	14	55 13	19	30 5	29 904 31 546	39 561 3B 146	-3 -7
Medion	\$291 3 827	\$225 <b>62</b> 8	\$20B <b>992</b>	\$257 <b>279</b>	\$242 <b>324</b>	\$275 <b>546</b>	\$296 <b>317</b>	\$326 443	\$354 18 <b>7</b>	\$437 111	12 612	16 986	\$225.7 336.5
Less thon \$50 \$50 to \$74	4B 355	20 133	2B 12B	2/7 - B	1B	35	317 - 18	- B	7	-	5 769 6 524	5 203 9 009	13 <sub>4</sub>
\$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124	1 390 1 101	253 131	406 299	164 76	139 106	225 154	10B 86	49 1B2	46 54	13	10 549 13 550	12 335 16 185	101 72
\$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	46B 360	59 26	73 37	6 25	43 12	83 45	53 52	87 97	41 19	23 47	17 727 23 712	20 531 30 607	512
\$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	71 34	6	21		6	4		20	7	11 17	26 563 62 500	30 453 111 7BB	19:
Medion	\$103	\$91	\$96	\$95	\$101	\$102	\$109	\$123	\$119	\$171	•••	•••	\$95
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD													
INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage	5 195	217	327	304	380	912	1 082	1 270	526	177	22 187	23 584	23%
Less thon 15 percent	2 007 1 146	-	6 32	19 14	43 109	16B 306	458 284	734 303	412 BB	167 10	2B 368 22 044	31 999 23 129	3
20 to 24 percent	777 510	15	34 64	67 67	86 76	254 80	180 123	143 72	13 13	-	1B 726 16 557	19 606 17 629	1/2
30 to 34 percent	253 490	185	2B 163	B0 57	2B 38	67 37	27 10	18	=	_	13 705 6 351	15 035 7 744	1 <sup>-1</sup> .
Not computed Medion	12 17.6	12 50+	34.9	28.9	22.2	19.7	16.5	13.9	11.5	10—	2500—	-2 508	1: 50-l
Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent	3 B27 1 B67	<b>62</b> B	<b>992</b> 68	<b>279</b> 92	<b>324</b> 215	<b>546</b> 453	<b>317</b> 304	<b>443</b> 443	187 181	111 111	12 612 21 B19	16 986 26 974	33
10 to 14 percent	73B 449	7 70	364 351	162 16	97 12	89 -	13	-	6	- '''	9 9B2 6 961	11 053 7 101	
20 to 24 percent	27B 109	129 75	140	9	-	- 4	-	-	-	Ξ	5 23B 4 317	5 47B 5 145	4)
30 to 34 percent	157 19B	13B 17B	19 20	-	_	=	_	_	_	Ξ	3 B65 3 137	4 099 2 BB1	13,
Not computed Medion	31 10.2	31 30.6	15.9	11.5	10—	10—	10—	10—	10—	10—	2500 —	-	34.2

## Table B -4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	Doto ore estimot	co proced Oil	o somple, see	mir oddelloll.		ousehold incor		ion. Tor den	illions of let	ma, and oppend	ince in ollo	1	
Newark city	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Mean (dollors)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	6 160	1 577	1 479	747	610	857	491	269	97	33	10 080	11 640	1 478
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER													
Married-couple families   1 5 to 24 years   25 to 34 years   35 to 44 years   45 to 64 years   65 years ond over   Male householder, no wife present   15 to 24 years   15 to 24 years   15 to 24 years   15 to 24 years   15	2 367 597 780 330 414 246 1 304 369 359	198 49 34 49 32 34 269 62 16	538 165 112 56 93 112 317 102	355 112 154 29 48 12 156 87 49	254 64 81 41 49 19 117 44 60	492 147 181 74 76 14 202 64 56	298 54 146 32 37 29 114 -	166 6 67 27 56 10 82 8 26	50 - 5 22 23 - 35 2	16 - - - 16 12 -	13 410 11 886 15 194 14 390 14 235 9 233 11 058 10 589 13 729	14 942 12 325 15 790 15 401 15 675 16 750 13 058 10 549 14 880	333 80 64 93 62 34 171 56
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years	191 230 155 <b>2 489</b> 476 485 274 520	23 82 86 1 110 154 195 59 248	85 19 57 54 <b>624</b> 126 100 89	15 5 - 236 56 67 22 40	- 6 7 <b>239</b> 68 70 45 36	46 28 8 163 41 33 32 19	40 19 - 79 16 20 15 22	20 37 11  21 9  12	7 14 - 12 6 - -	4 8 - 5 - - -	19 414 7 012 4 668 5 911 7 813 7 883 9 329 5 316	20 031 13 284 5 883 <b>7 758</b> 9 212 8 292 10 419 6 808	53 40 974 160 233 88 200 293
65 years and over	734 <b>35.2</b>	454 56.8	154 <b>38.0</b>	51 <b>27.8</b>	20 <b>28.5</b>	38 <b>30.6</b>	32.9	36.8	43.5	66.4	4 384	6 142	293 <b>39.6</b>
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	2 928 2 098 526 394 214	553 597 201 106 120	778 421 136 111 33	456 240 21 30	335 204 40 19 12	391 319 56 74 17	211 214 36 19	125 87 23 22 12	55 16 13 13	24 - - - 9	10 729 10 323 6 685 9 219 4 658	12 276 11 206 10 073 11 485 11 338	607 550 142 106 73
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM  Complete plumbing for exclusive use  0.50 or less  0.51 to 1.00  1.01 to 1.50  1.51 or more  Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	6 010 3 777 2 057 141 35 150 47	1 487 1 109 348 30 - 90 32	1 438 907 481 34 16 41	735 453 258 24 -	603 335 246 16 6 7	857 439 406 12	491 282 185 11 13	269 181 74 14 -	97 58 39 - -	33 13 20 - - -	10 272 9 285 11 933 10 677 13 125 4 085	11 811 11 050 13 159 11 830 14 513 4 814	1 391 830 488 58 15 87 28
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	97 6	52 6	26	12	7	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	=	=	3 672 4 650 2500—	4 016 5 374 2 005	53 6
1.51 or more  SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	6 160	1 577	1 479	747	610	857	491	269	97	- 33	10 080	11 640	1 478
Centrol hearing system Air condriboning Centrol system / control system / control system  2 or more couse hearing fuel Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gos Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Other.	5 596 2 978 1 375 4 948 3 159 1 789 6 160 4 527 50 1 539 21 23	1 323 659 273 727 622 105 1 577 1 111 22 416 21 7	1 364 610 223 1 230 994 236 1 479 1 082 18 367 —	657 329 129 709 455 254 747 614 4 129	579 357 174 588 400 188 610 450 6	809 443 214 828 417 411 857 633 — 224	465 312 187 485 165 320 491 332 - 159	269 160 96 259 93 166 269 217 - 52	97 75 55 93 9 84 97 67  30	33 33 24 29 4 25 33 21 -	10 422 11 672 13 398 11 823 9 797 16 093 10 080 10 287 6 500 9 828 2 614 5 938	12 042 13 287 15 346 13 195 10 719 17 567 11 640 11 742 7 109 11 694 2 860 5 849	1 245 552 238 827 623 204 1 478 1 084 1 15 362 10
Aedian rooms	4.1	3.6	3.9	4.2	4.3	4.7	4.8	4.8 258	5.5 90	4.9	9 998	11 540	4.0 1 458
Specified renter-occupied housing units	1 135 1 501 2 197 524	585 412 412 50	375 434 502 66	58 179 327 80	18 117 314 89	48 211 365 129	42 74 179 67	9 61 76 12	- 13 14 31	- - 8	4 881 8 750 11 411 14 354	6 546 10 236 11 891 15 266	509 370 411 86
250 to \$299 300 to \$349 350 to \$399 400 to \$499	217 139 108	26 2 6	5 5 30 -	30 21 5	22 15 6 -	52 24 - -	41 17 26	29 50 18	5 17	12 - - -	17 125 20 625 21 094	20 757 20 882 19 602	26 2 6
500 or more o cash rent ledion	218 \$155	61 \$115	49 \$139	17 \$168	17 \$171	19 \$171	29 \$185	3 \$193	10 \$215	13 \$279	9 891	15 702	48 \$126
ROSS RENT													
100 to \$149 150 to \$199 100 to \$249 250 to \$299 900 to \$349 850 to \$399 100 to \$499 500 or more 500 cash rent	497 742 1 587 1 545 707 371 218 154 	348 279 434 286 92 34 13 7 - 61 \$164	128 303 462 324 99 45 43 13 - 49 \$178	5 56 215 208 78 94 26 18 - 17 \$218	7 19 157 202 131 32 27 6 - 17 \$226	9 68 173 292 152 88 25 22 - 19 \$232	104 156 79 44 24 31 - 29 \$235	- 9 29 61 48 25 48 35 - 3 \$281	- 13 16 20 9 - 22 - 10 \$270	- - - - - - 12 - - - 13 \$358	3 894 6 420 8 950 11 953 14 113 13 477 15 000 21 528 9 891	4 385 7 412 10 068 12 260 14 888 14 922 20 413 21 625 	318 235 330 294 133 60 24 16 - 48 \$170
ROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD NCOME IN 1979													
ss than 15 percent to 19 percent 10 24 percent 10 34 percent 10 34 percent 10 49 percent 10 49 percent 10 49 percent 10 40 percent 10 40 percent	1 096 1 103 888 605 419 605 1 043 280 23.8	13 72 107 53 54 233 899 123 50+	94 159 257 246 230 287 144 49 29.0	56 128 180 160 102 74 - 17 24.6	56 231 164 94 25 11 - 17 20.1	286 359 129 47 8 - - 19 16.8	305 98 38 5 - - 29	192 50 13 - - - 3 12.7	74 6 - - - 10	20 - - - - - 13	20 584 14 583 11 111 10 055 8 322 5 759 3 082 6 635	21 849 14 480 11 358 9 888 8 292 6 138 3 133 12 225	42 87 117 39 51 168 844 110 50+

Table B-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	Uoto ore estime	otes bosed on o	somple, see intr	oduction. For it	leaning of symbo	ois, see introduct	ton. For definiti	ons or terms, se	e oppenaixes A	ona Bj	
Newark city	Total	Less thon \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Medion (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	5 195	853	1 006	896	768	523	638	332	125	54	291
PERSONS IN UNIT											,
l person	384 1 447	124 293	87	57 212	46 189	35 89	29 191	6 108	_ 24	- 4	239
2 persons3 persons	1 179	189	335 168	253	207	136	126	68 88	22	10	239 273 296 306 306 321 343 313
4 persons 5 persons	1 303 593	169 53	209 137	250 97	209 77	140 86	179 73	88 30	41 33	18 7	306 306
6 persons	214 58	25	137 53 10	21 6	19 15	30 7	26 14	30 22 6	5	13	321
7 persons8 or more persons	17		7	-	6	_	-	4	- <del>-</del>	<del>.</del>	313
Medion	3.15	2.55	2.98	3.21	3.22	3.51	3.29	3.26	3.90	4.11	•••
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER					(00						
Married-couple families	4 233 205	<b>637</b> 8	<b>787</b> 35	<b>703</b>	<b>623</b> 51	<b>453</b> 24	<b>545</b> 47	<b>312</b> 7	119	54	<b>299</b> 326
25 to 34 years	1 402 963	105 117	263 145	279 168	221 124	144 155	214 105	115 71	54 49	7 29	312
45 to 64 years	1 498	343 64	314	195	209	130	173	100	16	18	274
65 years ond over	165 <b>401</b>	31	30 <b>96</b>	28 81	18 <b>65</b>	45	70	19 <b>7</b>	6	_	231
15 to 24 years	67 134	18	19 34	8 18	6 34	13	21 24	_	_	_	352 292
35 to 44 years	88 93	13	34 12 22	18 27 18	13 12	6 9 17	20	7	- 6	- 1	321 274 231 294 352 295 315 285 231 171 26 297 228,
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	19	-	9	10	-	-	_		-	_	255
15 to 24 years	<b>561</b>	185 6	123	112	80	25	23	13 -	_	_	23°
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	111 138	29 12	18 25	30 36	24 45	10 8	12	_	-	-	26
45 to 64 years	221	79	66	46	ĩĩ	7	6	6	_	_	22!
65 years and over	85 <b>39.8</b>	59 <b>52.0</b>	14 <b>42.5</b>	38.0	37.2	37.7	35.9	7 <b>39.0</b>	36.7	41.3	172
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT											j
1979 to Morch 1980	753	49	63	49	151	101	172	79	62	27	38
1975 to 1978	1 873 1 093	145 165	290 241	357 270	340 119	252 106	242 137	190 40	52 11	5	38 32 27 23 21
1960 to 1969	1 063	304	335	161	119	38	70	18	'-	18	23
1959 or earlier	413	190	77	59	39	26	17	5	-	-	21,
ROOMS											į
1 to 3 rooms	39 267	13 81	22 74	39	30	20	23	_	_	_	21
5 rooms6 rooms	1 112 1 542	254 302	74 302 343	201 371	184 204	95 132	45 133	31 45	12	-	25
7 rooms	1 120	170	162	180	172	128	187	82	28	11	23! 25! 26( 31! 35!
8 or more rooms	1 115 6.3	33 5.8	103 5.8	105 6.1	178 6.3	148 6.6	246 7.1	174 7.6	85 8.0	43 8.0	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT											• 1.
1975 to Morch 1980	382	6	_	_	43	53	91	121	54	14	49
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	341 961	8 66	9 181	60 177	48 135	27 127	86 149	41 92	52 4	10 30	42
1950 to 1959	859	216	156	110	172	59	107	33	6	-	427 324 27 29 21
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	563 2 089	65 492	117 543	117 432	127 243	61 196	136	7 38	9	_	25
VALUE											1
Less thon \$10,000	67	40	22	5	-	-	-	_	-	_	$\mathbf{r}_i^{l}$
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	485 1 050	190 257	215 280	50 247	30 123	97	40	- 6	_	_	25
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	1 209	223 102	251 112	283 158	240	116	91	5	,-	-	2) 2) 2
\$50,000 to \$59,999	918 442	20	68	58	203 64	125 85	148 61	59 79	11	7	3}
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999	710 202	21	58	80 15	91 17	70 25	211 72	121 26	58 27	20	47
\$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	90 22	-	-	-	-	5	10	31	29	15 12	7502
Medion	\$38 200	\$28 200	\$29 100	\$34 300	\$39 700	\$42 600	\$57 600	\$62 200	\$77 500	\$100 000	.4
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS											
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										_	Ž
Less thon 15 percent	2 007 1 146	495 137	536 196	379 230	240 206	173 142	127 132	32 74	20 29	5 -	*QWforthoon
20 to 24 percent	777 510	61 68	103 54	114 78	151 48	109 27	155 109	71 70	7 36	6 20	3.
30 to 34 percent	253	19	14	41	39	32	52	24	26	6	<u> </u>
35 percent or more Not computed	490 12	73	97 6	54	84	40	57 6	61	7	17 -	
Medion	17.6	13.4	14.5	16.5	18.5	18.1	21.8	24.2	25.9	29.0	.1
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS											i
Steam or hot water system	<b>5 195</b> 157	<b>853</b> 20	1 <b>00</b> 6 29	<b>896</b> 26	<b>768</b> 45	<b>523</b>	<b>638</b>	<b>332</b>	125	54	
Centrol warm-air furnoce or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units	4 708 45	739	899	802 10	693	472 8	608	316	125	54	1
Floor, woll, or pipeless turnoce	143	61	18	29	10	25	-	-	=	-	
Other means Air conditioning	142 3 025	26 458	60 <b>494</b>	29 <b>520</b>	14 <b>433</b>	7 261	430	270	105	54	
Centrol system1 or more individual room units	1 615 1 410	140 318	198 296	210 310	233 200	169 92	307 123	203 67	101	54	
House heating fuel	5 195	853	1 006	896	768	523	638	332	125	54	Ī
Utility gos Bottled, tonk, or LP gos	4 824	832	965	856 -	707	465	583	275	94	47 -	
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	283 43	14 7	19	16 7	38 23	52 6	49	57	31	7	)
Other	45	-	22	17		_	6	_	-	-	١.

#### Table B-6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimotes bosed on o somple, see Introduction. For meoning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

	[Doto ore estimote:	s bosed on o some	ile, see illifodocii	on, For meoning	or symbols, see i	ntroduction. For	definitions of ferm	is, see oppendixes	A ONG BJ	
Newark city	Total	Less thon \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (dollors)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	3 827	48	355	1 390	1 101	468	360	71	34	103
PERSONS IN UNIT										
1 person	1 215 1 845	32 16	147 186	597 641	276 586	104 195	53 154	6 52	_ 15	93 103
3 persons	426 182	-	16	82	155	91	82	_	_	119
4 persons5 persons	182	-	6	37 14	63 13	18 48	38 33	13	7 12	142
6 persons	28 6	_	-	14	8	6	_	Ξ	_	103 119 119 142 100 138 88
8 or more persons	5	-	-	5		-	-	-	_	
Medion	1.88	1.25	1.66	1.65	1.97	2.17	2.32	2.07	3.79	•••
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	0 127	-	144	454	683	004	072	50	20	100
Married-couple families	2 137	7	146	656	-	284 -	273 -	58	30	109
25 to 34 yeors	42 119		4	26 12	6 22	40	45	_	6	91 · 141
45 to 64 years	1 011 965	. 7	26 116	275 343 <b>143</b>	381 274	132 112	150 78	34 24	13 11	113
65 years and over	342	12	57	143	83	13	34	-	_	93
15 to 24 yeors	13 29		- - 7	12	5	8 -	17	-	_	130
35 to 44 yeors	19 93		7 12	6 35	6 31	5	10	_	_	85 100
65 years and over	188 1 <b>348</b>	12 <b>29</b>	12 38 <b>152</b>	35 90 <b>591</b>	41 335	171	7 <b>53</b>	_ 13	4	87
emale householder, no husband present	15 15 12	-	- 6	8	-	-	7	-	-	98
25 to 34 years	12 33		-	16	6 7	10	_	_	_	141 113 102 93 130 157 85 100 87 96 98 87 102
45 to 64 years	33 308 980	29	29 117	103 464	80 242	67 94	18 28	7 6	4	107 94
Aedian age	66.9	75.7	70.9	69.9	65.2	63.6	59.4	62.7	53.2	
EAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
979 to Morch 1980	50 237	-	6 39	15 64	11 52	12 38	6 38	_ 6	-	109 107
975 to 1978 970 to 1974	394	7	19	144	90	56	61	11	6	107
960 to 1969	1 025 2 121	7 34	75 216	312 855	344 604	123 239	128 127	15 39	21 7	109 99
ooms										
to 3 rooms	76	7	21	35	_	6	7	_	_	82
rooms	476 1 106	21 6	117 119	204 515	112 363	22 64	33	- 6	_	82 87 96
rooms	1 247	14	62	437	395	202	117	20	-	96 107
(rooms	635 287		30 6	150 49	169 62	136 38	127 76	10 35	13 21	120 142
edion	5.7	4.3	4.8	5.4	5.7	6.2	6.7	7.4	7.9	
EAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
775 to Morch 1980	19   70	_	_	6 7	7	34	6 29	_	_	113 146
760 to 1969	436 771	- 6	15 74	111 256	149 243	68 89	69 85	13 12	11 6	115 [
'40 to 1949	504	7	65	215	137	37	16	27	-	105 96
39 or eorlier	2 027	35	201	795	565	240	155	19	17	99
ALUE	100		a.					,		01
ss thon \$10,000	103   717	25	21 144	36 304	14 172	19 45	27	6 -	_	91 91
0,000 to \$29,999 0,000 to \$39,999	935 900	16	147	380	254 307	67 96	64 47	7	-	95 100
0,000 to \$49,999	541 283	-	27 9	423 179	212	96 97 63	31 47	6	7	110 122
0,000 to \$59,999 0,000 to \$79,999	239	=	. 7	57 11	89 46	70	99	14 7	6	147
0,000 to \$99,999 00,000 to \$149,999	61   33	_	_	-	7	6 5	36 9	12 19		174 207
50,000 or more	\$31 <b>500</b>	- \$16 700	\$20 800	\$29 200	\$32 700	\$40.700	\$51 600	\$76 800	15 \$78 300	250+
LECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS	φ31 <b>3</b> 00	φιο 700	\$2U 0UU	φ <b>27</b> 200	φ32 /UU	\$40 700	φ31 000	φ/0 000	Ψ/0 300	•••
ERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
s thon 10 percent	1 867	22	132	659	542	248	202	38	24	106
to 14 percent	738 449	13	132 78 70	294 168	195 143	88 40	64 22	- 6	6 -	99 98
to 24 percentto 29 percent	278 109	- 7 -	40	110	77 33 54	22	22 11		_ 4	96 100
to 34 percent	157	-	14	70	54	5		14	-	98
percent or more	198 31	- 6	7	48	51 6	52 7	34 5	13	=	125 110
dion	10.2	10—	12.7	10.6	10.1	10—	10—	10—	10—	•••
ECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
tring equipment	3 <b>827</b> 162	48	355 7	1 <b>390</b> 30	1 101 32	468 25	<b>360</b> 46	<b>71</b> 18	34 4	103 137
entrol worm-oir furnoce or electric heat pump ther built-in electric units	3 270 14	6	265	1 249	965 8	424	278 6	53	30	103 122
loor, woll, or pipeless furnoce	127	20	17	43	47	-	_	_	=	90
Ither means	254 1 <b>823</b>	22 12	56 88	68 591	49 <b>565</b>	19 <b>282</b>	30 <b>235</b>	20	30	89 110
entrol system or more individual room units	869 954	12	27 61	229 362	267	171 111	152 83	6 14	17 13	117 104
se heating fuel	3 827 3 682	48	355 350	1 390	298 1 101	468	360 327	71	34 34	103
tility gos ottled, tonk, or LP gos	- 1	48 –	-	1 351	1 054	447	_	71 –	34 -	102
ectricityuel oil, kerosene, etc	66 43	_	-	12 21	14 16	15 6	25 -	_	Ξ	137 101
ther	36	-	5	6	17	_	8	_	-	110

Table B-7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Ooto ore estimotes based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		0	wner-occupied	housing units			Renter-occupied housing units							
Newark city	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1 <b>9</b> 74	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier		
Occupied housing units	9 952	450	492	1 506	2 935	4 569	6 160	926	776	902	1 369	2 187		
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	6 937	397	415	1 127	2 099	2 899	2 367	302	269	280	592	924		
15 to 24 years	226 1 549	169	7 114	31 204	78 438	110 624	597 780	72 111	93 104	128 66	120 219	184 280		
35 to 44 years	1 147 2 779 1 236	120 108	111 153 30	225 537 130	170 930 483	521 1 051 593	330 414 246	40 45 34	19 32 21	22 43 21	81 107 65	168 187 105		
65 years and over	<b>844</b> 91	30 4	27	112 13	188 34	<b>487</b> 40	1 304 369	<b>233</b> 80	163 42	1 <b>75</b> 43	<b>346</b> 94	105 <b>387</b> 110		
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	190 111	20	- 6	24	71 17	99 64 119	359 191	87 13	53 40	54 34	101 54	64 50 77 86		
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	214 238 <b>2 171</b>	6 23	11 10 <b>50</b>	43 32 <b>267</b>	41 25 <b>648</b>	165 1 183	230 155 <b>2 489</b>	25 28 <b>391</b>	28 - 344	31 13 <b>447</b>	69 28 <b>431</b>	86 876		
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	21 145	6	7	18	8 43	6 78	476 485	67 72	111 117	100 53	97 52 55	101		
35 to 44 years	194 616	17	20 23	28 90	44 212	102 274	274 520	25 63	6 36	54 96	131	134		
65 years and over	1 195 <b>53.1</b>	36.9	42.7	131 <b>50.3</b>	341 <b>56.6</b>	723 <b>54.2</b>	734 <b>35.2</b>	164 <b>33.8</b>	74 <b>28.6</b>	144 <b>35</b> .5	96 <b>35.1</b>	256 38.9		
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	892	124	75	123	224	346	2 928	602	434	314	595 469	983		
1975 to 1978	2 320 1 633 2 275	326	155 262	372 292 719	625 416 591	842 663	2 098 526 394	324	285 57	417 114	469 122 137	603 233		
1960 to 1969	2 832	Ξ	=	-	1 079	965 1 753	214	=	=	57 -	46	200 ; 168 ;		
ROOMS	18	-	-	-	7	1]	139	14	16	29	23	57		
2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms	140 904	_ _ 14	4 28	29 96	50 492	57 274	406 1 475 1 676	148 317 212	101 210 280	8 220 390	47 259 369	102 j 469 425 j		
5 rooms6 rooms	2 507 2 974	26 76	81 93	410 401	951 849	1 039 1 555	1 284 752	122 74	80 65	192 41	397 196	493 376		
7 or more rooms Medion	3 403 6.0	334 7.4	286 6.9	570 6.0	586 5.5	1 627 6.1	428 4.1	39 3.4	24 3.7	22 4.0	78 4.5	265 4.6		
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	9 908	450	492	1 506	2 927	4 533	6 010	914	769	884	1 334	2 109		
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	7 089 2 690	288 162	346 132	1 151 355	2 250 644	3 054 1 3 <b>9</b> 7	3 777 2 057	651 250	501 262	583 297	789 472	1 253 776		
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	117 12 44	Ξ	14	Ξ	26 7 8	77 5 <b>36</b>	141 35 <b>150</b>	13	6 - 7	4 - 18	54 19 <b>35</b>	64( 16) <b>78</b> , 32, 40.		
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	40	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	8	32	47 97	6	7	18	9 26	32		
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	4	Ξ	_	Ξ	Ξ	4	6 -	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	6.		
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	1 857	39	25	244	537	1 012	2 594	529	328	403	492	842		
2 persons3 persons	3 621 1 742	100 88	170 87	586 260	1 345 509	1 420 798	1 594 873	163 119	251 110	266 140	390 212	524 292		
4 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons	1 600 769 363	139 51 33	117 72 21	311 88 17	339 151 54	694 407 238	604 233 262	90 11 14	63 24	61 22 10	132 50 93	258 126 145		
Medion Totol persons	2.36 26 841	3.48 1 488	3.09 1 620	2.37 4 063	2.19 7 186	2.40 12 484 :	1.80	1.38	1.74 1 465	1.68	1.99 3 267	1.98		
UNITS IN STRUCTURE		1 400	1 020	4 003	7 180	12 404	13 714	1 771	1 405	1 ///	3 207	Ĕ		
1, detoched or ottoched	9 4 <b>9</b> 0 212	425 - 13	429 6	1 440	2 857 26 9	4 339 176	1 900 1 022	88 63	35 37	140 72 238	625 282 282	1 012 568 429		
3 ond 4 5 to 9 10 to 49	79 24 21	13 - -	12	15 4 7	4	36 4 14	1 343 774 763	235 206 193	163 183 220	153 252	79 78	159 26		
50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc	122	4 8	39	36	39	= =	298 60	141	113 25	44	23	-2 4		
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	9 952	450	492	1 506	2 935	4 569	6 160	926	776	902	1 369	2 18:		
Steam or hot water system Centrol worm-air fumoce or electric heat pump	369 8 718	404	449	79 1 357	97 2 595	193 3 913	330 3 889	7 401	- 476	116 486	73 931	13.4 1 59.5		
Other built-in electric units Floor, woll, or pipeless fumoce	90 312	33	14	29 15	24 121	162	1 096 281	496	274 18	255 32 13	55 154	18 7 374		
Other means Air conditioning Central system	463 <b>5 320</b> 2 660	13 <b>359</b> 344	29 <b>368</b> 310	1 100 844	98 1 <b>689</b> 804	297 1 <b>804</b> 358	564 <b>2 978</b> 1 375	16 <b>874</b> 421	8 <b>692</b> 467	625 311	156 <b>471</b> 116	31		
l or more individual room units	2 660 <b>9 952</b>	15 <b>450</b>	58 <b>492</b>	256 <b>1 506</b>	885 2 935	1 446 <b>4 569</b>	1 603 <b>6 160</b>	453 <b>926</b>	225 <b>776</b>	314 <b>902</b>	355 1 369	25 2 18		
Utility gos 8ottled, tonk, or LP gos	9 346 18	255 190	388 10	1 430	2 832 8	4 441	4 527 50	245 10	390	527	1 278 - 84	2 08		
Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	387 120 81	5	65 6 23	48 28	43 38 14	41 43 44	1 539 21 23	671 - -	386	368 3 4	7	1,		
Percent below poverty level	<b>648</b> 6.5	Ξ	23 23 4.7	<b>59</b> 3.9	<b>165</b> 5.6	<b>401</b> 8.8	1 <b>478</b> 24.0	<b>218</b> 23.5	1 <b>77</b> 22.8	195 21.6	<b>250</b> 18.3	<b>63</b> 29		
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	963	_	27	122	232	582	1 577	212	193	224	263	68		
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499	1 463 697	17 12	25 43	120 67	495 244	806 331	1 479 747	218 88	180 54	189 137	290 196	6C:		
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	762 1 623 1 527	19 42 91	44 25 61	80 228 251	286 475 383	333 853 741	610 857 491	110 105 79	77 120 99	78 123 86	208 213 109	15 29 13		
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	1 829 769	125 71	138 108	366 212	520 236	680 142	269 97	77 25	41 8	37 20	53 33	, ,		
\$50,000 or more Median Mean	319 \$18 238 \$21 252	73 \$28 241 \$33 485	21 \$25 905 \$26 772	\$22 838 \$24 643	\$16 886 \$21 499	101 \$16 261 \$17 517	\$10 080 \$11 640	\$10 938 \$13 233	\$10 694 \$12 294	\$10 693 \$12 222	4 \$11 677	\$7 8%		
	\$21 232	\$33 403	\$20 //2	\$26 643	\$21 499	\$17 D17	\$11 640	\$13 Z33	\$12 386	\$12 322	\$12 693	\$9 72		

### able B -8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		Owner-occupied I	nousing units		Renter-occupied housing units							
lewark city	Total	1 unit, detoched or ottoched	2 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.	Total	l unit, detoched or ottoched	2 units	3 ond 4	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.
Occupled housing units Condominium housing units	9 952 62	9 490 18	<b>340</b> 44	122	6 160 90	1 900 25	1 022	1 343 30	774	<b>763</b> 26	298	60
OUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER arried-couple families	6 937	6 663	209	65	2 367	1 007	450	406	236	206	30	32
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	226 1 549 1 147	210 1 481 1 105	12 50 36	18 6	597 780 330	163 282 213	109 172 60	180 137 27	71 82	63 76	11 10	21
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over	2 779 1 236	2 676 1 191	71 40	32 5	414 246	255 94	64 45	38 24	25 29 29	17 45	9	11
ale householder, no wife present	844 91	<b>796</b> 86	18	<b>30</b> 5	1 304 369	<b>275</b> 57	221 108	<b>360</b> 79	168 50	<b>203</b> 62	70 13	7
25 to 34 years	190 111	176 111	14	-	359 191	65 45	71 18	123 83	32 8	63 25	5 12	-
45 to 64 years65 years ond over	214 238	200 223	4	10 15	230 155	52 56	18	43 32	52 26	46 7	19 21	7
male householder, no husband present	2 171 21	2 031 21	113	27 -	2 489 476 485	618 94 131	<b>351</b> 56 67	<b>577</b> 131 154	<b>370</b> 73 59	354 86	198 26	<b>21</b> 10
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	145 194 616	139 185 548	9	19	274 520	84 134	80 67	55 108	25 144	74 21 41	6 18	3 8
65 years and over	1 195 <b>53.1</b>	1 138 <b>53.0</b>	49 <b>53.6</b>	8 <b>54.7</b>	734 <b>35.2</b>	175 38.9	81 <b>31.7</b>	129 <b>29.9</b>	69 <b>39.8</b>	132 <b>29.8</b>	148 <b>67.6</b>	34.6
AR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 79 to Morch 1980	892	835	38	19	2 928	761	562	692	401	389	93	30
75 to 1978	2 320 1 633	2 212 1 544	80 56	28 33	2 098 526	560 231	315 96	452 101	267 35	305 35	177 28	22
60 to 1969	2 275 2 832	2 177 2 722	69 97	29 13	394 214	210 138	33 16	74 24	43 28	34	=	_ 8
0MS   oom	18	14	4	_	139	4	.=	20	43	44	28	-
ooms	140 1004	112	6	22	406 1 475	28 139	63 232	169 460	75 190	39 240	25 188	7 26
ooms	904 2 507 2 974	778 2 353 2 943	64 129 25	62 25 6	1 676 1 284 752	260 676 445	423 166 121	363 207 84	267 106 70	291 122 27	52 - 5	20 7
or more rooms	3 403 6.0	3 290 6.0	106 5.2	7 4.1	428 4.1	348 5.3	17 4.0	40 3.6	23 3.8	3.7	3.0	3.4
UMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM nplete plumbing for exclusive use	9 908	9 460	326	122	6 010	1 896	983	1 310	744	731	286	60
).50 or less	7 089 2 690	6 760 2 588	232 81	97 21	3 777 2 057	1 071 742	591 335	859 428	473 264	525 200	240 46	18 42
1.01 to 1.50	117 12	100 12	13	4	141 35	68 15	44 13	16 7	7	6	-	_
king complete plumbing for exclusive use	<b>44</b> 40	<b>30</b> 30	14 10	Ξ	150 47	4	<b>39</b> 23	<b>33</b> 8	<b>30</b>	32	12 6	-
).51 to 1.00 (.01 to 1.50	-	=	- - 4	-	97 6	_	16 -	25 -	18 6	32	6	-
ROOMS	18	- 14	4	-	1/0	-	_	-	-	44	28	_
)e	275 2 645	14 217 2 401	36 172	22 72	168 2 234 2 418	4 214 744	6 421 468	28 731 485	58 300 298	312 361	28 226 39	30 23
	5 536 1 278	5 449 1 226	65 46	22 6	1 170 131	779 125	116	99	118	46	5	7
USEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	200	183	17	-	39	34	5	-	-	-	-	-
thon \$5,000	963 1 463	906 1 399	14 49	43 15	1 577 1 479	443 404	225 329	303 306	211 202	164 179	201 56	30
7,000 to \$12,499	697 762	634 720	47 33	16 9	747 610	277 175	133 91	192 137	69 95	71 89	17	5
,000 to \$19,999 ,000 to \$24,999	1 623 1 527	1 522 1 479	77 44	24	857 491	292 166	138 65	213 77	91 62	105 114	18	7
,000 to \$34,999	1 829 769 319	1 778 740 312	44 25	7	269 97 33	95 39	37 4	71 2B	27 17	24 9	6	-
000 or more	\$18 238 \$21 252	\$18 501 \$21 415	\$16 378 \$20 395	\$10 469 \$10 966	\$10 080 \$11 640	\$10 930 \$12 287	\$9 364 \$10 555	\$10 814 \$12 602	\$9 330 \$10 918	\$11 356 \$12 786	\$4 128 \$5 854	\$6 250 \$11 585
ECTED CHARACTERISTICS hing equipment	9 952	9 490	340	122	6 160	1 900	1 022	1 343	774	763	298	60
team or hot woter system ientrol worm-air fumace or electric heat pump	369 8 718	353 8 381	16 260	77	330 3 889	43 1 399	31 736	68 757	86 438	102 420	102	37
ther built-in electric unitsoor, woll, or pipeless fumoce	90 312	72 276	13 14	5 22	1 096 281	63 116	89 53	342 56	170 42	231	196	5 8
ther means	463 5 <b>320</b>	408 5 104	37 <b>157</b>	18 59	564 2 978	279 488	113 <b>309</b>	120 <b>636</b>	38 545	670	298	10 <b>32</b>
introl system	2 660 <b>9 351</b> 3 408	2 604 <b>8 928</b> 3 191	311 140	12 112	1 375 4 948 2 150	195 1 615	52 <b>805</b> 535	248 1 109 763	314 606 438	426 <b>609</b> 405	140 <b>154</b> 131	50 28
or more	5 943 9 952	5 737 9 490	149 162 <b>340</b>	68 44 122	3 159 1 789 <b>6 160</b>	859 756 <b>1 900</b>	535 270 <b>1 022</b>	346 1 343	168 774	204 <b>763</b>	23 298	28 22 <b>60</b>
hility gos	9 346 18	8 935	315 8	96 10	4 527 50	1 805	865 32	885	546	334 4	47 -	45
ectricity	387 120	362 112	13	12	1 539 21	78 5	119	440 6	228	418	251 _	5 10
her ser heating fuel	9 933	9 475	336	122	6 130	1 900	1 022	1 343	756	7 <b>757</b>	292	60
ottled, tonk, or LP gos	8 381 54 1 498	8 058 48	287	36 6	4 049 64	1 608 19	771 31	837 3 503	475 7 274	317 4 436	41 _ 251	- 60
el oil, kerosene, etcher	1 498	1 369	49 _ _	80 - -	2 017	273	220	503		430	251	-
ly householderith own children under 18 years	<b>7 975</b> 3 595	<b>7 646</b> 3 471	<b>259</b> 106	<b>70</b> 18	<b>3 239</b> 1 961	1 301 850	565 354	<b>637</b> 345	<b>375</b> 213	283 147	<b>36</b> 21	<b>42</b> 31
With own children under 6 years	1 356 <b>785</b>	1 322 <b>730</b>	24 <b>50</b>	10	1 272 <b>767</b>	504 <b>269</b>	226 <b>94</b>	248 <b>196</b>	134 <b>128</b>	121 <b>70</b>	15 -	24 10
ith own children under 18 years	338 66	330 66	8 -	_	610 339	214 116	88 39	140 88	109 49	49 37	-	10 10
amily householder te in 1979 below poverty level	1 977 648	1 844 609	81 14	52 25	2 921 1 478	599 446	457 256	706 242	399 223	480 154	262 132	18 25
rcent below poverty level	6.5	6.4	4.1	20.5	24.0	23.5	25.0	18.0	28.8	20.2	44.3	41.7

Table B-9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Doto ore estimotes based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Doto ote estilito	ies basea on o	somple, see intro	oduction. For me	dilling of Symbols	, see introduction	ii. Foi deminio	is of ferris, see	oppendixes A o	iiu oj	
Newark city	Total	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Medion	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nonrelotives present	9 952 246	1 857 -	<b>3 621</b> 79	1 <b>742</b> 57	1 <b>600</b> 48	<b>769</b> 47	<b>277</b> 8	64 -	<b>22</b> 7	<b>2.36</b> 3.27	<b>26 841</b> 820
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	164 904 2 507 2 974 1 885	105 371 586 491 207	48 356 1 084 1 126 630	4 104 460 605 337	6 49 206 480 418	24 115 194 199	- 51 55 67	- - 23 14	- 5 - 13	1.27 1.73 2.12 2.38 2.81	255 1 687 5 886 7 984 5 666
8 or more rooms Medion PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less.	1 518 6.0 9 908 9 779	96 5.3 1 841 1 841	377 5.8 3 597 3 590	232 6.0 1 <b>738</b> 1 738	441 6.6 1 600 1 594	237 6.8 <b>769</b> 745	104 7.0 <b>277</b> 226	27 7.1 <b>64</b> 41	7.0 22 4	3.62  <b>2.37</b> 2.35	5 363  <b>26 766</b> 26 030
1.01 to 1.50	117 12 44 40 - 4	- 16 16 -	- 7 <b>24</b> 24 - -	- 4 - - 4	6	24 - - - -	51 - - - - -	23 - - - -	13 5 - - - -	6.06 2.36 <b>1.75</b> 1.67 - 3.00	700 36 <b>75</b> 60
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or ottoched  2 or more  Mobile home or troiler, etc.	9 490 340 122	1 724 81 52	3 463 113 45	1 672 56 14	1 556 37 7	723 42 4	266 11 -	64 - -	22 - -	2.37 2.29 1.70	25 484 1 073 284
VALUE  Specified owner-occupied housing units  Less thon \$10,000	9 022 170 1 202 1 985 2 109 1 459 725 949 263 123	1 599 45 338 390 472 208 72 69	3 292 64 410 729 748 549 309 336 82 45	1 605 32 152 352 398 317 133 176 25	1 485 9 138 303 282 231 123 261 91 42	713 15 103 120 178 86 61 94 50	242 47 60 31 56 16 -	64 - 7 31 - 12 7 7	22 5 7 - - 4 6	2.38 2.13 2.14 2.33 2.28 2.45 2.44 2.89 3.77 3.07	24 198 423 2 786 5 112 7 5 462 7 4 056 2 002 2 751 952 503
\$150,000 or more	\$37 \$35 000 9 952	\$30 500 1 <b>857</b>	\$35 700 \$3621	\$36 400 1 742	\$40 600 1 600	\$36 500 <b>769</b>	\$32 300 277	\$28 100 64	\$17 100 22	2.42	151  26 841
Medion income Medion selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income Mith a mortgage Not mortgage Not mortgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level	\$18 238 14.7 17.6 10.2 648	\$6 898 19.8 26.5 17.8 <b>358</b>	\$17 181 12.8 17.8 10— 127	\$22 797 14.5 17.5 10—	\$23 467 15.3 16.4 10— 78	\$23 799 14.2 15.7 10— 43	\$23 750 16.7 18.3 10— <b>20</b>	\$33 611 13.0 14.0 10—	\$26 250 10— 16.3 10—	1.41	
Medion income	\$3 148 50+ 50+ 34.1	\$2 645 47.4 50+ 40.4	\$3 277 47.1 50+ 28.8	\$3 750 50+ 50+ 22.5	\$3 594 50+ 50+ 50+	\$6 062 30.7 34.0 22.5	\$6 071 50+ 50+ 17.5	-	-		
Renter-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present ROOMS	6 160 454	2 594 -	1 <b>594</b> 281	873 88	<b>604</b> 39	<b>233</b> 27	154 14	<b>69</b> 5	39 -	1.80 2.31	13 714 1 211
1 room	139 406 1 475 1 676 1 284 752 428 4.1	132 323 983 633 356 127 40 3.4	7 77 386 527 314 187 96 4.1	- 6 76 301 286 125 79 4.7	21 173 202 135 73 5.0	- - 5 76 104 48 5.8	- - 24 44 34 52 5.8	- 9 13 - 23 24 6.0	- - 6 17 16 6.3	1.03 1.13 1.25 1.89 2.41 3.00 3.49	140 495 2 165 3 361 3 260 2 550 1 743
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less	6 010 5 834 141 35 1 <b>50</b> 144 6	2 478 2 478 - 116 116	1 587 1 580 - 7 7 7 7	853 853 	<b>597</b> 576 21 - 7 7	233 228 5 - - -	154 86 68 - - - -	69 24 23 22 - -	39 9 24 6 -	1.83 1.78 6.15 6.98 1.15 1.12 3.00	13 500 12 427 3 8747 199 7 214 5 200 2 144
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or ottoched 2	1 900 1 022 1 343 774 763 298 60	508 397 617 379 413 262 18	459 253 444 195 211 17	294 172 188 119 86 14	296 127 46 65 45 5	166 17 26 9 8 - 7	89 43 22 - - - -	56 13 - - - -	32 - - 7 - -	2.46 1.95 1.62 1.54 1.42 1.07 2.30	5 7602 2 3043 2 4123 1 405 1 2872 396 150
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$349 \$400 to \$499	6 039 497 742 1 587 1 545 707 371 218 154	2 545 360 490 808 542 98 85 59	1 <b>575</b> 75 120 473 427 252 69 58 45	855 41 77 153 297 142 78 28 23	594 5 51 67 163 147 87 31	221 16 - 29 49 33 36 23 8	147 - 4 44 50 6 11 11 21	69 - - 13 8 12 5 8 23	33 - - - 9 17 - - 7	1.80 1.19 1.26 1.48 2.04 2.52 2.90 2.36 3.46	13 284 710 1 140 2 914 3 431 1 949 1 065 705 669
\$500 or more No cosh rent Medion	218 \$203	93 \$175	56 \$211	16 \$227	26 \$249	27 \$256	- \$218	- \$315	- \$282	1.79	701 ;
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979  Median income	6 160 \$10 080 23.8 1 478 \$3 147	2 594 \$6 711 27.6 709 \$2500— 50+	1 594 \$12 156 20.7 251 \$3 379 50+	\$73 \$11 823 21.9 <b>200</b> \$3 291 50+	\$12 250 23.5 191 \$5 156 50+	233 \$14 482 22.7 38 \$6 818 45.0	\$12 727 22.9 51 \$4 922 50+	\$15 509 28.0 24 \$6 389 50+	\$20 417 16.1 14 \$12 188 32.5	1.80  1.62 	13 714

Table B - 10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Oato ore estimotes bosed on o sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

	Medion	53.1	68.9 61.1 64.5 38.5 40.7	53.0 43.5 63.3 47.5	26.44.68.84.44.66.76.77.77.79.79.79.79.79.79.79.79.79.79.79.	35.2	31.3 30.2 30.2 36.5 36.5	35.1 36.5 36.3 22.5	33.2 33.2 39.1 28.0 1.0 28.1 4.1 4.1 4.3 3.3 8.1 1.1 6.1 1.1
	65 years and over	1 195	926 249 20 20 - - - 1.15	179	1 065 865 866 866 866 866 867 878 878 878 878 878	734	23.00	716	72. 196 197 197 197 197 197 197 197 197
od present	45 to 64 yeors	919	355 172 46 23 13 1.37	612 9 4 4	22.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2.2	520	406 57 48 9 9 - - 1.14 678	118	28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 2
emole householder, no husbond present	35 to 44 years	194	35 35 30 30 633	194	71. 138. 138. 138. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20. 20	274	104 204 206 206 206 206	266 19 8	270 322 32 32 32 32 32 32 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 34 36 36 37 36 36 36 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37
emole househol	25 to 34 yeors	145	33 36 62 7 7 2.56 382	145	113 111 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	485	222 81 103 52 27 27 1.75	479	480 848 848 840 779 779 779 779 779 779 779 779 779 77
1	15 to 24 yeors	12	88 17 1 184	21	27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 24.7.	476	189 214 44 29 1,73 1,73	445 - 31 6	470 51 51 89 89 40 47 102 17 24.8
	65 yeors and over	238	201 30 7 7 7 1 09 278	738	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	155	137 10 8 8 - - - 1.07	155	155 17 17 25 25 20 35 42 35.8
present	45 to 64 yeors	214	117 37 21 28 13 141 427	214	86. 86. 86. 86. 86. 86. 86. 86. 86. 86.	230	193 25 12 12 1.10 268	194 1 36	219 66 49 49 12 12 13 18 18 15
Mole householder, no wife present	35 to 44 yeors	Ξ	50 27 11 11 1,70 242	≣'''	70 88 44 70 70 70 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	161	148 43 43 1.15 237	185	187 112 272 12 127 127 128
Mole househo	25 to 34 years	190	29 29 1.60 335	061 1 1	<b>56.</b> 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2.	359	277 50 20 12 1.15 477	359	354 111 164 177 179
	15 to 24 yeors	16	62 29 1.23 1.23	2	86 67 67 12 12 13 8 8 8 8 19.1	369	278 63 17 11 11 - 1.16 526	350	369 68 57 81 38 12 47 47 66
	65 yeors ond over	1 236	1 082 131 10 13 13 2 007	1 236	130 163 163 163 164 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175 175	246	218 22 6 6 200 200 524	246	242 212 213 222 233 30 26.1
S	45 to 64 yeors	2 779	1 381 640 443 208 107 2.51 8 114	2 761 42 18	2 509 1 498 3449 3449 3452 120 73 28 76 13.8 13.6 13.6 13.6 13.6 13.6 13.6 13.6 13.6	414	184 94 94 60 40 36 2.74 1 421	414 31	395 101 62 62 58 28 27 27 27 21 4
-couple fomilies		1 147	99 197 442 280 129 4.13 4 900	147	10082 963 466 466 466 467 467 110 110 110 110 110 110	330	45 69 77 77 35 104 1.16	330	317 330 73 73 73 74 84 84 81 16 16
Morried	25 to 34 yeors	1 549	291 421 527 214 96 3.62 5 603	1 543 24 6	1444 14444 1902 1914 1955 1155 118.8 18.8 18.8 19.0 10.	780	221 221 201 101 85 3.48	775 50 5 -	764 1955 1957 125 33 39 89 89 89 19.6
	15 to 24 yeors	226	97 97 88 38 7 2.69 673	226	205 205 34 34 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44 44	265	264 193 108 108 19 13 2.68	585 15 12	597 131 145 100 84 24 27 37 37 21.0
	Totol	9 952	1 857 3 621 1 742 1 600 1 600 363 2.36 2.36 841	9 908 129 44 4	9 0 2 2 1952 2 1	9 190	2 594 1 594 873 604 233 262 1 1 80	6 010 176 150 6	6 039   036   103   103   888   605   419   419   238   238
	Newark city	Owner-occupled housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT  1 person 2 persons 3 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons Medion Totol persons	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	With a marrigos  With a marrigos  With a marrigos  With a marrigos  Less than 15 percent  20 to 24 percent  30 to 34 percent  Not computed  Not on 34 percent  15 to 19 percent  25 to 29 percent  26 to 24 percent  27 to 29 percent  28 to 29 percent  30 to 34 percent  Not computed	Renter-occupled housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT    person   pe	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified renter-accupled housing units Specified renter-accupled housing units Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent of more Not computed Median

Table 8—11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

				Mole hous	eholder			Femole householder					
Newark city	Total	Total	15 to 24 yeors	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years ond over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 yeors	35 to 44 yeors	45 to 64 yeors	65 years ond over
Owner-occupied housing units	1 857	520	62	90	50	117	201	1 337	8	33	15	355	926
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	1 841 16	520	62	90 -	50	117	201	1 321 16	8 ~	33	15	355	910 16
UNITS IN STRUCTURE  1, detoched or ottoched  2 or more	1 724 81	472 18	57	76 14	50	103	186	1 252 63	8 -	27 6	10 5	314 27	893 25
Mobile home or troiler, etc HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	52 703	30	5 21	4	-	10	15	592	_	_	10	14	8 449
Less thon \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999	565 116 128	119 33 45	29	6 12 22	- - 6	14 11 10	70 10 7	446 83 83	8	10 18	5	108 21 34	338 39 31
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999	211 45 78	104 38 59	12 - -	22 24 -	12 - 27	31 14 32	27 - -	107 7 19	=	5 -	=	53	49 7 13
\$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more Medion	6 5 \$6 898 \$9 005	6 5 \$12 273	\$8 362 \$8 330	\$15 114 \$15 218	5 \$26 250	- \$17 917	6 - \$6 219	- \$5 771	- \$11 250	- \$13 403	- \$4 375 \$6 743	- \$7 665 \$8 210	- \$5 168
Mean MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY	\$9 005	\$13 718	\$8 330	\$15 218	\$30 348	\$17 564	\$8 332	\$7 172	\$10 225	\$13 879	\$6 743	\$8 210	\$6 515
OWNER COSTS Specified owner-occupied housing units With a mortgage Less than \$200	1 599 384 124	432 183 12	51 46	72 60 12	46 34	93 38	170 5	1 167 201 112	8 -	27 27 18	10	295 137 62	827 37 32
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	87 57 46	50 38 37	19 8 6	15 12 13	7 13	16 6 5	5	37 19	=	5	=	37 14 5	32
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	35 29 6	28 18	13 - -	8	5	6 5 -	=	7 11 6	=	=	=	7 6 6	7
\$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Medion	- - \$239	- \$289	- \$275	- \$263	- \$338	- \$275	- \$2 <b>7</b> 5	- \$192	Ξ	- \$188	Ξ	- \$209	\$164
Not mortgaged   Less than \$50   \$50 to \$74	1 215 32 147	249 12 43	5 - -	12 - -	12 - -	55 - 5	165 12 38	966 20 104	8 -	Ξ	10	158 - 7	790 20 91
\$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149	597 276 104	109 68	5	12 - -	6	18 22 -	73 35 -	488 208 104	8 - -	Ξ	10 - -	75 24 34	39! 18 <i>i</i> 7(
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more	53 6 - \$93	17 - - \$91	- \$113	- \$88	- \$100	10 - - \$105	7 - - \$86	36 6 - \$93	- \$88	=	- - \$88	18 - - \$99	18 \$9:
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of													
household income in 1979 With a mortgage Not mortgaged	19.8 26.5 17.8	17.3 23.5 10.8	<b>45.0</b> 45.0 45.0	<b>22.0</b> 24.0 10—	<b>14.3</b> 16.6 10—	10.4 22.6 10—	16.1 37.5 15.7	20.6 33.9 19.3	12.5 12.5	21.3 21.3	22.5 22.5	19.9 41.4 13.3	20. 50 + 20.
Percent below poverty level	358 19.3	56 10.8	21 33.9	4.4		Ξ	15.4	<b>302</b> 22.6	_	=	Ξ	112 31.5	19 20.
Renter-occupied housing units  PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 594 2 478	1 <b>033</b>	<b>278</b> 263	<b>277</b> 277	148	193 157	1 <b>37</b>	1 561 1 502	<b>189</b> 171	222	104 96	<b>406</b> 397	62
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use UNITS IN STRUCTURE	116	57	15	-	6	36	-	59	18	6	8	9	1
1, detoched or ottoched 2	508 397 617 379	212 163 279 151	52 79 45 50	42 42 110 20	30 18 66 8	40 18 31 52	48 6 27 21	296 234 338 228	26 14 63 21	23 37 85 22	46 18 14	104 62 77 109	13 7 9
10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or troiler, etc	413 262 18	157 64 7	39 13	58 5	20 6	33 19	7 21 7	256 198 11	39 26	55	9 6 3	28 18 8	12 14
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less thon \$5,000	1 039	227	57	.6	6	80	78	812	57	46	33	231	42 13
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	678 291 218 188	273 139 103 132	74 81 30 36	85 38 60 35	13 15 - 42	57 5 6 11	44 - 7 8	405 152 115 56	72 42 13 5	49 49 65	43 - 6 7	111 25 25 14	13 (
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	114 114 48 14	93 48 14	- -	39 14	40 28	14 6 14	-	21	-	6 -	15 	-	1
\$50,000 or more Medion Mean	\$6 711 \$8 444	\$10 297 \$11 802	\$10 247 \$9 308	\$12 896 \$13 541	\$19 821 \$21 026	\$6 006 \$10 131	\$4 576 \$5 734	\$4 844 \$6 222	\$6 803 \$6 799	\$10 816 \$9 854	\$7 159 \$8 538	\$4 457 \$5 634	\$4 0 <sup>1</sup> \$4 71
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	2 545	1 018	278	272	144	187	137	1 527	1 <b>8</b> 5	222	104	<b>386</b> 58	<b>6</b> :
Less thon \$100	360 490 808 542	73 200 368 227	51 107 69	35 101 92	6 25 65	33 44 68 14	28 45 27 20	287 290 440 315	12 89 45	20 11 84 88	23 31 45	95 105 82	1.
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	98 85 59	59 50 30	17 25 5	19 13 6	32 7 - 5	16 12	- - 14	39 35 29	16 - 5	19	5	11 6	:
\$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cosh rent	10 - 93	4 - 7	4 -	=	- - 4	Ē	- - 3	6 - 86	=	=		- - 29	
Median SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in	\$175	\$179	\$192	\$197	\$179	\$161	\$127	\$171	\$189	\$199	\$198	\$163	\$1
1979 Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	27.6 709 27.3	20.3 136 13.2	24.5 39 14.0	18.5 6 2.2	12.4	20.4 51 26.4	36.7 40 29.2	31.8 573 36.7	32.9 43 22.8	24.1 40 18.0	35.3 33 31.7	30.1 179 44.1	3. 2 4.

### able B-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Data are estim	ores buscu on	a sample, see	initodoction.	rol meaning of symbols, see infroduction. For definitions of	icinis, see upp	elloixes A dila	01	
lewark city	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 ar more months	Newark city	Total	Less thon 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	187	46	44	97	Vacant for rent housing units	480	157	204	119
DOMS					ROOMS				
to 3 rooms	26	14	2	10	1 room	40	13	27	-
rooms	11 40	- 2	5 -	38	2 rooms3 rooms	3 133	- 49	63	3 21
raoms	82	27	32	23	4 rooms	175	51	76	48
or mare rooms	6 22	3	5	14	5 raoms6 rooms	51 67	6 38	8 19	37
edian	5.7	5.8	6.0	5.4	7 or more rooms	11	-	11	-
J.UMBING FACILITIES					Median	3.9	3.8	3.7	4.2
mplete plumbing for exclusive use	187	46	44	97	PLUMBING FACILITIES				
cking complete plumbing for exclusive use	-	-	_	-	Complete plumbing for exclusive use	456	154	195	107
DROOMS					Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	24	3	9	12
ine					BEDROOMS				
ine	12	_	2	10		40	10	07	
	81 69	33 10	11 26	37 33	Nane	40 175	13 58	27 83	34
	17	-	-	17	2	203 51	68 18	64 19	71
or mare	8	3	5	-	4	11	- 10	11	- 14
AR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	-	-	-	-
75 to March 1980	34	14	11	9	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT				
70 to 1974	22	. 7 10	12	_	1975 to March 1980	67	17	50	_
50 ta 1959	36	2	14		1970 to 1974	20	8	12	,-
40 ta 1949	5 83	13	5	65	1960 to 1969	87 24	33 8	40 8	14
Į					1940 ta 1949 1939 or earlier	53 229	14 77	20 74	19 78
IITS IN STRUCTURE	148	20	39	77		227	"	74	/°
detached or attached	39	32 14	5	20	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
bile home or trailer	-	-	-	-	1, detached ar attached	139	38	56	45
ATING EQUIPMENT					2 3 and 4	117 72	43 33	26 24	48 15
itral heating system	184	46	44	94	5 ta 9 10 to 49	64 68	26 10	38 47	11
er means	3	_	=	3	50 or mare	13	-	13	'-
					Mabile home ar trailer	7	7	-	-
ICE ASKED					RENT ASKED				
Specified vacant for sale only housing units s thon \$10,000	148 13	32	39	<b>77</b> 13	Specified vacant for rent housing units	471	157	195	119
(),000 ta \$19,999	25	3	2	20	Less than \$100	42	20	19	3
1),000 ta \$29,999	26 13	16	2	8 7	\$100 to \$149 \$150 ta \$199	109 177	25 69	40 54	44 54
(),000 to \$49,999	22	3	5	14	\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	65 58	18	35 33	12
i),000 ta \$59,999	17 -	5	6	6	\$300 ta \$399	38 I 11	6	5	-
(1,000 ta \$99,999	27	5	13	9	\$400 or more	9 \$170	s178	\$188	\$163
00,000 ar mare	\$33 800	\$26 700	\$53 800	\$22 900	Wiediuii	\$170	\$178	\$100	\$103

### ble B-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. Far meaning of symbols, see Introduction. Far definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		Price asked	— Specified	vocant for s	ale only hau	sing units			Rent aske	d-Specified	d vacant far	rent housing	units	
wark city	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 ta \$49,999	\$50,000 ta \$99,999	\$100,000 ar more	Median (dallars)	Total	Less thon \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 ta \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dollors)
Total	148	13	51	35	44	5	33 800	471	42	286	123	11	9	170
MBING FACILITIES														
plete plumbing for exclusive useing complete plumbing far exclusive use	148	13	51 -	35	44	5 -	33 800	447 24	42 _	262 24	123	11	9 -	174 108
ROOMS	- 2 52 69 17 8	- 13 - -	- 2 19 27 3 -	- 20 2 5 8	- - 35 9	- - - 5 - -	16 300 25 800 51 600 80 600 47 500	40 175 203 51 2	10 27 5 - -	30 94 125 37 -	54 64 5 -	- - 3 6 2 -	- - 6 3 - -	110 176 168 182 325
is ta March 1980	20 7 17 36 5 63	- - - - 13	7 - 4 5 35	- - 20 - 15	15 - 17 12 - -	5 - - - - -	91 700 26 300 85 000 47 900 22 900 18 600	67 20 87 24 53 220	14 - 3 23	8 15 50 8 32 173	39 3 23 16 18 24	11 - - - - -	9 - - - - -	266 176 180 213 156 152
IS IN STRUCTURE	1.00							100				2		1/0
Hached ar attached mare le home or trailer	148	13	51 	35		 	33 800	130 334 7	42	81 205 –	44 72 7	9 -	3 6 -	168 169 213

### Appendix A.—Area Classifications

REGIONS	A-1
STATES	A-1
PLACES	A-1
Incorporated Places	A-1
Census Designated Places	A-1
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Definition	A-1
SMSA Titles	A-1
New SMSA Standards	A-2
BOUNDARY CHANGES	A-2
AREA MEASUREMENT	Δ_2

### REGIONS

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, North Central, South, and West.

### **STATES**

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

### **PLACES**

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. Places with a 1980 population below 50,000 are not shown in this report unless they are central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas.

### **Incorporated Places**

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six

New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

### **Census Designated Places**

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "(CDP)," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries. Boundary outlines for CDP's appear on the county subdivision maps in the HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics, reports for States. Detailed maps are available for purchase from the Census Bureau.

Eleven states, (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), contain towns or townships which are coextensive with census designated places (CDP's). Data for these areas are not shown in the tables.

# STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

### Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined

by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan charac ter, such as population density, urbar population, and population growth. Ir New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The housing units in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitar housing and are subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)" and "outside central city (or cities)." The housing units outside SMSA's constitute the non metropolitan housing.

In the United States Summary report and the State reports, the data shown for "Central Cities of SMSA's" are the sum of all central cities excluding any rural area and any legal area that is outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area. In the individual SMSA reports, the data shown for central cities and places of 50,000 or more inhabitants are for the legal definition of the city without regard to urban or SMSA restrictions.

### **SMSA Titles**

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffolk N.Y.) has at least one central city. Th titles of SMSA's include up to three cit names, as well as the name of each Stat into which the SMSA extends. For th 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's ar those named in the titles of the SMSA's

with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated blaces are recognized as central cities.

### Jew SMSA Standards

lew standards for designating and efining metropolitan statistical areas vere published in the *Federal Register* on anuary 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized or the 1980 census comprise (1) all reas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the

basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

### **BOUNDARY CHANGES**

The boundaries of some of the areas shown in this series of reports have

changed between an earlier census and January 1, 1980. Information on boundary changes for incorporated places is presented in table 4 of the 1980 Census of Population report, *Characteristics of the Population, Number of Inhabitants*, PC80-1-A. For information on boundary changes prior to 1970, see the *Number of Inhabitants* report for each census.

### AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement figures for standard metropolitan statistical areas, central cities, and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more can be found in the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-A1, United States Summary.

### Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

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through self-enumeration. The principal

determinant for the responses was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in Appendix E, "Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages."

### LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for non-residential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from

lany other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share livling arrangements (except as described in the next section on Group Quarters). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness land direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of tresidence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vabant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, 'at the factory, or in storage are excluded From the housing inventory.

Comparability With 1970 Census Housng Unit Data - Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were inroduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 nousing unit definition that required a unit o have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alterhative was dropped, and direct access was equired of all housing units. In 1970, vaant mobile homes were not counted as nousing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they vere intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

Group Quarters—Group quarters are any ving quarters which are not classified as ousing units. There are two types of roup quarters: (1) institutional group uarters, and (2) noninstitutional group uarters. Institutional group quarters are ving quarters occupied by one or more ersons under care or custody, such as hildren in an orphanage, persons in a ursing home, and prisoners in a enitentiary. Noninstitutional uarters include living quarters such s college-owned and/or operated dormibries, fraternity and sorority houses, urses' dormitories, and boarding ouses. In addition, noninstitutional roup quarters include any living

quarters (other than those classified as institutional group quarters) which are occupied by 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder (person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire), or by 10 or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Comparability With 1970 Census Group Quarters Data—In 1970 a unit was classified as group quarters if it was shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him or her, or if there was no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. For 1980 that requirement was raised to 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire or 10 or more unrelated persons.

Rules for Hotels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined. If the combined quarters contain eight or fewer roomers unrelated to the householder, they are classified as one housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more roomers unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as group quarters.

**Staff Living Quarters**—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered as group quarters.

Year-Round Housing Units—Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics.

# OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY CHARACTERISTICS

Occupied Housing Units - A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, therefore, the number of occupied housing units equals the number of households in the 1980 Census of Population reports.

In this report the numbers shown for occupied housing units are estimates based on a sample. In some cases there may be small differences between figures on occupied housing units shown here and comparable figures on households in the Census of Population reports. These differences may result from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Householder—One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder."

Child—A child is a son, daughter, step-child, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. In this report, those classified as "own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age.

Nonrelative—A nonrelative is any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are classified as nonrelatives. This report shows the number of households with one or more nonrelatives present in the unit.

Age of Householder—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

**Household Type**—Statistics by age of householder are presented separately for the following household types:

Married-couple families. For each household of this type, the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. This category includes couples in formal marriages as well as in common-law marriages.

Male householder, no wife present. This type includes any household maintained by a male, regardless of his marital status, provided no wife is present in the household. Included are male householders who have no wife; male householders whose wives live elsewhere because of separation (marital discord) or other reason; and male householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

Female householder, no husband present. This type includes any household maintained by a female, regardless of her marital status, provided no husband is present in the household. Included are female householders who have no husband and female householders whose husbands live elsewhere, as, for example, husbands in the Armed Forces living on a military base and female householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

This report presents data on selected characteristics for one-person households, separately for male and female householders.

**Year Householder Moved Into Unit**—Data presented for this item are based on the in-

formation reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved, although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time (see question H19 in appendix E).

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Vacancy Status—The data on vacancy status were tabulated from responses to questionnaire item C (see item C in appendix E). The data presented in this report are for year-round housing units "Vacant for sale only" and "Vacant for rent."

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent. Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for rent or for sale. Duration of Vacancy—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration (see item D in appendix E). The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

**Tenure**—A housing unit is "Owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "Renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent (see question H8 in appendix E).

Condominium Housing Units—A condominium involves ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similar units and to hold a common or joint ownership in common areas, hallways, entrances, elevators, etc. The owner has a deed to the individual unit, and, very likely, a mortgage on the unit. A condominium housing unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such (see question H9 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Condominium Housing Unit Data—In 1970, owner-occupied cooperatives and condominium housing units were identified together. The 1980 census identifies only condominium housing units. The 1980 question provides data on vacant and renter-occupied condominium housing units, not just owner-occupied condominium housing units as in 1970.

Race of the Householder—The data on race of the householder were derived from the answer to question 4, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E). The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according

to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; if, however, a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and/or wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed in the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or wrote in such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian."

The category "Asian or Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of Asian and Pacific Islander groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, or Fijian under the "Other" race category. Also, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and

Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc. "Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and "Asian or Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cosmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c."

If the race entry for the householder was missing on the questionnaire, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder - Estimates of the number of householders by race shown in this report may differ from complete count figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. Sampling variability and nonsampling error are explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data." The effect of the additional edit and review procedures varies substantially by racial group and geographic area but is generally negligible. A discussion of these procedures may be found in Series HC80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics, and PC80-1-C, Social and Economic Characteristics of the Population.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the Householder—Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census. This difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and

comparability for the "White" ulation and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race populations (shown as "All other races" in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally in 1970, only 1 percent of the Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion - 38 percent—of the Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 householder totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, these changes do not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded over that in 1970 to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race

category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970 data for the two groups were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

Spanish/Hispanic Origin of the Householder—The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent of householder were derived from answers to question 7, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E).

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "Other Spanish/ Hispanic" origin are those whose origin is from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and another origin who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was recorded.

If the householder failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the householder. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin-A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred mainly in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 Population Census Supplementary reports, Series PC80-S1-7, "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin - The data on householders of Spanish origin shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the HC80-1-A series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, " Accuracy of the Data."

Information now available indicates that. since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on householders of Spanish origin. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups, both in this report and for corresponding areas in the HC80-1-A report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., units in structure, mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs, gross rent, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Householders of Spanish Origin and Householders of Spanish Heritage-The 1980 census figures on householders of Spanish origin are not directly comparable with the 1970 census data on householders of Spanish origin because of a number of factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvements explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Spanish/ Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 guestion.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted from the 1980 question because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category. Furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

The 1970 Census Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports present data on housing units occupied by householders of Spanish heritage. In the 1970 census, the

category Spanish heritage was created to consolidate data for Spanish ancestry persons in various parts of the United States. The Spanish heritage population, therefore, was specifically termed when reference was made to particular areas. For example, in five southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) the population of Spanish heritage was specified as the population of Spanish language or surname; in three mid-Atlantic States (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), as the population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; and in the remaining 42 States and the District of Columbia, as the population of Spanish language. The information for the population of Spanish heritage was obtained from the 15-percent sample of the census questionnaires. Data for this group of householders are not comparable to the 1980 census data on householders of Spanish origin which were based only on responses to the specific census question on Spanish/Hispanic origin for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire.

### **UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS**

Persons—All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "Persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. "Total persons" is the total number of persons living in the housing units in the particular category.

Rooms-The statistics on "Rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms (see question H7 in appendix E). The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling.

**Persons Per Room**—"Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the

number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

**Bedrooms**—The number of "Bedrooms" in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom (see question H24 in appendix E).

### STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Year Structure Built—"Year structure built" refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration (see question H18 in appendix E).

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. The category "Mobile home or trailer, etc." includes mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, vans, etc. (see question H13 in appendix E).

**Stories in Structure**—The count of stories (floors) in structure includes basements or attics if these contain finished rooms for living purposes (see question H14a in appendix E).

Passenger Elevator—Statistics on elevator in structure are presented for housing units in structures with four or more stories or floors. If the housing units in structures with four or

more stories have an elevator used only for freight, the units are not included in the category "With elevator" (see question H14b in appendix E).

### PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present (see question H6 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

### **EQUIPMENT AND FUELS**

Heating Equipment—Respondents were asked to report the type of heating equipment used as the primary source of heat for their housing unit. The categories shown in the report are: (1) steam or hot water system; (2) central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump; (3) other built-in electric units; (4) floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; and (5) other means. "Other means" includes room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. A central heating system includes types (1) through (4) listed above. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit (see question H20 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central

heat pumps were included as part of the category "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined and are included in this report in the category "Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump."

Air Conditioning-"Air conditioning" is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers, fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room (see question H27 in appendix E).

Vehicles Available—Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more; police and government cars kept at home; and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars, immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery, and cars, vans, and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles (see questions H28 and H29 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate

data were obtained in 1980 on the number of housing units with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home for use of members of the household.

Fuels Used for House Heating and Water Heating-"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. For data on house heating fuel, the category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corn cobs, etc. For data on water heating fuel, the category "Other" also includes coal or coke, and wood (see question H21 in appendix E).

### FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Value — Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for, if it were for sale (see question H11 in appendix E).

Value is tabulated for certain kinds of housing units. Value statistics are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. The "Specified owner-occupied" universes are the same for the value tabulation and the mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs tabulation.

**Price Asked**—For vacant for sale only housing units, the price asked is the amount asked for the property at the time of enumeration. The statistics on price asked are shown for "Specified vacant for sale only" housing units, which include vacant for sale only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data also exclude condominium units and mobile homes.

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs—The data are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions of owner costs are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) (see questions H30, H31, and H32 in appendix E).

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979-Selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Rent—The statistics on rent are tabulated for "Specified renter-occupied" housing units and for "Specified vacant for rent" housing units which include renter units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Contract Rent. "Contract rent" is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included (see question H12 in appendix E).

Gross Rent. The computed rent termed "Gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are

paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process (see questions H12 and H22 in appendix E).

Rent Asked. For "Specified vacant for rent" housing units, the rent asked is the amount asked for the rental of the unit at the time of enumeration.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979—Monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Household Income in 1979-Household income is the sum of the money income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying the housing unit, including persons not related to the householder. Data on income are based on money income received in the calendar year 1979. Income is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net rental or royalty income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer's contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of households refers to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households was the same during 1979 as in April 1980. There may be differences between the data on household income in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Median Income—The median income values presented in this report are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in the tables. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through pareto interpolation.

Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data—In 1970, the statistics on income presented in Series HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports related to the income of the family or primary individual occupying the housing unit; that is, the sum of the income of the head of the family and all other members of the family 14 years old and over or the income of the primary individual. Income of persons living in

the unit but not related to the head of household was not included. In 1980, the statistics on income relate to the income of the household; that is, the sum of the income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying a housing unit, including persons not related to the householder.

A discussion on comparability of income data from other sources including earlier censuses may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, *General Social and Economic Characteristics*, PC80-1-C.

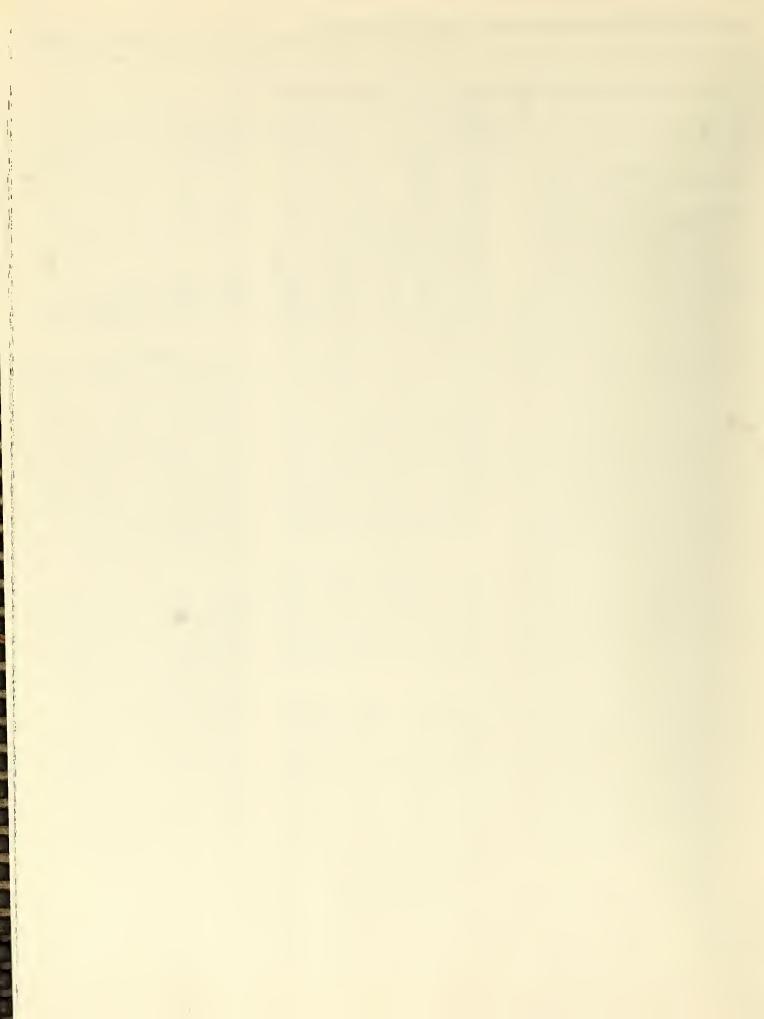
Poverty Status in 1979-Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1979 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The criteria used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. A more detailed explanation of the poverty definition may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

There may be slight differences between the data on poverty status in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

### Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

(Figures in dollars. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction)

-										
and of Portly Hate	Weighted									
Size of Family Unit	average thresholds	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more
1 person (unrelated individual)	3,686	3,686								
Under 65 years	3,774	3,774		• • •					• • • •	
65 years and over	3,479	3,479	• • •	• • •	•••	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	• • •
2 persons	4,723	4,723								
Householder under 65 years	4,876	4,858	5,000	• • •		• • •				
Householder 65 years and over	4,389	4,385	4,981	•••	•••	• • •	•••	• • • •	•••	•••
3 persons	5,787	5,674	5,839	5,844						
4 persons	7,412	7,482	7,605	7,356	7,382		• • •			
5 persons	8,776	9,023	9,154	8,874	8,657	8,525				
6 persons	9,915	10,378	10,419	10,205	9,999	9,693	9,512			
7 persons	11,237	11,941	12,016	11,759	11,580	11,246	10,857	10,429		
8 persons	12,484	13,356	13,473	13,231	13,018	12,717	12,334	11,936	11,835	
9 or more persons	14,812	16,066	16,144	15,929	15,749	15,453	15,046	14,677	14,586	14,024



### Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

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### **USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE**

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

### **Armed Forces**

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

#### Crews of Merchant Vessels

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

### Persons Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

### Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

# Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

### Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

### Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

# DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

### PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

### Appendix D. — Accuracy of the Data

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### INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

### SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a

questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, number of rooms in living quarters, monthly rent), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group guarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator sys-

tematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

### **ERRORS IN THE DATA**

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group guarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex

operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

### Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages-Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, families, or housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C; and the number of housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristics (e.g., air-

conditioning, year structure built) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formula below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and non-sampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se<sub>x</sub> and Se<sub>y</sub> of estimates x and y:

Se 
$$(x+y)$$
 = Se  $(x-y) = \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$ 

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively) correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.

c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest.

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A, C, and Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from

the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

### Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- (1) Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error see any standard sampling theory text.

# Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of any 1980 Census of Housing, HC-80-1-B, *Detailed Housing Characteristics* report, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

### **ESTIMATION PROCEDURE**

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure which resulted in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units in the tabulation area which possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

### **PERSONS**

### Stage I-Type of Household

Group	Persons in Housing Units With a
	Family With Own Children
	Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 ersons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit
	Persons in Housing Units With a
	Family Without Own Children
	Under 18

6-10 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

Persons in All Other Housing Units

11 1 person in housing unit 12-16 2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

17 Persons in group quarters

### Stage II—Householder/ Nonhouseholder

### Group

Householder

White Door

Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters)

# Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

Group	vvnite Kace
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	Male
1	0 to 4 years of age
2	5 to 14 years of age
3	15 to 19 years of age
4	20 to 24 years of age
5	25 to 34 years of age
6	35 to 44 years of age
7	45 to 64 years of age
8	65 years of age or older

### Female

9-16	Same a	ge	categories	as
	groups	; 1	to 8	

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

17-32 Same age and sex categories as groups 1 to 16

#### Black Race

33-64 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Asian, Pacific Islander Race
65-96 Same age-sex-Spanish origin
categories as groups 1 to 32

American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race

97-128 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

129-160 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estima-

tion procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each The three stages of stage III group. adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight of 7.

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for

housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

### OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

### Stage I-Type of Household

Group	Housing Units With a Family
	With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit
	Housing Units With a Family
	Without Own Children Under 18
6-10	2 persons in housing unit
	through 8 or more persons
	in housing unit

All Other Housing Units

1 person in housing unit

12-16 2 persons in housing unit
through 8 or more persons
in housing unit

# Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

#### Group Owner White Race (householder) Persons of Spanish Origin (householder) Value of House \$0 to \$9.999 1 2 \$10,000 to \$19,999 3 \$20,000 to \$24,999 4 \$25,000 to \$49,999 5 \$50,000 to \$99,999 6 \$100,000 to \$149,999 7 \$150,000+ 8 Other Owners

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

9-16	Same value categories
	as groups 1 to 8
	Black Race
17-32	Same value—Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1
	to 16
	Asian, Pacific Islander Race
33-48	Same value—Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1
	to 16
	American Indian, Eskimo,
	or Aleut Race
49-64	Same value—Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1
	to 16
	Other Race (includes those
	races not listed above)
65-80	Same value—Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1
	to 16
F	Renter
	White Race
	Persons of Spanish Origin
0.1	Rent Categories
81 82	\$1 to \$59 \$60 to \$99
83	\$100 to \$149
84	\$150 to \$199
85	\$200 to \$249
86	\$250 to \$299
87	\$300 to \$399
88	\$400 to \$499
89 90	\$500+ Other Renter
91	No Cash Rent
0.	
	Persons not of Spanish
	origin
92-102	Same rent categories as
	groups 81 to 91
	Black Race
103-124	Same rent—Spanish origin
	categories as groups 81
	to 102
	Asian, Pacific Islander Race
125-146	Same rent-Spanish origin
	categories as groups 81
	to 102

American Indian, Eskimo,

Same rent-Spanish origin

categories as groups 81

or Aleut Race

to 102

147-168

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81

to 102

### **VACANT HOUSING UNITS**

Group

Vacant for Rent
 Vacant for Sale
 Other Vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

# CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data, the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some persons or housing units to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error-The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each In addition, respondents' household. answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if the source of water item was incomplete for a housing unit, longform field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of fabricated persons being for submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing

nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and follow-up operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described below.

# EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the nation's housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in computerized editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or housing unit or merely spurious marks. If any characteristic for a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, it was supplied by allocation. Allocation, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were

needed most often when an entry for a given item was lacking or when the information reported for a particular item was inconsistent with another item for the same housing unit. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another housing unit with characteristics similar to those of the housing unit for which allocation was necessary. For example, if the unit was reported as rented but the amount of rent was missing, the computer automatically assigned the rent that was for the preceding renterreported occupied unit. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

### **ALLOCATION TABLES**

The extent of allocations for nonresponses and inconsistencies for individual subject items is given for SMSA's and places in the 1980 Census of Population PC80-1-B and PC80-1-C reports and in the 1980 Census of Housing HC80-1-A and HC80-1-B reports.

### Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated							Size	of public	ation area	2/				
Total <u>1</u> /	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50	16 20 25 - - -	16 21 30 35 - -	16 22 35 45 55	16 22 35 45 65 80	16 22 35 50 65 95 110	16 22 35 50 70 110 140 170	16 22 35 50 70 110 150 200 230	16 22 35 50 70 110 150 210 250	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270	16 22 35 50 70 110 160 220 270
25 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	350	350	350
75 000 100 000 250 000 500 000 1 000 000 5 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	310	510 550 - 	570 630 790 - - -	590 670 970 1 120 - -	610 700 1 090 1 500 2 000	610 700 1 100 1 540 2 120 3 540	610 710 1 100 1 570 2 190 4 470 5 480

<sup>1/</sup> For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se 
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y})}$$

N = Size of area

 $\hat{Y}$  = Estimate of characteristic total

### Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated Percentage						Base	of percen	tage 1/					
	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
5 or 95	2.2	1.8	1.5	1.3	1.0	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
10 or 90	3.0	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9	0.8	0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.1
15 or 85	3.6	2.9	2.5	2.1	1.6	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
20 or 80	4.0	3.3	2.8	2.3	1.8	1.3	1.0	0.9	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
25 or 75	4.3	3.5	3.1	2.5	1.9	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.6	0.4	0.3	0.2	0.1
30 or 70	4.6	3.7	3.2	2.6	2.0	1.4	1.2	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.1
35 or 65	4.8	3.9	3.4	2.8	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.2
50	5.0	4.1	3.5	2.9	2.2	1.6	1.3	1.1	0.7	0.5	0.4	θ.2	0.2

<sup>1/</sup> For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se 
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B} \hat{p}(100-\hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

 $\hat{p}$  = Estimated percentage

<sup>2/</sup> The total count of housing units in the area.

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

{Percent of persons or housing units in sample}

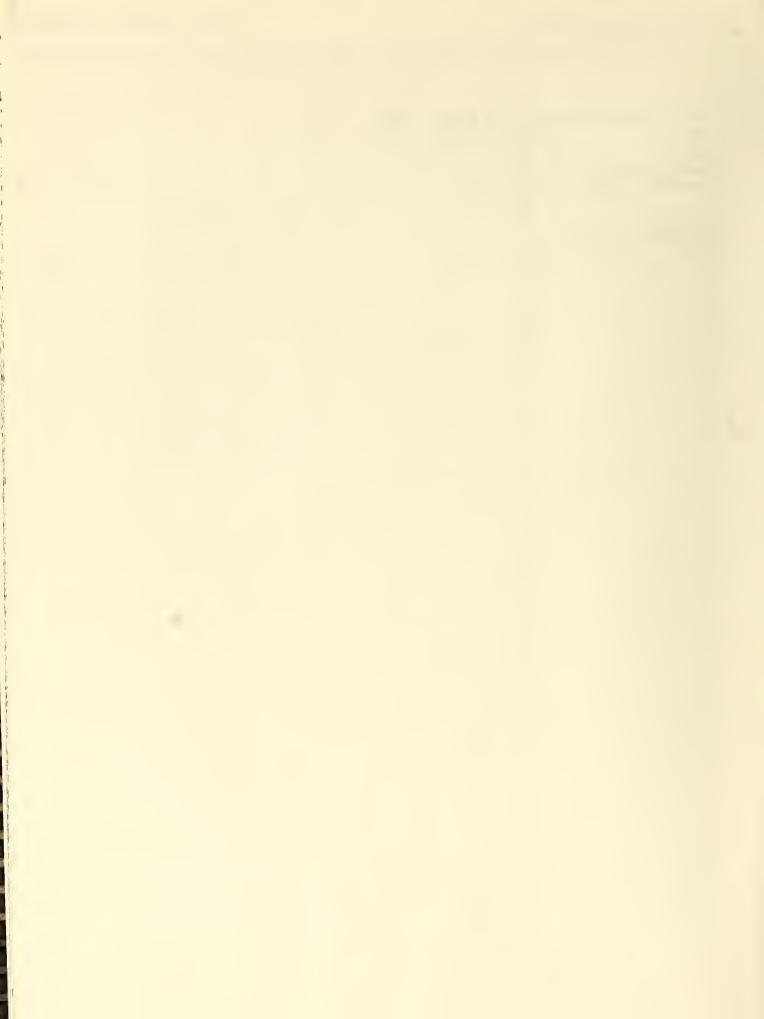
Characteristic	Less than 19 Percent	19 to 33 Percent	More than 33 Percent
Household type	1.0	0.9	0.5
Age and sex of householder	1.0	1.0	0.5
Occupancy status	1.1	0.9	0.5
Vacant price asked and vacant rent asked	1.1	0.8	0.5
Tenure	1.1	0.9	0.5
Units in structure	1.1	1.0	0.6
Stories in structure	0.9	0.7	0.4
Passenger elevator	0.8	0.7	0.4
Persons in unit	1.0	0.9	0.5
Year structure built	1.0	0.9	0.5
Year householder moved into			
housing unit	1.0	0.9	0.5
Heating equipment and fuel	1.1	0.9	0.5
Number of bedrooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Rooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Telephone in housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Air conditioning	1.1	1.0	0.5
Vehicles available	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent and contract rent	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent as a percentage of household			
income in 1979	1.1	0.8	0.5
Mortgage status and selected			
monthly owner costs	1.1	0.9	0.5
Household income	1.0	0.9	0.5
Poverty status: Housing	1.0	0.8	0.5
Existence of complete plumbing for			
exclusive use with 1.01 persons			
per room or more	1.0	0.8	0.5
Value	1.0	1.0	0.5

# Table D. Percent of Housing Units in Sample: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and B]

The SMSA Places of 50,000 or More and Central Cities of SMSA's	
The SMSA	
PLACES OF 50,000 OR MORE AND CENTRAL	

or meaning of	symbols, see	int
Housing	units	
100-percent	Percent in somple	
45 002	23.1	
17 127	15.9	



### Appendix E.—Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10

- 1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
- Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/daughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.

- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- 4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "O" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
- 8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A public school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
- 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

 Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12**

- H4. Mark only one circle. This address means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- H5. Mark the second circle only if you must go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

- H9. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living quarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:
By the day	30
By the week	4
Every other we	ek 2

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year	3
2 times a year	6
Once a year	12

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. Attached means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished basements or unfinished attics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.
- H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, and is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apartment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A place is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this residence is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark A public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses or apartments, mark one of the categories for *individual well*.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.
- H20. This question refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, wall, or pipeless furnace delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed and does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a portable room heater.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32**

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly average for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total amount for the past 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by another apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket ( \{ \}) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do *not* have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.
- H26. Answer Yes only if the telephone is located in your living quarters.
- H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.
- H28 H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "inortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

#### INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.

- This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.
  - If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.
- 13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.

Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school or if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.

- b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
- c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
  - The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
  - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
  - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
  - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20**

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
  - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
    - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
    - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City — print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
    - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
    - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is *now* inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
  - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
  - c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
  - b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26**

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

### Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc. Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.

Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
  - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
  - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark Drive alone.
  - d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
  - b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

#### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29**

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
  - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturing
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store
Oil company	Retail gas station
Ranch	Cattle ranch

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Clerk	Production clerk
Helper	Carpenter's helper
Mechanic	Auto engine mechanic
Nurse	Registered nurse

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

### **INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33**

 If the person was an employee of a private nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle.

Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.

- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as
  - Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
  - c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
  - d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
- 32. Fill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
  - a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

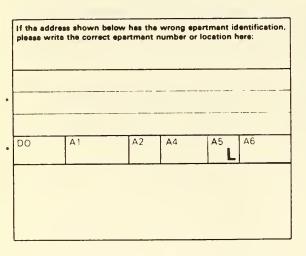
- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- b. Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- f. Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.

Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.

33. If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this official Census Form and mail it back on Census Day, Tuesday, April 1, 1980

# 1980 Census of the United States



## Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

## Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons): SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

O, si prefiere, marque esta casilla y devuelva el cuestionario por correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census . . .

We must, from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local challenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census Form D-2 Please continue -

# How to fill out your Census Form

Page 1

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover

Use a black pencil to answer the questions Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens

Fill circles "O" completely, like this

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form

**Answer** the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20.

Mail back this form on Tuesday, April 1, or as soon afterward as you can. Use the enclosed envelope, no stamp is needed.

1. What is the name of each person who was living

Please start by answering Question 1 below

# Question 1

#### List in Question 1

- Family members fiving here, including babies still in the hospital
- · Relatives living here
- · Lodgers or boarders living here
- · Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working

#### Do Not List in Question 1

- Any person away from here in the Armed Forces
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere

		<del></del>
 ·	 	<del></del>

#### Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box  $\square$ .

Then please

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only,
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20.

Please continue

Here are the These are the columns		PERSON in column 1	PERSON in column 2					
OUESTIONS	for ANSWERS	Last name	Last name					
↓	Please fill one column for each person listed in Question 1.	First name Middle initial	First name Middle initi					
2. How is this in column 1  Fill one circle  If "Other rela	person related to the person?	START in this column with the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the home is owned or rented. If there is no such person, start in this column with any adult household member.	If relative of person in column 1:  Husband/wife   Father/mother Son/daughter   Other relative — Brother/sister    If not related to person in column 1: Roomer, boarder   Other nonrelative — Partner, roommate   Paid employee					
3. Sex Fill one	circle.	O Male Female	O Male 📗 O Fernale					
4. Is this perso		S White S Asian Indian  Black or Negro Hawaiian  Japanese Guamanian  Chine'se Samoan  Filipino Eskimo  Korean Aleut  Vietnamese Other — Specify  Indian (Amer.)  Print  tribe →	<ul> <li>White</li> <li>Black or Negro</li> <li>Hawaiian</li> <li>Japanese</li> <li>Guamanian</li> <li>Chinese</li> <li>Samoan</li> <li>Filipino</li> <li>Eskimo</li> <li>Korean</li> <li>Aleut</li> <li>Vietnamese</li> <li>Indian (Amer.)</li> <li>Print</li> <li>tribe</li> </ul>					
a. Print age at i	and fill one circle. the spaces, and fill one circle	a. Age at last birthday  1	a. Age at last c. Year of birth birthday					
6. Marital state		Now married	Now married					
7. Is this perso origin or de Fill one circle		No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chican Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic					
attended re any time? kindergarten, el	lary 1, 1980, has this person gular school or college at Fill one circle. Count nursery school, tementary school, and schooling which school diploma or college degree	No, has not attended since February 1 Yes, public school, public college Yes, private, church-related Yes, private, not church-related	<ul> <li>No, has not attended since February 1</li> <li>Yes, public school, public college</li> <li>Yes, private, church-related</li> <li>Yes, private, not church-related</li> </ul>					
regular sch attended? Fill one circle If now attend person is in. i	highest grade (or year) of cool this person has ever cool this person has been decreased by test (GED), mark "12."	Highest grade attended:  Nursery school Elementary through high school (grade or year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12  College (academic year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more	Highest grade attended:  Nursery school  Elementary through high school (grade or year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12  College (academic year)  1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more					
	rson finish the highest	Never attended school — Skip question 10  Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year)	Never attended school — Skip question 10  Now attending this grade (or year) Finished this grade (or year)					

P	-	-00	_	- 9

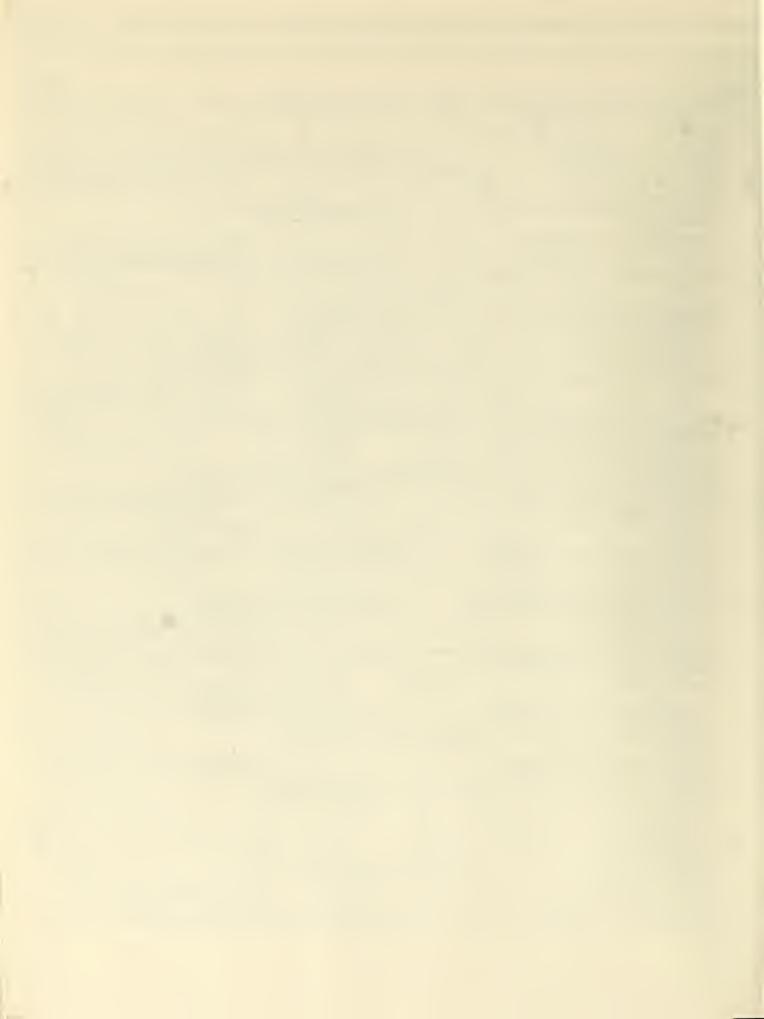
		EN QUESTIONS AT - ATZ
PERSON in column 7 Last name	If you listed more than 7 persons in Question 1, please see note on page 20. FOR YOUR	R HOUSEHOLD
First name Middle initial		HQ to this anadment (house) had of a sendential a
Lift umin mindle nurm	if the person should be listed — for example, a new baby still in the	ins apartment (nouse) part or a condominium?
	hospital, a lodger who also has another home, or a person who stays here	O No
If relative of person in column 1:	once in a while and has no other home?	Yes, a condominium
○ Husband/wife │ ○ Father/mother	once in a wine and has no other home.	H10. If this is a one-family house -
○ Son/daughter ○ Other relative _	Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason left out.	
O Brother/sister	O No	a. Is the house on a property of 10 or more acres?
	H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now	○ Yes     ○ No
If not related to person in column 1:	for example, on a vacation or In a hospital?	h le any part of the property used as a
O Roomer, boarder Other		b. Is any part of the property used as a
O Partner, roommate nonrelative	les — On page 20 give name(s) and reason person is away.	commercial establishment or medical office?
O Paid employee	O No	O Yes O No
	H3. Is anyone visiting here who is not already listed?	H11. If you live in a one-family house or a condominium
O Male Female		unit which you own or are buying -
	Yes - On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no one	
O White O Asian Indian	at the home address to report the person to a census taker.	What is the value of this property, that is, how
O Black or Negro O Hawaiian	O No	much do you think this property (house and lot or condominium unit) would sell for if it were for sale?
O Japanese O Guamanian	H4. How many living quarters, occupied and vacant, are at this	Sindonninam dritty would sell for it it were for sale?
O Chinese O Samoan	address?	On the appropriate the supplier of the state of
O Filipino O Eskimo		Do not answer this question if this is —
O Korean O Aleut	One -	A mobile home or trailer     A house on 10 or more a see
Ovietnamese Other — Specify		A house on 10 or more acres     A house with a commercial actable by a more acres.
O Indian (Amer.)	3 apartments or living quarters	A house with a commercial establishment or medical office on the property
Print tribe	4 apartments or living quarters	of medical office of the property
	5 apartments or living quarters	O Less than \$10,000 O \$50,000 to \$54,999
a. Age at last c. Year of birth	6 apartments or living quarters	O \$10,000 to \$14,999 O \$55,000 to \$59,999
birthday 1	7 apartments or living quarters	○ \$15,000 to \$17,499 ○ \$60,000 to \$64,999
	8 apartments or living quarters	○ \$17,500 to \$19,999 ○ \$65,000 to \$69,999
1 • 18 0 10 0 10 0	9 apartments or living quarters	○ \$20,000 to \$22,499 ○ \$70,000 to \$74,999
b. Month of 9 0 1 0 1 0	10 or more apartments or living quarters	○ \$22,500 to \$24,999  ○ \$75,000 to \$79,999
birth 2 0 2 0	O This is a mobile home or trailer	0 005 0004-607 400
3 0 3 0	ME De veu enter veus living guartem	\$25,000 to \$27,499
40 40 50 50	H5. Do you enter your living quarters —	
	O Directly from the outside or through a common or public hall?	100,000 to 412,1000
	Through someone else's living quarters?	<ul> <li>\$35,000 to \$39,999</li> <li>\$125,000 to \$149,999</li> <li>\$150,000 to \$199,999</li> </ul>
	H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in your living quarters,	○ \$45,000 to \$49,999 ○ \$200,000 or more
O July—Sept.   8 0   8 0   8 0   9 0	that is, hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or	© \$45,000 to \$45,555 © \$200,000 or more
0 oct-bec. 19 0 19 0	shower?	H12. If you pay rent for your living quarters -
O Now married O Separated	andwer:	What is the monthly rent?
O Widowed O Never married	Yes, for this household only	If rent is not paid by the month, see the instruction
O Divorced	Yes, but also used by another household	guide on how to figure a monthly rent.
0 2/10/002	No, have some but not all plumbing facilities	O Less than \$50
O No (not Spanish/Hispanic)	No plumbing facilities in living quarters	○ \$50 to \$59 ○ \$170 to \$179
O Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano	H7. How many tooms do you have in your living quarters?	○ \$60 to \$69 ○ \$180 to \$189
O Yes, Puerto Rican	Do not count bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, or half-rooms.	○ \$70 to \$79 ○ \$190 to \$199
O Yes, Cuban		○ \$80 to \$89 ○ \$200 to \$224
O Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic	○ 1 room ○ 4 rooms ○ 7 rooms	0 \$90 to \$99
	O 2 rooms O 5 rooms O 8 rooms	
O No, has not attended since February 1	○ 3 rooms ○ 6 rooms ○ 9 or more rooms	○ \$100 to \$109 ○ \$250 to \$274
O Yes, public school, public college	H8. Are your living quarters —	○ \$110 to \$119 ○ \$275 to \$299
O Yes, private, church-related		○ \$120 to \$129 ○ \$300 to \$349
O Yes, private, not church-related	Owned or being bought by you or by someone else in this household?	
	Rented for cash rent?	○ \$140 to \$149 ○ \$400 to \$499
Highest grade attended:	Occupied without payment of cash rent?	○ \$150 to \$159 ○ \$500 or more
	FOR CENSUS USE	ONLY .
O Nursery school O Kindergarten		
Elementary through high school (grade or year,	number number C1 to this unit	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	Occupied	O Less than 1 month
000000 00 000 0	() First form	round use 0 1 un to 2 months
College (seedow(s.com)	Continuation Seaso	onal/Mig. — Skip C2,
College (academic year)	C2. Vacancy	status C3, and D. O 6 un to 12 months
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more	I I I I I I I Vacant	_ 111
0000000	222 222 O Regular O Forre	
Never attended school - Skip question 10	3 3 3 G Ilsual home	
	elsewhere O Rente	d or sold, not occupied E. Indicators
Now attending this grade (or year)	555 5555 O Held	or occasional use
O Finished this grade (or year)	GGG GGG Group quarters Other	
O Did not finish this grade (or year)	? ? ? ? ? ? ? ? O First form C3. Is this uni	t boarded up? 2. O O Pop./F 7 7 7
CENSUS A. O. L. O. N. O.O.	S 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	888
USE ONLY OIONO	999 9999 O Yes	0 No 00 999

13. Which best describes this building?	CENSU USE  H22a.  O O I I C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
A mobile home or trailer  A mobile home or trailer  A nore-family house detached from any other house  A nore-family house detached from any other house  A building for 3 of 4 families  A building for 3 of 4 families  A building for 3 of 9 families  A building for 10 to 19 families  A building for 10 to 19 families  A building for 10 to 19 families  A building for 50 or more families  Cant ratik or besement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes.  No a call or coke five fuel oil, kerosene, etc.  Which fuel is used most for water heating?  Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood  Gas: bottled, tank, or LP  Other fuel  Belietricity  Gas: from underground pipes  serving the neighborhood  Gas: bottled, tank, or LP  Other fuel  Belietricity  Gas: from underground pipes  serving the neighborhood  Gas: bottled, tank, or LP  Other fuel  Belietricity  Gas: from underground pipes  serving the neighborhood  Gas: bottled, tank, or	H22a.  O O I I I C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C
A mobile home or trailer  A note family house detached from any other house  A one family house attached to one or more houses  A building for 3 or 4 families  A building for 3 or 4 families  A building for 3 or 4 families  A building for 10 to 19 families  A building for 10 to 19 families  A building for 10 to 19 families  A building for 50 or more families  Coul or coke family for full family famil	0 0 I I 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P
A one-family house detached from any other house A houlding for 2 families A building for 3 or 4 families A building for 3 or 4 families A building for 10 to 19 families A building for 10 to 49 families A building for 50 or more families A building for 50 or families	I I a a 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P
A building for 3 families A building for 3 families A building for 3 families A building for 5 for 3 families A building for 5 for 3 families A building for 5 for 9 families A building for 10 to 19 families A building for 50 or more families  4a. How many stories (floors) are in this building? Count an artic or besement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes.  5a. It of 3 – \$kip to H15 A to 6 13 or more stories  5b. It sthere a passenger elevator in this building? Yes On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? – \$kip to H16 On a place of 1 to 9 acres? On a place of 1 to 9 acres? On a place of 1 to 9 acres? D. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to —  Less than \$50 (or None) \$\$50 to \$249\$ \$\$50 to \$299\$ \$\$50 to \$249\$ \$\$50 to \$299\$ \$\$50 to \$249\$ \$\$600 to \$999\$ \$\$2.500 or more  6. Do you get water from —  A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company? An individual duig weit? Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cittern, etc.)?  7 Yes, connected to a public sewer?  9 Yes of the source of spring, creek, river, cittern, etc.)?  10 Yes, connected to be public sewer?  10 Yes, connected to be public sewer?  10 No bedroom 2 bedrooms 4 bedrooms 5 or more bedrooms  10 bedroom 3 bedrooms 5 or more bedrooms 11 bedroom 3 bedrooms 5 or more bedrooms 12 bedroom 3 bedrooms 5 or more bedrooms 12 bedroom 3 bedrooms 5 or more bedrooms 12 bedroom 3 bedrooms 5 or more bedrooms 13 bedrooms 5 or more bedrooms 14 bedroom 5 or more bedrooms 6 or shower, and wash beatin with pliped water.  1975 to 1978 1950 to 1959 1939 or earlier	# 6 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 H22b.  O
A building for 3 or 4 families A building for 3 or 4 families A building for 10 to 19 families A building for 10 to 19 families A building for 10 to 19 families A building for 50 or more families  A building for 50 or more families  A building for 50 or more families  A building for 50 or more families  A building for 50 or more families  A building for 50 or more families  A building for 50 or more families  A building for 50 or more families  A building for 50 or more families  A building for 50 or more families  A building for 50 or more families  A building for 50 or more families  A building for 50 or for families  B building for 50 or for families  A building for 50 or for families  A building for 50 or for families  B building for 50 or for families  A building for 50 or for families  Coal or coke sever for for ochosing?  C wild families  A building for 50 or families  B building for 50 or families  C wild full is used most for cooking?  C	3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 H22b. O 0 I I 2 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 6 7 7
A building for 50 to 9 families A building for 10 to 19 families A building for 10 to 19 families A building for 20 to 49 families A building for 50 or more families A building for 50 or more families A building for 50 or more families  Lat Now many stories (floors) are in this building?  Lat How many stories (floors) are in this building? A to 3 - Sklp to H15 A to 6 A 5 - To 12 A to 7 A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company? An individual duly well? An individual duly	4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 9 9 H22b.
A building for 10 to 19 families A building for 10 to 19 families A building for 10 to 49 families A building for 50 or more families Count an attic or bearment as story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes. 1 to 3 – Skip to H15 7 to 12 4 to 6 1 to 3 – Skip to H15 7 to 12 4 to 6 1 so more stories Is there a passenger elevator in this building? Yes No  1 is this building — On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16 On a place of 1 to 9 acres? On a place of 10 or more acres?  b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to — Less than \$50 (or None) \$ \$50 to \$2499 \$ \$50 to \$249 A public system (city water depurtment, etc.) or private company? An individual drulled weil? So me other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?  List this building connected to a public sewer? No, connected to septic tank or cesspool No, use other means  A building for 20 to 49 families Coal or coke Wood Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Electricity No fuel used Wood Other fuel No fuel used Other fuel No fuel used Wood Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Coll kerosene, etc.  Which fuel is used most for cooking? Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Coll kerosene, etc.  Which fuel is used most for cooking? Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Coll kerosene, etc.  Which fuel is used most for cooking? Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Coll kerosene, etc.  Which fuel is used most for cooking? Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Coll kerosene, etc.  Which fuel is used most for cooking? Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Coll kerosene, etc.  Whot are the costs of utilities and fuels for your	5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 H22b. 0 0 I I 2 2 3 4 4 5 6 6 6 7 7
A building for 20 to 49 families A building for 50 or more families  [a. How many stories (floors) are in this building?  Count on artic or besement as a story if it has any finithed rooms for living purposes. 1 to 3 — \$kip to H15	6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 H22b.  Ø Ø I I I 8 8 8 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 7 7
Serving the neighborhood A building for 20 to 49 families A building for 50 or more families A building for 50 or more families A boat, tent, van, etc.  1a. How many stories (floors) are in this building? Count an attik or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes.  1 to 3 – Skip to H15 7 to 12 4 to 6 13 or more stories  b. Is there a passenger elevator in this building? Yes No  1 to 3 – Skip to H15 No  1 to 4 to 6 No  1 a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? – Skip to H16 No n a place of 1 to 9 acres? On a place of 10 or more acres?  1 to 3 – Skip to H15 No  1 to 3 – Skip to H15 No  1 to 4 to 6 No  2 das: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood Sas: brothet, ank, or LP No  2 to 4 to 6 No  3 das: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood Sas: brothet, ank, or LP No  4 to 6 No  4 to	6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 H22b.  Ø Ø I I I 8 8 8 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 7 7
Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Count an attic or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes.  1 to 3 — Skip to H15 7 to 12 4 to 6 1 3 or more stories  1. Is there a passenger elevator in this building? Yes On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16 On a place of 1 to 9 acres? On a place of 1 to 9 acres? On a place of 1 to 9 acres?  1. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to —  1. Less than \$50 (or None) \$ \$50 to \$249 \$ \$600 to \$999 \$ \$2.500 or more  2. A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company? An individual drug well? An individual drug well?  2. Is this building connected to a public sewer?  3. Yes, connected to public sewer?  5. Yes, connected to septic tank or cesspool  5. No, connected to septic tank or cesspool  6. No, use other means  6. H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?  6. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to —  6. Do you get water from —  6. A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?  6. Do you get water from —  6. A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?  6. No, connected to public sewer?  7. Yes, connected to septic tank or cesspool  8. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.  6. H23. How many badrooms do you have?  7. Lest how many badrooms do you have?  8. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.  6. H25. How many badrooms do you have?  7. Lest ho	7 ? 8 8 9 9 H22b. 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 7 ?
4a. How many stories (floors) are in this building?  Count on attic or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes.  1 to 3 — Skip to H15	8 8 9 9 H22b. O O I I I 8 8 8 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7
A boat, tent, van, etc.	9 9 H22b. 0 0 I I 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 ?
1 to 3 - Skip to H15	0 0 0 I I 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
1 to 3 - Skip to H15	0 0 0 I I 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
serving the neighborhood    Serving the neighborhood    Gas: bottled, tank, or LP    Electricity    No fuel used    Do a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? – Skip to H16    On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? – Skip to H16    On a place of 1 to 9 acres?    On a place of 10 or more acres?    Do a place of 10 or more acres?    Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to —    Less than \$50 (or None) \$250 to \$599 \$1,000 to \$2,499 \$550 to \$249 \$600 to \$999 \$2,500 or more    Do you get water from —    A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?   An individual drilled well?   Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?    Is this building connected to a public sewer    No, connected to spelic tank or cesspool   No, use other means    About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.    1979 or 1980    1960 to 1969    1940 to 1949   1975 to 1978    1950 to 1959    1939 or earlier    Sea sont used    Wood   Other fuel   No fuel used    Included in rent or no charge    Yearly cost    d. Oll, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.    \$ 00 OR	1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7
Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.  13 or more stories  b. Is there a passenger elevator in this building? Yes No  15 on a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16 On a place of 1 to 9 acres? On a place of 10 or more acres?  15 b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to—  1 Less than \$50 (or None) 1 \$550 to \$249 1 \$600 to \$999 1 \$250 to \$599 1 \$1,000 to \$2,499 1 \$600 to \$999 1 \$2,500 or more  2 Cwater 2 A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company? An individual drilled well? An individual drilled well? Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?  1 Is this building connected to a public sewer? Yes, connected to public sewer? No, connected to septic tank or cesspool No, use other means  3 About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeted, added to, or converted. 1 1979 or 1980 1 950 to 1959 1 939 or earlier	2 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7
b. Is there a passenger elevator in this building?  Yes  No  13 or more stories  Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.  No fuel used  No fuel used  No fuel used  No fuel used  122. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?  a. Electricity  Sa. Is this building —  On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16 On a place of 10 or more acres?  b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to —  Less than \$50 (or None) \$550 to \$599 \$550 to \$599 \$550 to \$249 \$600 to \$999 \$2,500 or more  6. Do you get water from —  A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company? An individual durilled well? Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?  7. Is this building connected to a public sewer?  Yes, connected to public sewer?  No, connected to septic tank or cesspool No, use other means  8. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeted, added to, or converted.  1979 or 1980 1950 to 1978 1930 or earlier  No fuel costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?  A to Hall the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?  A to Hall the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?  A to Hall the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?  A to Hall the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?  A to Hall the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?  A to Hall the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?  a. Electricity  Sale Lectricity  Sale Lec	3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.   No tuel used	4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7
b. Is there a passenger elevator in this building?  Yes  No  142. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?  a. Electricity  a. Electricity  a. Electricity  a. Electricity  a. Electricity  a. Electricity  b. Gas  b. Gas  b. Gas  b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to	5 5 6 6 7 ?
### H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?  a. Is this building —  On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16 On a place of 1 to 9 acres? On a place of 1 to 9 acres? On a place of 10 or more acres?  b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to —  Less than \$50 (or None)  \$250 to \$599  \$1,000 to \$2,499  \$500 to \$999  \$2,500 or more  6. Do you get water from —  A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company? An individual drilled well? An individual drilled well? Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?  1. Is this building connected to a public sewer?  Yes, connected to septic tank or cesspool No, use other means  8. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.  1979 or 1980  1960 to 1969  1940 to 1949  1970 or 1980  1950 to 1959  1939 or earlier  H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters?  a. Electricity  \$ 00 OR  Included in rent or no charge Vearly cost  d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.  \$ 00 OR  Included in rent or no charge Vearly cost  d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.  \$ 00 OR  Included in rent or no charge Vearly cost  d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.  \$ 00 OR  Included in rent or no charge Vearly cost  d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.  \$ 00 OR  Included in rent or no charge Vearly cost  d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.  \$ 00 OR  Included in rent or no charge Vearly cost  d. Oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.  \$ 00 OR  Included in rent or no charge Vearly cost  A leaf out of the properties of the p	6 6
a. Electricity  5a. Is this building —  On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16 On a place of 1 to 9 acres? On a place of 1 to 9 acres? On a place of 1 to 9 acres?  D. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to —  Less than \$50 (or None)  \$250 to \$599  \$1,000 to \$2,499  \$500 to \$249  \$600 to \$999  \$2,500 or more  6. Do you get water from —  A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company? An individual drilled well? An individual drilled well? Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?  7. Is this building connected to a public sewer?  No, connected to septic tank or cesspool No, use other means  8. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.  1979 or 1980  1960 to 1969  1940 to 1949  1979 or 1980  1950 to 1959  1939 or earlier  1 Electricity  Average monthly cost  C. Water  \$ 00 OR Included in rent or no charge Yearly cost  d. Oll, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.  \$ 00 OR Included in rent or no charge Yearly cost  d. Oll, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.  \$ 00 OR Included in rent or no charge Yearly cost  H23. Do you have complete kitchen facilities? Complete ki	? ?
\$ 00 OR   Included in rent or no charge	
Section   Sect	
A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?  A nindividual drilled well?  Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?  Is this building connected to a public sewer?  No, connected to septic tank or cesspool  No, use other means  About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.  1979 or 1980 1979 to 1978 1950 to 1950 1970 to 1978 1950 to 1959 1950 to 1950 1950 to 1959 1950 to 1959 1950 to 1950 1950 to 1950 1950 to 1959 1950 to 1950 1950 to 19	
b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to —  Less than \$50 (or None) \$250 to \$599 \$1,000 to \$2,499 \$500 to \$999 \$2,500 or more  Do you get water from —  A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?  An individual drilled well?  An individual drilled well?  Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?  Is this building connected to a public sewer?  No, connected to septic tank or cesspool  No, use other means  About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.  1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1939 or earlier  b. Gas  \$ 00 OR Included in rent or no charge  Yearly cost  d. Oll, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.  \$ 00 OR Included in rent or no charge  Yearly cost  d. Oll, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.  \$ 00 OR Included in rent or no charge  Yearly cost  Do you have complete kitchen facilities? C	9 9
So no a place of 10 or more acres?  b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to —  Less than \$50 (or None) \$250 to \$599 \$1,000 to \$2,499 \$50 to \$249 \$600 to \$999 \$2,500 or more  Do you get water from —  A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?  An individual drilled well?  An individual drilled well?  Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?  Is this building connected to a public sewer?  No, connected to public sewer  No, connected to septic tank or cesspool  No use other means  About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.  1979 or 1980 1960 to 1969 1940 to 1949 1975 to 1978 1950 to 1959 1939 or earlier  A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does	H22c.
b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to —  Less than \$50 (or None) \$250 to \$599 \$1,000 to \$2,499 \$500 to \$249 \$0 \$600 to \$999 \$2,500 or more  Do you get water from —  A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?  An individual drilled well?  An individual dug well?  Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?  Is this building connected to a public sewer?  Yes, connected to public sewer?  No, connected to septic tank or cesspool  No, use other means  About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.  1979 or 1980 1960 to 1969 1940 to 1949  1975 to 1978 1950 to 1959 1939 or earlier  A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does	
b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to —  Less than \$50 (or None) \$250 to \$599 \$1,000 to \$2,499 \$50 to \$249 \$600 to \$999 \$2,500 or more  Do you get water from —  A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?  An individual drilled well?  An individual dug well?  Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?  Is this building connected to a public sewer?  Yes, connected to public sewer?  No, connected to septic tank or cesspool  No, use other means  About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.  1979 or 1980 1960 to 1969 1940 to 1949 1975 to 1978 1950 to 1959 1939 or earlier	0 0
\$ 00 OR Included in rent or no charge  Less than \$50 (or None) \$ 250 to \$599 \$ 1,000 to \$2,499 \$ 50 to \$249 \$ 600 to \$999 \$ 2,500 or more  Do you get water from —  A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?  An individual drilled well?  Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?  Is this building connected to a public sewer?  Yes, connected to public sewer?  No, connected to septic tank or cesspool  No, use other means  About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.  1979 or 1980 1960 to 1969 1940 to 1949  1975 to 1978 1950 to 1959 1939 or earlier  \$ 00 OR Included in rent or no charge  Yearly cost  A OII, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.  \$ 00 OR Included in rent or no charge    Yearly cost   Included in rent or no charge	1 1
Less than \$50 (or None) \$250 to \$599 \$1,000 to \$2,499 \$50 to \$249 \$600 to \$999 \$2,500 or more  Do you get water from —  A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company? An individual drilled well? An individual drilled well? Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?  Is this building connected to a public sewer? No, connected to public sewer No, connected to septic tank or cesspool No, use other means  About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. 1979 or 1980 1960 to 1969 1940 to 1949 1975 to 1978 1950 to 1959 1939 or earlier  No connected to septic tank to less that tollet or bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water. A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does	8 8
\$50 to \$249 \$600 to \$999 \$2,500 or more  d. Olf, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.  \$ 00 OR Included in rent or no charge These fuels not used  A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company? An individual drilled well? An individual dug well? Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?  Is this building connected to a public sewer? Yes, connected to public sewer No, connected to septic tank or cesspool No, use other means  About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. 1979 or 1980 1960 to 1969 1940 to 1949 1975 to 1978 1950 to 1959 1939 or earlier  A complete bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does	3 3
\$ 00 OR Included in rent or no charge  A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company? An individual drilled well? An individual dug well? Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?  Is this building connected to a public sewer? Yes, connected to public sewer No, connected to septic tank or cesspool No, use other means  About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. 1979 or 1980 1960 to 1969 1940 to 1949 1975 to 1978 1950 to 1959 1939 or earlier  \$ 00 OR Included in rent or no charge These fuels not used mainly for steeping even if used also for other purposes. On bedroom 2 bedrooms 5 or more bedrooms These fuels not used as like then facilities? These fuels not used	q. q.
\$ 00 OR Included in rent or no charge These fuels not used  A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company? An individual drilled well? An individual dug well? Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?  Is this building connected to a public sewer? Yes, connected to public sewer No, connected to public sewer No, use other means  About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.  1979 or 1980 1960 to 1969 1940 to 1949 1975 to 1978 1950 to 1959 1939 or earlier  \$ 00 OR Included in rent or no charge These fuels not used These fuels not used These fuels not used  H23. Do you have complete kitchen facilities?	5 5
Do you get water from —  A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?  An individual drilled well?  An individual drilled well?  Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?  Is this building connected to a public sewer?  Yes, connected to public sewer  No, connected to septic tank or cesspool  No, use other means  H24. How many bedrooms do you have?  Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.  No bedroom 2 bedrooms 4 bedrooms  No bedroom 3 bedrooms 5 or more bedrooms  About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.  1979 or 1980 1960 to 1969 1940 to 1949  1975 to 1978 1950 to 1959 1939 or earlier  These fuels not used  #23. Do you have complete kitchen facilities? Complete kitchen facilities? Complete kitchen facilities? Complete kitchen facilities?  On you have complete witchen facilities? Complete kitchen facilities?  Yes No  No  No  Yes  No  Do you have complete kitchen facilities?  On public sever, a range or cookstove, and a refrigerator.  Yes  No  No  Dedroom 3 bedrooms 5 or more bedrooms  A complete bathroom is a room with flush tollet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water.  A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does	G G
A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?  An individual drilled well?  An individual dug well?  Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?  Is this building connected to a public sewer?  Yes, connected to public sewer  No, connected to septic tank or cesspool  No, use other means  About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.  1979 or 1980  1960 to 1969  1940 to 1949  1955 to 1978  1950 to 1978  A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company?  H23. Do you have complete kitchen facilities? Complete sample complete sample	2 2
An individual drilled well? An individual dug well? Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?  7. Is this building connected to a public sewer? Yes, connected to public sewer No, connected to septic tank or cesspool No, use other means  8. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. 1979 or 1980 1960 to 1969 1940 to 1949 1955 to 1978 1950 to 1978 1950 to 1959 1939 or earlier  An individual drilled kitchen facilities? Complete kitchen facilites? Complete kitchen	8 8
An individual dug well? Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?  Yes No  1. Is this building connected to a public sewer? Yes, connected to public sewer No, connected to septic tank or cesspool No, use other means  About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.  1979 or 1980 1960 to 1969 1940 to 1949 1955 to 1978 1950 to 1959 1939 or earlier  A no midwidual dug well? Yes No	9 9
Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?  7. Is this building connected to a public sewer?  Yes, connected to public sewer  No, connected to septic tank or cesspool  No, use other means  8. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.  1979 or 1980  1960 to 1969  1940 to 1949  1975 to 1978  1980 1950 to 1959  1939 or earlier  Yes  No  Yes  No  No  No bedrooms od you have?  Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.  No bedroom of 2 bedrooms of 4 bedrooms of 5 or more bedrooms.  A complete bathroom is a room with flush tollet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water.  A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does	
7. Is this building connected to a public sewer?  Yes, connected to public sewer  No, connected to septic tank or cesspool  No, use other means  About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.  1979 or 1980  1960 to 1969  1940 to 1949  1975 to 1978  1950 to 1959  1939 or earlier  1944. How many bedrooms do you have?  Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.  No bedroom  2 bedrooms  3 bedrooms  5 or more bedrooms  A complete bathroom is a room with flush tollet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water.  A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does	H22d.
Yes, connected to public sewer  No, connected to septic tank or cesspool  No, use other means  **Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.**  No bedroom  2 bedrooms  4 bedrooms  5 or more bedrooms  **About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.  1979 or 1980  1960 to 1969  1940 to 1949  1975 to 1978  1950 to 1959  1939 or earlier  **Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes.  A bedroom  2 bedrooms  5 or more bedrooms  4 complete bathroom is a room with flush tollet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water.  A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does	000
No, connected to septic tank or cesspool  No, use other means  No, use other means  No, use other means  No, use other means  No bedroom  2 bedrooms  5 or more bedrooms  About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.  1979 or 1980  1960 to 1969  1940 to 1949  1975 to 1978  1950 to 1959  1939 or earlier  No bedroom  2 bedrooms  4 bedrooms  A complete bathroom is a room with flush tollet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water.  A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does	111
No, connected to septic tank or cesspool No, use other means  No, use other means  No, use other means  No, use other means  No bedroom 2 bedrooms 5 or more bedrooms 5 or more bedrooms  H25. How many bathrooms do you have?  A complete bathroom is a room with flush tollet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water.  No bedroom 2 bedrooms 5 or more bedrooms  A complete bathroom is a room with flush tollet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water.  A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does	8 8 8
No, use other means  1 bedroom 3 bedrooms 5 or more bedrooms  8. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. 1979 or 1980 1960 to 1969 1940 to 1949 1975 to 1978 1950 to 1959 1939 or earlier  1 bedroom 3 bedrooms 5 or more bedrooms  4 complete bathroom is a room with flush tollet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water.  A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does	3 3 3
8. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.  1979 or 1980 1960 to 1969 1940 to 1949 1975 to 1978 1950 to 1959 1939 or earlier  1950 to 1950 to 1959 1939 or earlier  1960 to 1960 to 1969 1939 or earlier  1975 to 1978	9-9-9-
first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.  1979 or 1980 1960 to 1969 1940 to 1949 1975 to 1978 1950 to 1959 1939 or earlier  A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water.  A half bathroom has at least a flush toilet or bathtub or shower, but does	555
first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted.  1979 or 1980 1960 to 1969 1940 to 1949 1975 to 1978 1950 to 1959 1939 or earlier  A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water.  A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet or shower, and wash basin with piped water.  A half bathroom has at least a flush toilet or bathtub or shower, but does	666
1979 or 1980       1960 to 1969       1940 to 1949       wash basin with piped water.         1975 to 1978       1950 to 1959       1939 or earlier       A half bathroom has at least a flush tollet or bathtub or shower, but does	7 7 7
○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier A <u>half</u> bathroom has at least a flush tollet <u>or</u> bathtub or shower, but does	888
	999
1970 to 1974 not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.	
○ No bathroom, or only a half bathroom	
). When did the person listed in column 1 move into	
this house (or apartment)?  1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s)	000
Complete bathloom, plus han bath(s)	I I I
	5 5 5
1975 to 1978	3 3 3
5 1570 to 1574 Always lived here	9- 9- 9-
○ 1960 to 1969	555
How are your living quarters heated?	666
	777
	888
○ Steam or hot water system ○ Yes, 1 individual room unit	999
Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms     Yes, 2 or more individual room units	
(Do not count electric heat pumps here) O No	
Electric heat pump	000
Other built in electric units (permanently installed in wall, ceiling,	000
or baseboard) of your household?	III
None 2 automobiles	5 S S I I I I
○ 1 automobile ○ 3 or more automobiles	3 3 3 5 5 5 1 1 1
Prior, wall, or pipeless turnace	I I I 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4
Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at	1 I I 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5
Room heaters without flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene (not portable) home for use by members of your household?	1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6
Fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind  None  2 vans or trucks	I I I 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 ? ? ?
No heating equipment 1 van or truck 3 or more vans or trucks	1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6

Please answer H30-H32 if you live in a one-family house			1						
which you own or are buying, unless this is —									
A mobile home or trailer									
a A house on 10 or more acres									
A condominium unit			naaa 6						
A house with a commercial establishment	skip 1150 to 1152	uno turn te	page 0.						
or medical office on the property									
. What were the real estate taxes on this property last year?	Also li	nclude payi	our total rements on a comortgages on	ontract to p	ourchas				
\$ .00 OR O None	\$	, 0. ,		00 OR	Ť	lo regular pa	ayment r	equired	— Skip
What is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance on this property?									pag
			lar month!				d in H3	2c) incl	ude
\$ .00 OR © None	рауп	nents for r	eal estate t	axes on t	his pro	perty?			
	0	Yes, taxes	s included in	payment					
a. Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purchase, or similar debt on this property?		No, taxes	paid separa	tely or tax	es not	required			
O Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt			ilar monthly					2c) incl	lude
○ Yes, contract to purchase						p. op	<b>,</b> .		
○ No — Skip to page 6			rance includ			c. wanco			
. Do you have a second or junior mortgage on this property?	0	NO, INSUIT	ance paid se	parately 0	i ilo in	surance			
○ Yes ○ No									
					F	Please tur	n to pa	age 6	
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FOR CENSO	US USE ONLY	2.	4.	2.2		4.	(3) <sup>2</sup>		4.
FOR CENSO	US USE ONLY	1		0		1	3 2		
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FOR CENS	(1) s.s.	0 0	000	s.s. 3	1 2	333	s.s.	0 0 1 1 2 2	0 1 7 3 4 3 4 4 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
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FOR CENSI	S.S. Yes	0 I C 3 4 5 6 7	000 111 222 333 444 555 666 777	S.S. Test	3 3 4	0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7	S.S. Yes	0 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	0 H & 3 4 5 5 5 5 5
FOR CENS	S.S. Yes	© H C 3 4 5 6 7 8	000	S.S. The second	3 3 4	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 8	S.S. Yes	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 8 9	0 H & 3 4 5 5 5 5 5
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FOR CENSI	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes No To	2.	○ ○ 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 9 1 2 3 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 9 1 2 3 3 3	S.S. 9	1	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 7 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 4 4 6 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	S.S. Yes O No O S.S. Yes O No O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 2 2 8 9 2 2 3 4 5 6 2 2 8 9 2 2 3 4 5 6 2 2 8 9 2 2 3 4 5 6 2 2 8 9 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Ø 1 2 3 4 5 5
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FOR CENSI	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes Tyes S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes	0 0 1 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 2.	Ø11234456789         4.         Ø1123456789         4.         Ø1123456789         4.         Ø1123456789         4.         Ø11234566789         6.         7.         8.         9.         1.         8.         9.         1.         8.         9.         1.         8.         9.         1.         2.         2.         3.         4.         4.         4.         5.         6.         7.         8.         9.         1. <td>S.S. 9 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2</td> <td>#3 0 0 1 2 2 3 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5</td> <td>Ø Ø Ø I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I</td> <td>S.S. Yes  No  No  H31.</td> <td>O 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 H32</td> <td>© 1 0 3 4 5 5 1 1 1 4 0 1 1 1 3 4 5 6 1 2 8 9 0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2</td>	S.S. 9 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	#3 0 0 1 2 2 3 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Ø Ø Ø I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	S.S. Yes  No  No  H31.	O 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 H32	© 1 0 3 4 5 5 1 1 1 4 0 1 1 1 3 4 5 6 1 2 8 9 0 1 1 2 3 4 5 6 1 2
FOR CENSI	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes Yes Yes Yes	○ ○ I I E B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B B	Ø1123345567899  4. Ø11234567899  4. Ø11234567899  4. Ø11234567899	S.S. 17 Yes 6 No 7 S.S. 17 S.S. 17  GQ. 6  GQ. 6  GQ. 6  GQ. 7  G	H3 0 1 2 3 3 4 0 0 1 2 3 3 4 0 0 1 2 3 3 4 0 5 5 5 5 6 5 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	○ ○ ○ ○ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □ □	S.S. Yes  No  S.S.  Yes  H31.	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	Ø 1 2 3 4 5 5 1 1 2 4 0 1 1 3 4 5 6 1 2 5 9 1 2 2 5 7 2 5 7 2 5 7 2 5 7 2 5 7 2 5 7 2 5 7 2 5 7 2 5 7 2 5 7 2 5 7 2 5 7 2 5 7 2 5 7 2 5 7 2 5 7 2

ge 6		ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS FO
Name of Person 1 on page 2:  Last name First name Middle initial  1. In what State or foreign country was this person born?  Print the State where this person's mother was living	16. When was this person born?  Born before April 1965 — Please go on with questions 17-33  Born April 1965 or later — Turn to next page for next person  17. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person —	22a. Did this person work at any time last week?  O Yes — Fill this circle if this O No — Fill this circle if this person worked full lif this person did not work, (Count part-time work such as delivering papers, housework,
when this person was born. Do not give the location of the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital were in the same State,	a. On active duty in the Armed Forces?  Yes No  No  Attending college?  Yes No	or helping without pay in a family business or farm. or volunteer Also count active duty work. in the Armed Forces.)  Skip to 25
Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.  2. If this person was born in a foreign country —  a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the United States?	c. Working at a job or business?  Yes, full time No Yes, part time	b. How many hours did this person work last week (at all jobs)?  Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked.
<ul> <li>Yes, a naturalized citizen</li> <li>No, not a citizen</li> <li>Born abroad of American parents</li> </ul>	18a. Is this person a veteran of active-duty military service in the Armed Forces of the United States?  If service was in National Guard or Reserves only, see Instruction guide.	Hours  23. At what location did this person work last week?  If this person worked at more than one location, print
b. When did this person come to the United States to stay?  O 1975 to 1980 O 1965 to 1969 O 1950 to 1959 O 1970 to 1974 O 1960 to 1964 O Before 1950	<ul> <li>Yes</li> <li>No — Skip to 19</li> <li>Was active-duty military service during —         Fill a circle for each period in which this person served.     </li> <li>May 1975 or later</li> </ul>	where he or she worked most last week,  If one location cannot be specified, see instruction guide.  a. Address (Number and street)
.3a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home?  O Yes O No, only speaks English — Skip to 14	<ul> <li>Vietnam era (August 1964 – April 1975)</li> <li>February 1955 – July 1964</li> <li>Korean conflict (June 1950 – January 1955)</li> <li>World War II (September 1940 – July 1947)</li> <li>World War I (April 1917 – November 1918)</li> </ul>	If street address is not known, enter the building name, shopping center, or other physical location description.  b. Name of city, town, village, borough, etc.
b. What is this language?	Any other time  19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health condition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which	c. Is the place of work inside the incorporated (legal)
(For example - Chinese, Italian, Spanish, etc.)  c. How well does this person speak English?  O Very well O Not well Not at all	a. Limits the kind or amount of work this person can do at a job?   b. Prevents this person from working at a job?  c. Limits or prevents this person	imits of that city, town, village, borough, etc.?  O Yes  O No, in unincorporated area  d. County
4. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide.	from using public transportation?	e. State f. ZIP Code
(For example: Afro-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarian, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerian, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezueian, etc.)	Do not count her stepchildren 7 8 9 10 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 7 8 9 10 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 7 8 9 10 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 8 10 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 12 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 13 12 or more or children she has adopted. 14 12 or more or children she has adopted. 15 10 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 15 10 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 16 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 17 12 or more or children she has adopted. 17 12 or more or children she has adopted. 18 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 18 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 18 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 18 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 18 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 18 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 18 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 18 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 18 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 18 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 18 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 18 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 18 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 18 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 18 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 18 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 18 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 18 11 12 or more or children she has adopted. 18 11 12 or more or children she has adopted s	to get from home to work (one way)?  Minutes   b. How did this person usually get to work last week?
5a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)?  If in college or Armed Forces in April 1975, report place	Once O More than once b. Month and year Month and year	If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance.  Car  Taxicab
of residence there.  O Born April 1975 or later - Turn to next page for next person  Yes, this hous - Skip to 16	of marriage? of first marriage?  (Month) (Year) (Month) (Year)	O Truck
No, different house  b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)?	c. If married more than once - Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)?  O Yes O No	Subway or elevated Other — Specify  If car, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c.  Otherwise, skip to 28.
(1) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico,	Per. 11. 13b. 14.	15b. 23.
Guam, etc.:  (2) County:	No. 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
(3) City, town, village, etc.:	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
(4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, etc.?  O Yes  No, in unincorporated area	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7

When soing to work last work did this person usually	CENSUS	31a Last year (1979) did this passes well area for a				Pa
: When going to work <u>last week</u> , did this person usually —  O Drive alone — Skip to 28  O Drive others only	USE	31a. Last year (1979), did this person work, even for a f days, at a paid job or in a business or farm?	EW	CENSI	US US	SE ONLY
O Share driving O Ride as passenger only	21b.	○ Yes ○ No — Skip to 3	11d	1	11c.	31d.
. How many people, including this person, usually rode	100		(	- 1	0 0 I 1	00
to work in the car, truck, or van last week?	0 2 2	b. How many weeks did this person work in 1979?		- 1	5 5	8.8
0 2 _ 0 4 0 6	11 3 3	Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, and military service.		-	3 3	3 3
0 3 0 5 0 7 or more	099	Weeks		- 1	9-9-	9-9-
fter answering 24d, skip to 28.	1115			5	5 5	5 5
Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job	060	c. During the weeks worked in 1979, how many hours	bib s	6	56	6
or business last week?	7.7	this person usually work each week?	, did	- 7	7 7	?
O Yes, on layoff	IV %, %.				8 8	8
Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.	0 ′ ′	Hours		11	99	9
O No	22b.	d. Of the weeks not worked in 1979 (if any), how man	v weeks 32			32b.
<u> </u>	4	was this person looking for work or on layoff from			! -	
Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks	? Ø ⊖ 1 1		, 100:	9 69 6	- 1	0000
→ ○ Yes ○ No → Skip to 27	2.5	Weeks		111		1 1 1 1
	3 3			3 < 3	- !	2 8 8 8 8
. Could this person have taken a job last week?	9- 9-	32. Income in 1979 —		3 ( 3	- 1	4444
No, already has a job	5.5	Fill circles and print dollar amounts.		5 5	1 1	5555
No, temporarily ill	5 (	If net income was a loss, write "Loss" above the dollar amount is not known, give best estimate. For income		566		6666
O No, other reasons (in school, etc.)	6.	received jointly by household members, see instruction quia		7 7 7		7777
Yes, could have taken a job	W 18			908		8888
When did this person last work, even for a few days?	1	During 1979 did this person receive any income fro	m the	9 . 9	4	3000
		following sources?		Α	0	O A C
1980 1978 1970 to 1974 1969 or earlier Skip to	28.	If "Yes" to any of the sources below - How much did th	iis 2	2c.		32d.
1979 1975 to 1977 1969 or earlier Never worked 31d	ABC	person receive for the entire year?		2 <b>.</b> 300	1	
Never worked )		a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonuses, or tips from	1	[ 1 ]		1111
30. Current or most recent job activity	DEF	all jobs Report amount before deductions for taxes		2 2 2	1	588
Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week.	1	dues, or other items.		333	1	3 3 3 :
f this person had more than one job, describe the one at which	1	∪ Yes → «	,	9 4 4	1	7449
this person worked the most hours.	GHJ	O No *	.00	5 5 5	1	5555
If this person had no job or business last week, give information for last job or business since 1975.	× 14.	(Annual amount – Dol	lars)	5 6 6		6666
ust 100 or business since 1975.	KLM	b. Own nonfarm business, partnership, or professiona		7 (7		6777
Industry		practice Report net income after business expense.		3 11 3	1	8 888
. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the		— Yes → •	.00	199	9	5990
Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.	Ø. Ø	No *	.00	) A	ci	O A C
	1 : 1	(Annual amount – Doll	ars)			
(Name of company business organization of other amployee)		c. Own farm		2e.	3	32f.
(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)		Report <u>net</u> income after operating expenses. Include earnle	ngs as	000	( 1 1	0000
. What kind of business or industry was this?		a tenant farmer or sharecropper.		1 1	1 1	I 1 1
Describe the activity at location where employed.		€ Yes → s	.00	· 6	( }	7 è e
	1	No (Annual amount – Doll	lars)	3		3.3.
(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order house,	(			C C-	1	9.00
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)	-	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or net rental income Report even small amounts credited to an account.	• • •	2. 2		23,
. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)		·		GG		666
Manufacturing Retail trade	AF :	Yes → §	.00	2 2		200
Wholesale trade Other - (agriculture, construction,	NW	No (Annual amount - Doll	iors)	H ()		A H .
service, government, etc.)	-	e. Social Security or Railroad Retirement		7)9	5	5) 9
Occupation	29.		3:	<b>2</b> g.	3	33.
. What kind of work was this person doing?	NPQ	○ Yes → \$	.00	000		0000
	101	(Annual amount – Doli	iarsi i	111	- 1	1111
(For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of		f. Supplemental Security (SSI). Aid to Families with		5 5 5		2 5 6 6
order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator)	RST	Dependent Children (AFDC), or other public assista	1	3 3 3		3 3 3 3
. What were this person's most important activities or duties?	5.0.	or public welfare payments	- 1	7 9 9-		9 4- 1: 9
	UVW	i Yes → «		5 5 5		5 5 5 5
.e		O No. *		3 6 6		6666
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill)	V V 7	(Annual amount – Doi.		7 7 7	?	? ? ? ?
Was this person — (Fill one circle)	XYZ	g. Unemployment compensation, veterans' payments	4.	9 8 8	8	8888
		pensions, alimony or child support, or any other so	urces	19"	9	0999
Employee of private company, business, or		of income received regularly				O A C
individual, for wages, salary, or commissions	5 .	Exclude lump-sum payments such as money from an inher	itonce			
Federal government employee		or the sale of a home.		I I	I I	I I I
State government employee	1 3	→ Yes → \$		8 8	SS	888
Local government employee (city, county, etc.)	0	O No (Annual amount – Doll	lors)		3 3	3 3 3
Colf ample and in own business	5	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		- 1	0- 0-	9-9-9
	656	33. What was this person's total income in 1979?		5 5	5 5	5 5 5
Self-employed in own business,			(	5 6	66	666
professional practice, or farm —		Add entries in questions 32a	ΛΛ Ι			
professional practice, or farm —  Own business not incorporated .		through g; subtract any losses.	.00	7 ?	? ?	? ? ?
professional practice, or farm —	2		.00 (ars)	7 7		



# Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

SENERALF-1	PUBLICATIONS-Con.
UBLICATIONS F-1	HC80-5, Volume 5, Residen-
Population and Housing Census	tial Finance F-4
Reports F-1	HC80-S1-1, Supplementary
PHC80-1, Block Statistics F-1	Reports F-4
PHC80-2, Census Tracts F-2	Evaluation and Reference
PHC80-3, Summary Charac-	Reports F-4
teristics for Governmental	PHC80-E, Evaluation and
Units and Standard Metro-	Research Reports F-4
politan Statistical Areas F-2	PHC80-R, Reference Reports. F-4
PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th	PHC80-R1, Users' Guide F-4
	PHC80-R2, History F-4
Congress F-2 PHC80-S1-1, Provisional	PHC80-R3, Alphabetical
Estimates of Social, Eco-	Index of Industries and
nomic, and Housing	Occupations F-4
Characteristics F-2	PHC80-R4, Classified
PHC80-S2, Advance Esti-	Index of Industries and Occupations F-4
mates of Social, Economic,	Occupations
and Housing Characteristics . F-2	PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code
Population Census Reports F-2	Scheme F-4
PC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	
teristics of the Population F-2	00000 07200 7700 20 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Num-	Summary Tape Files F-4
ber of Inhabitants F-2	STF 1 F-4
PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General	STF 2 F–4 STF 3
Population Characteristics F-2	
PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General	STF 4 F–5 STF 5 F–5
Social and Economic	
Characteristics F-3	Other Computer Tape Files F-5 P.L. 94-171, Population
PC80-1-D, Chapter D,	Counts F—5
Detailed Population	Master Area Reference Files
Characteristics F-3 PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject	1 and 2 (MARF) F–5
Reports F-3	Geographic Base File/Dual
PC80-S1, Supplementary	Independent Map Encoding
Reports F-3	(GBF/DIME) F-5
Housing Census Reports F-3	Public-Use Microdata
HC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	Samples F-5
teristics of Housing Units F-3	Census/EEO Special File F-5
HC80-1-A, Chapter A,	MAPS
General Housing	MICROFICHE F-5
Characteristics F-3	STF 1 Microfiche F-5
HC80-1-B, Chapter B,	STF 3 Microfiche F-5
Detailed Housing	P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche. F-5
Characteristics F-3	
HC80-2, Volume 2, Metro-	
politan Housing	CENEDAL
Characteristics F-3	GENERAL
HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject	The results of the 1980 Census of Popu-
Reports F-3	lation and Housing are issued in three
HC80-4, Volume 4, Compo-	forms: printed reports, computer tape
nents of Inventory Change F-3	torms, printed reports, computer tape

files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices: and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

## **PUBLICATIONS**

#### Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80-1, Block Statistics—These reports. which are issued on microfiche rather than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U. S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas—Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning general-purpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

#### Population Census Reports

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population—This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A, B, C, and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics-Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veterar. status, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and crossclassified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports—Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

#### **Housing Census Reports**

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units-This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis. and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and cross-classification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports— Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance—This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of nonfarm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

#### **Evaluation and Reference Reports**

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

#### **COMPUTER TAPES**

#### Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, Users' Guide.

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2—This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3—This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the (sample), PC80-1-C, PHC80-2 HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5—This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

### Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts-In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

#### MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

#### MICROFICHE

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

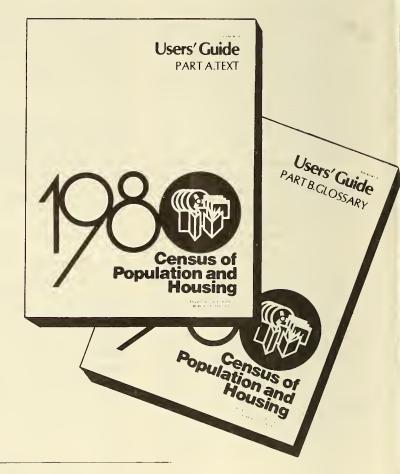
# 1980 Census of Population and Housing

# **Users' Guide**

The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

- Part A. Text Covers census data subjects; geographic considerations; reports, tapes, maps, and other products; services available to users; and many other topics central to understanding and using 1980 census data.
- Part B. Glossary—Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census—especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance—Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates—Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.



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